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### Israeli Jets Strike Near Beirut Center; **Utilities Cut Again**

BEIRUT - Israeli planes to 650 "humblets" that fall to bombed targets near the center of .. West Beirut Tuesday and state run more than 50 yards (15 meters). Beirut radio said that at least 84

The Israelis cut off water and electricity to the sector, a tactic they used earlier in the month.

attack Tuesday was aimed at the seafront district of Racuche and other, targets near central West

There were reports from Ra-ouche that at least one Israeli bomb heavily damaged a large block of seafront apartments.

U.S. Extends Ban In Washington, the State Department said that President Reagan had decided to extend in-definitely a week-old suspension on delivery of cluster bomb ammunition to Israel

The suspension was imposed last week while the administration considered whether Israel's use of cluster bombs in Lebanon violated a secret U.S.-Israeli agreement governing use of U.S.-supplied readons.

and did not represent a finding that Israel had violated the secre

earth over an area with a radius of

Power and Water Are Cut Lebanese security sources said it Power to West Beirut was cut was the first time Israeli planes off Monday afternoon by Israeli had hit targets near the heavily soldiers occupying an electricity populated center of West Beirut substation in Christian-dominated East Benut.

Mahmoud Amar, Lebanon's minister of electricity and water re-Previous kraeli raids concen-sources, was quoted in Beirut trated on Palestinian targers in the newspapers as saying water sta-bantered southern suburbs. But the tions also had been seized and attack Tuesday was aimed at the there was a danger West Beirut could run out of drinking water. The Israelis cut water and power

supplies to West Beirut for three days beginning July 4, but restored the services following protests from the United States and West-

An estimated 5,000 to 6,000 PLO guerrillas have been trapped for about six weeks in the western sector by Israeli land and sea

#### **Heavy Shelling**

The air raids Tuesday, the sixth consecutive day of bombing, fol-lowed a night of heavy shelling between Israeli gunners and Palestinian guerrillas, mostly in the southern suburbs. Radio stations said Israeli combat ships off the coast also shelled parts of the city.

said the move was the result of Sancti parts of the city.

Lebanese security sources said Israeli bombs fell Thesday for the did not represent a first time on the midtens of the city. the Corniche Mazraa, a ring road

(Continued on Page 2, Col.6)



Rescue workers search rubble of a building that was destroyed Tuesday in Israel's attack.

quotas, brought mercenaries in from Bangla-

But the PLO was

iesh, Sri Lanka, Pakistan and various north

countries seems to have been spent mainly on

weapons and ammunition. These were placed

strategically within densely populated civilian

areas in the hope that this would either deter

Israeli attacks or exact a price from Israel in

nades, rockets, artillery shells, missiles, explo-

sives and small-arms ammunition that only a

narrow corridor was left for people to walk in. So dedicated was the PLO's military effort

that even the extensive ancient Roman ruins in

Lebanese authorities over the years, were made

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 3)

■ Most world air fares will

rise by 7 percent in October as

part of an industry plan to light record losses, it was an-

nounced in Geneva. Page 2.

■ U.S. budget deficits could reach \$140 billion to \$160 bil-

lion for each of the next three

years, far above even the revised estimate the Reagan

administration is expected to

release later this week, an offi-

■ Forty-two mercenaries

were found guilty in South Af-

rica of hijacking charges after

a coup attempt in the Sey-

chelles. The mercenary leader.

Michael Hoare, was convicted

Page 3.

# Reagan May Extend Grain Sale to Russia

By Steven R. Weisman New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — President Reagan is expected by his aides to resolve a protracted and heated administration debate later this week with an announcement authorizing a one-year renewal of the grain trade agreement with the Soviet Union.

Under such a renewal, the Soviet Union would continue to be obligated to buy a fixed amount of grain for the year beginning Oct. 1. Mr. Reagan was reportedly undecided Monday whether to raise the obligated amount from its current level of 6-million metric tons a year, a step sought by Agriculture Secretary John R. Block.

A one-year extension of the agreement was the minimum that had been sought by Mr. Block, who argued that U.S. farmers faced with huge surpluses are in desperate need of markets. Mr. Reagan's political advisers, con-cerned about the vulnerability of Republican candidates in the Midwest, reportedly supported Mr. Block,

Several State Department officials opposed the one-year renewal of the grain agreement on the ground it would give the wrong im-pression to the Kremlin and anger European allies who are already upset by an embargo on the export of U.S. technology under license to their manufacturers that is needed in building the Siberian natural gas pipeline.

The issue of grain negotiations was reportedly one of the most difficult points of contention between the White House and former Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. Officials within the administration said Monday, however, that Secretary of State George P. Shultz is part of the consensus to renew the agreement for one year.

This consensus was reportedly scheduled to be ratified at the first meeting Monday afternoon of a newly created senior intergovernmental group on international eco-nomic policy. Mr. Reagan selected Treasury Secretary Donald T. Re-gan as the chairman and Mr. Shultz as vice chairman.

Mr. Block had at first favored a resumption of negotiations with the Kremlin for a long-term grain agreement on conditions under which grain could be purchased, including minimum and maximum amounts, for the years ahead. The previous long-term agreement ex-pired Oct. 1, 1981, and was extended for a year.

#### Speech in Iowa

After martial law was imposed on Poland in December. Mr. Reagan suspended discussions with the Kremlin on a long-term agreement. Mr. Reagan is not expected to change his position on a long-term agreement because he feels the situation in Poland has not improved sufficiently.

A White House official said the president's decision is imminent because of the Sept. 30 deadline and because of Mr. Reagan's desire to resolve the issue in time for his tentatively scheduled appearance next Monday before the National Corn Growers Convention

[At a meeting with reporters Tuesday, the deputy White House press secretary, Larry M. Speakes, said Mr. Reagan has not reached his final decision. Mr. Speakes said the president wants more information from the Cabinet and other officials before he makes up his

[A group of Republican farm state congressmen said Secretary of Defense Caspar W. Weinberger told them that the administration has not yet made its decision. Rep. Pat Roberts of Kansas said, how-ever, that he left the meeting encouraged and expects a decision early next week.]

In addition to obligating the Soviet Union to purchase a minimum of 6 million tons of corn and wheat a year, the existing grain agree-ment entitles them to purchase up to 8 million tons without consulta tion, and as much more as the United States agrees to ship.

In the current year, the United States has offered to sell the Soviet Union 23 million tons, and so far they have agreed to purchase more than 14 million, worth about \$1.8

Administration officials said Monday the decision on the grain agreement was held up to have Mr. Shultz involved in the decision and to see what steps Poland would be taking this month to ease condi-

Last Wednesday, the Polish government released more than 1,200 detainees and said martial law would be lifted by the end of the year if tensions subsided.

### PLO's 'State' Pushed Lebanese Leaders Aside

#### Humiliation of Local Officials Left a Residue of Bitterness

This is the second of two articles.

By David K. Shipler New York Times Service SIDON, Lebanon — As the Palestine Liber-

ation Organization became the government in parts of Lebanon, the Lebanese governmental structure retreated into the shadows of impo-Elected officials stepped aside or stood qui-

etly while they were circumvented. Policemen took off their uniforms or sat in their offices doing paperwork. Judges left the bench and lawyers left town. "You know our people follow the strong ie," Mayor Ali Khalid Sha'alaa of Tyre said

with a smile of apology. All the members of the City Council complied with the PLO's demand that they step down, the mayor said, except him. "The Palestinians pressured me to resign and to leave everything in their hands. But of course I refused and told them I was ready to die before giving them the municipali-

Instead of killing him, they worked around him, stripping him of authority.

Governor's Difficulties

In Nabatiye, the Lebanese provincial gover-nor, Adnan Ibrahim, came to work each day, busying himself by providing municipal scr-vices to towns and villages in the region. A thin man with horn-rimmed glasses and a look of melancholy, he still speaks with the pain of

"I worked," he said in French, "but with such difficulty. I supported what was insupportable. I worked without having power. They did not want the police here. We were

never free to say what we thought. We were not allowed to hang the picture of the president of the republic during the Palestinian oc-

Then he slipped into the present tense, as if nothing had changed but his willingness to speak. They drink the water," he said contemptuously of the PLO, "they light the buildings, they use the roads — without paying a piaster. I am working in a minefield. A Palestinian of the purchase in the proof of the proo tinian officer comes here to my office. I salute him. It is a necessity.'

In a Tyre police station, five policemen who had just been put back into action by the Is-raelis recalled their years of eclipse under the

PLO with carefully worded outrage.
"I worked only with paper," said one of the policemen, fingering a crime report. "If some-body shot somebody, he would be protected by the Palestinians. I worked on that, but on

But what seemed to stir his anger most deep-ly was the sense of profound humiliation. "I would go in my automobile," he explained. They would stop me and ask for my card. Me! I'm a policeman! I should demand their

And what did he do about it? "I showed my card and went on."

As the police and court systems were sapped of authority, the PLO fashioned a crude securi-ty and judicial system of its own, one that had applied for many years in their camps.

By 1976 or 1977, according to both Palestinians and Lebanese, the disparate factions of the PLO had established forces with a police function, an internal security force to combat

### **OAU Meeting Of Ministers**

the Organization of African Unity was postponed indefinitely Tuesday over the issue of seating the Polisario guerrilla front.

African countries. By all accounts the outsiders were mostly crude, undisciplined thugs, and the tension between them and the popu-The blocking of the Council of Ministers meeting appeared to be lace was exacerbated by their inability to a major diplomatic victory for Morocco, which has been fighting friends among the Lebanese. Its thrust was ra since 1976. Morocco has anmilitary. The huge sums of money the PLO nexed the former Spanish colony received from Saudi Arabia and other Arab in stages.

But Morocco's victory also appeared to threaten the existence of the 51-member OAU.

#### Lobbying at OAU

world opinion for conducting the attacks and Towns and camps were turned into vast armories. Crates of ammunition were stacked in underground shelters, and anti-aircraft guns were parked in schoolyards, among apartment houses and next to churches and hospitals.

East of Sidon, a deep tunnel in the side of a mustered the necessary two-thirds," Mr. Mogwe said. mountain was crammed so tightly with gre-

convince some nations to partici-pate in the conference to save the

most influence among black African nations, have remained neu-

isters was to have planned, could be held only if Daniel Arap Moi of Kenya, the chairman of the OAU, convened an extraordinary summit meeting, but that would take some

since February when the Polisario Front was admitted as the 51st

#### 'We Are Members'

the Polisario had been withdrawn, but the withdrawal had come too would stand fast. "We will take our seats. We are members of the OAU," he said.

quorum of two-thirds, or 34 of the 51 members, to convene the session. Of the 37 delegations now in Libya, at least six have left previous meetings at which the Polisario was seated.

has made clear his desire to have the August summit in Libya and to become the next chairman of the

#### Fighting in Western Sahara

guerrillas killed 45 Moroccan troops and wounded about 50 in an attack in the Western Sahara Saturday, the official Algerian press agency reported.

Both Morocco and the Polisario anounced that there had been a Thursday. Morocco said it had de-



Fidel Castro addressed a crowd of thousands in Bayamo on the 29th anniversary of his attack on the Moncada barracks, a crucial moment in the light to overthrow the dictator Fulgencio Batista.

### Castro Says Troops Stay in Angola Until U.S. and S. Africa Meet Terms

By Juan M. Vasquez Los Angeles Times Service

BAYAMO, Cuba - President Fidel Castro says that Cuban troops will not be removed from Angola until the United States and South Africa meet his conditions for withdrawal: The removal of South African troops from neighboring South-West Africa (Namibia), the end of outside aid to rebel organizations in Angola and "the end of all danger of aggression

South African troops "strike deep-ly into Angola and reach our lines, we will fight with all our might against these parasitic, racist mercenaries."

Mr. Castro's declaration on Angola was the highlight of a 2½-hour speech commemorating the 29th anniversary of his raid on the Moncada barracks, the initial spark in the fight to overthrow dictator Fulgencio Batista.

#### More Restraint

Although he labeled the economic and political policies of the Reagan administration absurd. Mr. Castro was notably more restrained than in the address he delivered to a parliamentary confer-

Then, he described the administration as fascist and accused it of lying about the Cuban role in promoting subversion in Central America and elsewhere.

limited himself to attacking "imperialism" and "Yankee adventu-

He did not mention a Cuban from the Cabinet by Prime Ministhreat to establish a powerful radio ter Robert Mugabe in February, transmitter to interfere with do- ambushed their safari tour truck mestic U.S. broadcasts in retalia- last Friday. The driver and three tion for the Reagan administra-tion's creation of a station to beam a note warning police that the six U.S. broadcasts into Cuba from hostages would be killed if de-Florida

The Angolan issue is a critical not released by Friday.

obstacle in the improvement of relations between Havana and Washington because U.S. analysis consider the estimated 10,000 Cubans in Angola as Soviet pawns. Since last November, when for-mer Secretary of State Alexander

M. Haig Jr. met secretly with a high Cuban official in Mexico, there have been suggestions that both sides are seeking a normaliza-

Mr. Castro's speech, represent-ing a reiteration of Cuba's hard-line attitude, could represent a setback to any overtures from Wash-

Mr. Castro accused the United

#### Zimbabwe Extends Hunt for Tourists Abducted in Bush The Associated Press

INSIZA, Zimbabwe - The government broadened a curiew to 20 hours a day and poured more troops into the search for six foreign hostages facing a death threat from armed kidnappers, an army colonel said Tuesday.

The colonel said that some villagers had been arrested for allegedly helping the dissidents avoid capture in the rugged bush of western Zimbabwe.

The hostages are Americans Brett Baldwin, 23, a student, and Kevin Ellis, 22, a painter, both from Seattle; Australians Tony Bajzelj, 25, from Tasmania, and William Butler, 31, from Newcastle; and Britons James Greenwell, 18, a student from Liverpool and Martyn Hodgson, 35, a civil engi-

neer from Peterborough.

A band of about 12 men loyal to Joshua Nkomo, who was fired tained aides of Mr. Nkomo were States of promoting aggression by increasing arms shipments to El Salvador and conducting a campaign of destabilization against

Nicaragua, a Cuban ally. He referred twice to the use of Honduran territory to aid U.S. efforts both to support the Salvadoran Army and to provide refuge for clandestine armies harassing the leftist government of Nicara-

warned that Honduras will suffer retaliation for siding with El Salvador's rightist government forces. Before launching into a review of global politics during which he accused Zionism and imperialism of carrying out a policy of geno-

Salvadoran guerrillas bave

cide in Lebanon, Mr. Castro also said that the economic crisis was " one of the worst, if not the worst. in the history of underdeveloped countries. Led by the United States, Westem industrial nations have forced

down the price of raw materials while increasing the price of technology and the cost of borrowing money, he said.

#### Cuba Gets Advanced MiGs

WASHINGTON (UPI) -- Cuba has received advanced MiG-23B Flogger fighter-bombers from the Soviet Union since the beginning of the year, the Pentagon said Tuesday.

in

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The continuing Soviet military buildup of Cuba has created concern in the Reagan administration. but Pentagon spokesman Henry Catto said, "We would not consider the MiG-23B to be the latest in Soviet air defense technology because the system is a decade old."

#### Greece and Cuba Upgrade Ties

ATHENS (Reuters) - Greece and Cuba agreed Tuesday to exchange ambassadors. After the Cuban foreign minister, Isidoro Malmierca Peoli, met with Premier Andreas Papandreou, an official statement also said that Mr. Papandreon had accepted an invitation in principle to visit Havana

### PLO Says U.S. Blocks Peace Move; Offer of Asylum in Sudan Scorned

BEIRUT — Palestine Liberation the delegation for talking to Mr.

Organization chairman Yasser Arafat, claiming the PLO used the Organization chairman Yasser Arafat's chief spokesman Tuesday accused the United States of obstructing peace overtures from the

The PLO spokesman also scorned an offer of asylum offered Monday by Sudanese President Gaafar Nimeiri. Mahmoud Labadi, speaking to reporters in the bomb-damaged

Palestinian quarter of Fakhani, said Mr. Arafat signed a "very sig-nificant document" for a U.S. congressional delegation Sunday, as-serting that he accepts all United Nations resolutions on the Palestinian question. Mr. Labadi left unclear whether

UN Security Council Resolution 242 of 1967 was covered by Mr. Arafar's pledge. That resolution calls for an Israeli withdrawal from occupied territories, a solution to the "refugee" problem and the recognition of Israel's right to exist. For many years, the United States has made acceptance of the resolution a condition for direct talks with the PLO.

"The paper says that the PLO recognized all UN resolutions dealing with the Palestine ques-tion," said Mr. Labadi. That means the PLO is recognizing all resolutions since 1947." He added that Resolution 242 is not mentioned explicitly in that paper, "but I will tell you frankly 242 does not mention the Palestinian

In Jerusalem, Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin told the same U.S. congressional delegation that he will not negotiate with the PLO chief under any circum- also placed under observation for by witnessing the sale of the chem-

stances. Mr. Begin has criticized

meeting as a propaganda ploy. A White House spokesman said the Reagan administration sought a precise response on whether the PLO accepts Israel's right to exist and the Arafat paper is insufficient to start direct talks.

government is not responding to all the olive branches of the PLO." said Mr. Labadi. "We want a political solution if this is possible, but the United States government is obstructing all political solutions."

Mr. Labadi disagreed with the

and incompetence, the official

People's Daily reported Tuesday.

It is the first case of a senior leader

losing his post since a campaign

Yihang, a deputy chemical indus-

try minister, obtained visas to visit

Belgium and Japan through busi-

ness contacts in Hong Kong rather

He also caused the state to lose

hundreds of thousands of dollars

as a result of mismanagement, it

It said Mr. Yang has been given

an unspecified alternative job and

has received a serious warning

from the Communist Party central

than through official channels.

The newspaper said Yang

against graft began last year.

make the first move in accepting Israel. "I don't know why the victims should offer an olive branch when the oppressors are not asked to offer anything," he said. "The Israelis are refusing 242 and are refusing all UN resolutions dealing with the Palestine question."

start direct talks.

In rejecting the offer of refuge
"We say it is a pity that the U.S. by Sudan, Mr. Labadi said the pied by the Israelis."

uption.

disciplinary committee. He was made a profit of almost \$400,000

guerrillas are willing to leave Lebanon, "but our homeland is occu-"Why should I go to Sudan?" he asked. "I am not Sudanese. Why

considerably milder than punish-

given long jail sentences for cor-

a \$480,000 loss by seiling a large consignment of petrochemicals in

A Hong Kong businessman

when prices were rising, it

U.S. position that the PLO should

should I go to Syria? I am not Syr-

on three counts. Chinese Dismiss Minister for Graft

two years to decide whether he icals to U.S. and Japanese compa-PEKING — A deputy minister should be allowed to retain his has been dismissed for corruption party membership. nies, the newspaper said. Reports that Mr. Yang was in The steps against Mr. Yang were trouble first circulated two years ago. In October, 1980, a Hong ment meted out to lower level offi-Kong newspaper said he had been cials, many of whom have been criticized for lavish trips to the colony the previous year and that he had been protected by the former

The newspaper said Mr. Yang vice premier, Kang Shi'en, and the had agreed to take out a \$600-milthen mayor of Peking, Lin Hujia. lion, interest-free loan from a Mr. Kang's influence weakened Hong Kong company that had no capital of its own, "seriously damconsiderably after he was disciplined for his part in an oil rig disaster in November, 1979, in which 72 aging the reputation of our counpersons died. He also caused the state to incur

The People's Daily also said Mr. Yang had accepted bribes of two Western suits and tape recorders and had smuggled out a newborn baby girl from a hospital in Yantai in north China for a Hong Kong

#### Is Postponed espionage and discipline faction members, and a network of local "people's committees" to arbitrate disputes and hand out punishment. The situation seemed to worsen over the years as the PLO, hard-pressed to fill military

TRIPOLI, Libya --- A meeting of

in stages.

Archie Mogwe of Botswana, who was to have been chairman of the conference, said at a news conference that the OAU had failed to achieve the quorum needed for the meeting. "We require a two-thirds majority and hitherto we have not

He said the OAU was trying to

Among those supporting Morocco in its boycott of the con-Tyre, excavated and partially reconstructed by ference were the Ivory Coast, Egypt and Somalia. Polisario supporters included Algeria, Tanzania and the newly elected Mauritius government. Both Kenya and Nigeria, the two countries with the

Mr. Mogwe said the August summit, which the Council of Min-

The OAU has been in turmoil

Libya, which supports the guer-rilla front, said the invitation to late to save the meeting. A Polisar-io spokesman said the group

The OAU charter calls for a

Col. Moamer Qadhafi of Libya

PARIS (Reuters) - Polisario

three-hour battle near Smara stroyed five Soviet-made tanks in

toward Angola."
Further, he declared Monday, if

The end of his statement was nearly drowned out by cheers from more than 100,000 listeners at an outdoor rally in Bayamo, 500 miles (800 kilometers) southeast of Ha-

ence in Havana last September.

On this occasion, Mr. Castro

By John Carmody

WASHINGTON - David Garth, the public relations expert, is conducting a survey of television network news coverage of the conflict in Lebanon for the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith, as the situation is presented daily on

ABC, CBS and NBC. He emphasized Monday that the survey was not being conducted on behalf of the Israeli government.

Mr. Garth was a consultant to Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin during his successful re-election campaign last year and has also served as a consultant in the campaigns of Mayor Edward L Koch and Gov. Hugh Carey of New York, Gov. Brendan Byrne of New Jersey, the 1980 presidential candidate John B. Anderson and President Luis Herrera Campins

"We're looking at the coverage of the war from the point of view of the American Jewish communi-Mr. Garth said Monday. "We are focusing on whether there is any kind of understanding [on the part of the networks] of the per-ceptions viewers get from nightly coverage. It is not a question of fairness or unfairness of coverage."

#### Perception Is Problem

Mr. Garth said that in general, "so far I think the reporting is accurate. The perception is the prob-

"The American Jewish community is very sensitive about it. The left is sympathetic about it. TV has brought the issues home.

#### **Turkish Court Delays** Former Premier's Case

ANKARA — A military court trying former Premier Bulent Ecevit on charges of having illegal contacts with the foreign press adjourned Tuesday until Sept. 14. Earlier this month Mr. Ecevit,

57, was sentenced to more than three months in jail on a separate but similar charge, the second time in nine months he had been sentenced for breaking a military decree banning former politicians from making public statements. sion," he said.

By Henry Giniger

New York Times Service

19th centuries, a Canadian Protes-

tant was presumed to speak English and a Roman Catholic,

French. From such tradition a reli-

giously divided public school sys-

tem arose in Quebec that the prov-

ince is just getting around to modi-

Government proposals to divide

the Quebec education system along linguistic rather than relig-ious lines and make each school

autonomous have become a major

topic of controversy in what is al-ready one of Canada's most divid-

ed provinces. Legislation is to be

At the core of the proposals is

the transformation of each school

into an autonomous corporation

that would be run by a council in which parents would form a ma-

jority. The council would also in-

clude teachers, representatives of the community and, at the second-

"The major objective of the gov-

give them responsibility for

ernment's project," said the white paper, "is to redefine the schools,

their own educational projects, to

make them the focus of our educa-

tional system and to put them into the hands of those who use and

The now powerful school

boards, which are popularly elect-ed, would be reduced mainly to ad-

ministrative functions. Their posi-

tion under the plan is referred to

as that of "service cooperatives"

that would coordinate services and

ary-school level, students.

introduced in the fall.

MONTREAL - In the 18th and

Mr. Garth said, "We're trying to answer the question of what responsibility does the media have to clear up the perceptions on nightly

He cited the example of Yasser Arafat, the Palestine Liberation Organization leader, "appearing six nights in a row on the network news with a little child. No pistol on his belt. What's he running? A kindergarter?"

He said there were television reports of major casualties issued by The Red Crescent, which, he said, is run by Mr. Arafat's brother.

"Most viewers thought it was a part of the Red Cross," Mr. Garth said. "Nobody questioned the fig-

He said that at the time Israel was turning over the Sinai to the Egyptians, television focused on Israeli problems on the West Bank because there were "better visu-

"The general public now thinks that what's happening in world af-fairs is what's happening on televi-sion," he said. And generally that is restricted to only the coverage of what the networks have access to. If the networks are denied access to the Falkland Islands, or the fighting in Somalia, the fighting doesn't get on television. There are no visuals. We're in a period when negotiations are being conducted on television. We're interested in finding out what this means to a secretary of state or to public opin-

Abraham Foxman, associate national director of the league, said Monday, "We have no suppositions or conclusions. We know that video is very important and we want to compare it to what the print media is doing."

Mr. Foxman said he anticipated

results in two to three weeks.

Mr. Garth said no decision has been made by league officials as to whether results of the survey will be made public. "It will depend on whether it is relevant and has meaning for the Jewish community, he said.

One preliminary conclusion of the study, he said, is that there is a have now been released major role for the U.S. press in The PLO's military di coverage of hostilities. "The press must do a better job of explaining what can't be pictured on televi-

As soon as these ideas were an-

nounced, protests began in both

the French-speaking and English-speaking communities against

what was seen as another effort by

the last bastion of local power."

forth "the way is open for every

that parents, as heads of the corpo-

By Milton R. Benjamin

Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON - Two con-

ressmen are trying to block for-

eign participation in a test of a

plutonium-reprocessing plant in South Carolina pending a study of

the serious implications of this decision on our efforts to halt the

further spread of nuclear weap-

Sen. Gary Hart, Democrat of Colorado, and Rep. Richard L.

Ottinger, Democrat of New York, said in a letter to James B. Ed-

wards, secretary of energy, that a

**Quebec Proposes New Autonomy for Schools** 

the Parti Québécois, which now board. But the Quebec population runs the province, to concentrate no longer lends itself to easy divi-

power in the central government in sion. Now there are Catholics who

monthly, L'Actualité, said it was board has a sizable section for

be put back in the hands of the and the Protestant school board

people. After the municipalities, it has a few French-speaking schools

the last bastion of local power."

Under the proposed changes, the editorial warned that hence the boards would be English-

imaginable intervention by the without reference to religion. But state in daily school life."

There was widespread doubt of much responsibility and

rations, could develop sufficient English-speaking community,

said, the elected commissions were under its jurisdiction.

An editorial in Quebec's leading speak French, so that the Catholic



A man, his wife and two sons flee the bombing in West Beirut.

rifle, one custodian said.

still be seen beneath the rebuilt

seats of the hippodrome; archeolo-

gists say that no damage was done, other than through neglect.

**Boys Reportedly Drafted** 

scription program. Palestinian

boys as young as 12 were drafted and all male students were mobil-

ized for one to three months of

duty a year, according to some

Palestinians. During the invasion,

Israeli soldiers said, they found themselves in combat with 12- and

13-year-olds shooting rocket gre-nades. More than 200 youngsters

from 12 to 15 were captured and

representatives named by the educational expertise quickly about a third of Greater Montre-schools in its area. enough to stand up to Quebec al's 2.8 million population, would

City.
Schools in Montreal, where

most of Quebec's English-speaking

citizens live, are now run by a

Protestant board and a Catholic

speak English and Protestants who

speaking and French-speaking

deprived of their elective base, the

U.S. Plutonium Plant Test Opposed

Barnwell reprocessing plant clearly involves the export of sensitive

The plant's owner, Allied-Gen-

eral Nuclear Services - a consorti-

um of Allied Chemical Corp., Gulf Oil Corp. and Royal Dutch Sheil

- has asked Mr. Edwards to ap-

prove a demonstration for Japa-

nese and German scientists of how

the safeguards system at the \$300-million facility would work if the

plant were turning out plutonium

that could be used in the manufac-

ture of nuclear weapons. The test

would not involve fission products.

nuclear technology.

Under an extensive PLO con-

### PLO Eclipsed Lebanese Leaders

were trying to run away. Doctors said that they often gave boys and (Continued from Page 1) into a base and placed off-limits to young men notes exempting them for false medical reasons. Sister tourists and to the Lebanese custodians. Visitors who chanced to Alisse Araigi, headmistress of a Maronite school in Nabatiye, said, take a picture of the columns and sarcophagi saw the wrong end of a "Families came to us and asked for certificates that children were Signs of the PLO arsenals can

sick and couldn't be drafted." Youssef Sayed, a 25-year-old Palestinian from the Ein Khilwe camp near Sidon, said that when a student was called up for a month's military service with the PLO, "he is obliged to go. Other-wise he won't be accepted next year in the Unrwa school." When

asked how this could be, he ex-plained, "The Unrwa personnel are in the PLO." Several other men, including an employee of the agency, nodded in agreement. Some of the bitterness now spills over. Amid the ruins of the Rashidiye camp, an old man, Ahmed Mahmoud, began shouting angrily to a reporter that his 18-year-old

al's 2.8 million population, would

The community is concerned

about its future because of lan-

guage policies that restrict the use of English and limit access to Eng-lish schools. Camille Laurin, a

strong Quebec nationalist who was

the major architect of the language

policies as minister of cultural de-

velopment, is the author of the

white paper on schools in his cur-

Eric Maldoff, a Montreal lawyer

who heads Alliance Quebec, a ne

group that represents English-speaking interests, said his com-

munity was particularly sensitive

to the proposed weakening of the school boards "because it is so im-

portant for us to control our

in limbo since President Jimmy

Carter, concerned about the risk of

nuclear proliferation, ordered an "indefinite deferral" of commer-

cial reprocessing in 1977. The Reagan administration, however, has been trying to revive the plant.

The owners of the plant have

been particularly eager to defuse

the nonproliferation argument by

demonstrating the sophisticated safeguards system, which is de-

signed to make it easier for inter-national inspectors to detect any

diversion of plutonium for clan-

destine use in manufacturing nu-

Sen. Hart and Rep. Ottinge

who have sponsored legislation that would tighten the 1978 Nuclear Nonproliferation Act, expressed concern that by demonstrating

Barnwell's system for keeping

track of plutonium. Allied General

might transfer reprocessing tech-nology "from the United States to

nuclear scientists and engineers

"It is difficult to see how demonstrations of the reprocessing and

safeguards technology at the Barnwell facility would not pro-

duce important operational infor-

mation about those technologies

they said in the letter, a copy of which was obtained by The Wash-

The test was originally planned

from foreign countries."

ington Post

clear weapons.

The PLO's military draft apparson had been "forced to become a fighter" and that as a result he was ently stirred resentment, for one now in an Israeli prison camp. resident told of checkpoints being "People living here from 1948 set up during mobilization periods to catch young Palestinians who were living all right," he said, re-

ferring to the original refugees as distinct from the PLO leaders, who arrived later. "But some people came from other places. They put people under pressure. They made some difficulties. We lived here as if it were our country. We worked, our children were studying, we were happy in Lebanon."

Guerrillas fire anti-aircraft gun salvos at Israeli fighter-jets.

Israelis Hit

(Continued from Page 1)

that divides the center of Beirut from the southern suburbs. Anoth-

er target appeared to be what the sources described as a PLO head-

marters on the western coast road.

lined Israel's determination to ex-

pel the guerrillas from Lebanon and appeared to signal increasing irritation over what Israeli leaders

regard as the PLO's stepped-up

Defense Minister Ariel Sharon of Israel was quoted Monday by

Israeli news media as saying his

army no longer was waiting for the

PLO to open fire before launching

On Monday, 15 civilians were

Israel renewed its air strikes

Iter a hiatus of several weeks, in

"Mr. Habib believes there has

been some progress and that there

ting the Palestinian terrorists to

leave Beirut peacefully," an Israeli official said after Mr. Habib met

with Foreign Minister Yitzhak

The U.S. envoy arrived Tuesday from London, where he met with

King Hussein of Jordan. Mr. Ha-

bib is on a tour that has included

talks with the leaders of Syria, Sau-

Italian Terrorist

Is Slain in Prison

member, whose arrest in January was a turning point in the search

for the kidnapped U.S. Brig. Gen. James L. Dozier, was murdered in

the maximum security prison in

4 in Rome with another member of

the Red Brigades, Stefano Petrella.

Mr. Di Rocco was arrested Jan.

this southern Italian town.

U.S. general on Jan. 28.

di Arabia and Egypt.

ing the PLO from Beirut.

killed and 47 wounded in air raids,

propaganda war.

raeli bombs.

its own bombardments.

The intense pounding under-

A woman broke in shricking: "We are all Palestinians! There are no differences! Don't try to draw lines between us!"

For the Lebanese, none of this had any virtue. "Life was terrible," said Khalil Hamdan, who owns a gas station in Harouf, a Shiite village near Nabative.

#### Trouble After U.S. Visit

Zouhair Ladki of Khalde, another village, said he had trouble when he returned to Lebanon last March after a period of study in the United States. At a checkpoint 10 minutes from Beirut airport, he said, the PLO looked at his passport, noticed the American visa stamped in it, blindfolded him, held him for 36 hours, questioned him about being an American agent — "Why are you coming from the U.S.A.? Did they brainwash you?" they asked and then released him.

It was this paranoia, the constant fear of being infiltrated by spies, that led to much of what seemed like random killing. Mr. Ladki is a Moslem who does emerncy rescue work for the International Red Cross and therefore wears a large red cross over his shirt, front and back. He recalled an episode in 1978, when a bomb destroyed a 14-story building in

the Sabra camp in Beirut. "We helped for two weeks to dig up bodies," he said. "They began to be suspicious about us being 'not clean,' as they say. They asked, "Why are you a M put a cross on yourself?"

The Palestinians killed three of his team, he said. He began to build an emotional wall around

#### 'Von Can Lose It'

"I can understand that." said Dolly Raad, whose father owns a country in the village of Lebaa. east of Sidon. "For a long time I did not want to become attached to anyone or anything, because you know you can lose it, and that will affect you very much.

"Before the PLO, we used to be pro-Palestinian. They were driven out of Palestine, they were massacred. On a humanitarian level, we supported them. It's very easy to have compassion for this people. You see them and you pity them. Before '75 we had this opinion. They were poor, we should help

"In '76 they stopped a bus and said that those who were Christians, come down. My cousin stepped down and was killed. When we saw the Palestinians were killing us and threatening us and having barricades and shooting innocent people, then came the

#### Chinese Warned On Enemy Spies

Resters
PEKING — China's army newspaper has warned that enemy spies are disguising themselves as legal visitors and that secrets are being leaked by Chinese who are eager to make friends with foreign visitors.

The Liberation Army Daily said foreign intelligence organizations "are taking advantage of a few weak elements in our ranks who worship and have blind faith in foreign things."

There have been repeated warnings in the press recently about the importance of keeping state secrets. A Chinese journalist was for late September, but because none of the foreign parties has agreed to put up the \$1.5 million for the 10-day demonstration, Barnwell officials said the test jailed for five years in March for leaking secrets to foreigners and last month an American teacher was deported for obtaining confiprobably could not be held before early next year. dential documents on the Chinese

From July 5th through August 27th, Monday through Friday, the International Herald Tribune will present the news in English at 10 a.m. on radio station RMC.

Ecoutez la radio qui vous écoute

### WORLD BRIEFS

### **Ù.S.** Certifies Salvadoran Reforms

WASHINGTON — The Reagan administration certified Tuesday that the government of El Salvador is making progress on human rights and economic reforms and deserves continued U.S. backing in its civil war against leftist guerrillas, a State Department official said.

The official, who asked not to be identified, said that the certification had been approved by Secretary of State George P. Shultz and was to be sent later to Congress, which has mandated the sermannual report as a

requirement for U.S. aid. Even before Mr. Shultz's decision, the certification was under fire from critics of the administration's policies in El Salvador, Sen. Christopher Dodd, Democrat of Connecticut, the author of the certification requirement, said that he saw no way that the administration could bonestly find progress in human rights and land reform.

### Norway Counts Cost of Whaling Ban

OSLO — A decision by the International Whaling Commission last week to ban whaling as of 1986 could cost Norway up to 1,500 jobs on whaling vessels and in processing, officials said Tuesday.

Industry groups called for Norway to resign from the commission after it voted 25-7 at the annual conference in Brighton, England, last after it voted 25-7 at the annual conference in Brighton, England, last

Friday for an indefinite ban. The government will decide this week what steps to take, Foreign Minister Svenn Stray said.
The United States has announced it will impose economic sanctions against nations that fail to comply with the ban. Norway's fish exports to the United States total 300 million kroner (\$47.21 million) annually.

#### Spain's Ruling Party Drafts 3 Aides

MADRID — Spain's ruling centrists, trying to rebuild their crumbling image for coming elections, moved three men from Cabinet to party jobs Tuesday, forcing a government shuffle.

The changes were announced by Landelino Lavilla, recently elected president of the Union of the Democratic Center. He also told reporters that former Premier Adolfo Suárez had indicated he intend to leave the party. Mr. Suárez, a reformist, boycotted Tuesday's meeting amid specuation that he might form his own party. **Beirut Center** 

Mr. Lavilla said that Rodolfo Martin Villa, a deputy premier; Jaime Lamo de Espinosa, the minister assistant to the premier, and Rafael Arias Salgado, the local-government minister, were given key jobs in a

#### France Denies Pact With Armenians

PARIS - France denied Monday that it had made any secret agreement last year with the Armenian terrorist group Orly, which has recently claimed responsibility for two bombing attacks here. A spokesman for the Secret Army for the Liberation of Armenia denounced the two bombing attacks for which the Orly group claimed responsibility, but criticized the French for failing to adhere to an al-

eged agreement. In an interview with the leftist daily Libération, Secret Army spokesman Mihran Mihranian claimed that the French had agreed not to arrest foreign nationals of Armenian origin wanted for political crimes. French Interior Minister Gaston Defferre denied the allegation. Mr. Mihranian said that on June 4, the French government arrested Vicken Charkhatian, who is wanted in the United States for conspiring to bomb two Los

#### Angeles buildings last May. Release of Internees Ends in Warsaw

according to Lebanese police. They did not mention any guerrilla WARSAW -- Polish authorities announced Tuesday that they have completed releasing those martial law internees whose freedom was pledged last week by Gen. Wojciech Jaruzelski, the military ruler.

Government sources added, however, that about a dozen of the decasualties. The PLO claimed that 101 persons were killed or woundtainees who had been offered paroles, rather than unconditional liberty, A major guerrilla ammunition dump in the seaside Ramlet al-Baihad refused to leave detention centers on those grounds. Authorities also da district was hit Monday by Isannounced that 637 men will remain in detention. These include Lech Walesa, the leader of the Solidarity union, and most of his top aides.

Last week, Gen. Jaruzelski said most of those detained since martial law was proclaimed Dec. 13 were to be freed. A military spokesman against West Beirnt last Thursday. subsequently said 1,227 persons were to be released, but that 314 of these would be on leave from their detention centers. an apparent attempt to spur U.S.-sponsored talks aimed at evacuat-

Compiled From Agency Dispotches

# Progress Seen in Talks JERUSALEM (Reuters)—Phil- Air Fares to Rise 7%, p.C. Habib, the U.S. special envoy to the Middle East, was quoted Tuesday by Israeli officials as saying he had made progress in efforts to obtain a peaceful PLO withdrawal from Beirut. Airlines Group Agrees Million on the North Atlantic General Planting Gene

GENEVA — Passenger fares on route last year.

most world routes will rise 7 perNext year. ea cent in October as part of an industry plan to fight record losses, airlines to break even and 18.5 per-Roy Watts, the chairman of an emergency International Air Transport Association meeting,

said Tuesday. Mr. Watts, managing director of British Airways, said the increase should earn the airlines an extra \$2 billion next year and was the largest jump that airline executives felt

e market would bear. Fares on flights to and from Japan and between North and South America will be exempted, Mr.

Watts said after a two-day meeting of the association. The meeting was attended by executives of 53 airlines and officials of seven gov-The Associated Press
TRANI, Italy — A Red Brigades eruments.

He said the increase was less than half what airlines calculated was needed - 16 percent - to eliminate this year's losses, and earn enough to pay rising interest prison Tuesday, police said. Ennio Di Rocco, 25, was stab-bed and strangled by other inrates and invest in new planes. The losses are estimated at \$1.87 bil-

mates during an exercise period in Association officials said the 7percent increase would apply over the North Atlantic, the most heavily traveled route, but would not af-fect a four-band price structure that airlines agreed to earlier this

Newspapers reports at the time said the two gave police important information that led to the arrest The association calculated that the airlines need the 7-percent infive days later of a key Red Brigades leader, Giovanni Senzani, crease on the North Atlantic route to break even and 11 percent if airnd eventually to the rescue of the lines' minimum profit targets are to be met. The airlines lost \$600

Next year, earnings would have cent for minimum profit targets to be met.

The association said the highest fare hikes would be needed on the المستعققية South Atlantic route, where in-24 3205E creases would have to be 18.1 percent this year and 26.1 percent next year to break even.

#### Japan Opposed Hike

Participants said Japan was exempted from the increase after the Japan Airlines delegation adamantly opposed any price bike.

Japan has yet to implement a 5percent increase decided last year but may raise prices at meetings of Asian regional airlines later this year, they said.

Mr. Watts said airlines had gone through three disastrous years and, despite a 9-percent saving in operating costs, still had too many planes for too few passengers. He said the association would

monitor compliance with the guidelines on illegal ticket discounts and would consider at the annual meeting in November whether enough revenue lost to price-cutting was being recovered to make further fare increases un-

Hinting that further increases might be needed, he said, We have to be realistic. We need to close the gap by yield means most-

# Japan's History Lesson Questioned

### Suzuki Acts on Chinese, Korean Outrage on Textbooks

TOKYO - Faced with protests from China and South Korea, Japanese Premier Zenko Struki ordered his aides Tuesday to negotiate additional changes in revised school history textbooks that softened Japan's role in China and Korea before

Mr. Suzuki said the dispute should not be allowed to become an international problem and told both his foreign and education ministries to settle the issue with the foreign critics.

Government sources said the Japanese Foreign Ministry fears the protest may spread to other friendly Asian countries invaded by the Japanese. The Chinese lodged a diplomatic protest and a South Korean spokesman said the Cabinet was deeply concerned that a distorted description of

Japan's colonization of the Korean peninsula might harm the friendly relations between the two Government officials said that Mr. Suzuki is worried that the controversy could mar his visit to Peking in September to mark the 10th anniversary

of the normalization of relations between the World War II enemies. Relations with South Korea are already at a low ebb because of the Japanese refusal to meet aid demands.

The controversy centers on changes approved by the Japanese Education Ministry in high school history textbooks regarding Japan's 20th-century role in China and Korea, which for 36 years before 1945 was a Japanese colony. The revisions change Japan's "aggression"

against China into its "advance" into China and they eliminate a previous reference that 200,000 Chinese might have died in the capture of Nank-

The rewritten textbooks also change references to the deportation of Koreans to Japan for forced labor into the reference that Koreans came under national mobilization orders."

In Peking Monday, the director of the Chinese Foreign Ministry's Asian affairs bureau, Xiao Xi-angqian, called in the Japanese envoy, Koji Watanabe, and protested the revisions.

Japanese Foreign Ministry sources reported that the Chinese official said the revisions were

counter to the 1972 normalization agreement as well as the peace and friendship treaty signed in 1978. While bilateral ties were being restored, la-pan expressed deep repentance for what it had done in China before and during World War II. The Chinese protest follows a number of articles in the Chinese press which criticized the Japanese for permitting "militarists" to distort history.

Japan has no relations with Communist North

Korea. The Soviet press has also criticized the rewriting of Japanese history and there have been mammings of discontant from Okinawa, now a Japanese possession but until 1871 an independent state with links to both Japan and China.

Shine: Kiyan, an opposition parliamentarian from Okinawa, said the revisions climinated a ref-

creace to the fact that about 800 Okingwaris were murdered by the Japanese Army.



Bost Find 9.67 19.85 Frm BG 12.71 13.86 Her Man 18.76 NI Language Soules



### FBI Agent to Tell of Secret Life in Cosa Nostra U.S. Hopes to Prove Mob Infighting Led to 3 Murders

By Arnold H. Lubasch

New York Times Service NEW YORK - A U.S. prosecutor has told a jury here that it will receive testimony from an undercover FBI agent about a plot to murder three rival gangsters in "the Bonanno family of La Cosa Nostra."

The prosecutor, Louis J. Freeh, described the case Monday that he expects to present at the trial of five men indicted on racketeering charges, which could carry ponalties of up to 20 years imprisonment.

Defense Statement

Mr. Freeh said the defendants worked with "Donnie Brasco," adding that Mr. Brasco was in reality a special agent of the FBI who since 1976 had acted the role of a loyal soldier eager to move up in the ranks of the Bonanno family. It was described by the FBI as the most successful infiltration of a crime family ever carried out, uncovering three murders.

In the opening statement by the defense, a team of five lawyers contended that the FBI is trying to justify a long and expensive investiganon that had produced "no evidence of any significance." On trial are Benjamin Ruggiero, Anthony Rabito, Nicholas Santors, Antonio Tomasulo and John Cerasani

The government is scheduled to present tes-

timony and recorded conversations provided by informers and FBI agents, including Mr. Brasco. His real name will remain secret until

The government asked that he be allowed to use his undercover name when testifying. The judge rejected the request, saying it would violate the right of cross-examination, but he said the agent could withhold information about his home, family and anything else that

might increase his exposure to risk. Mr. Freeh said the group's boss was Philip Rastelli, who allegedly assumed control in 1979 after the murder of Carmine Galante. Then, allegedly, a power struggle crupted in

#### Suspect Disappeared

In May, 1981, he continued, three captains heading one faction were murdered on orders from Dominick Napolitano, a rival captair who was indicted in the case but disappeared.

A week after the murders, Mr. Freeh went on, Mr. Napolitano met in a Brooklyn on with several others, including a Florida associate known as Donnie Brasco, who was wearing a concealed FBI transmitting device.

According to the prosecutor, Mr. Napolitano told the visiting associate that he had mur-dered three rivals, but a fourth escaped and he

wanted Mr. Brasco to find the missing man,

then "kill him and leave him in the street."

Over the years, Mr. Freeh said, Mr. Brasco became such a trusted member of this crew that Mr. Napolitano and Mr. Ruggiero "promised to propose him for membership in the Bonanno family."

#### Florida Gambler

He established credibility by posing as a Florida gambler and loan shark who shared his profits with the Bonanno group, Mr. Freeh adding that his money was actually furnished by the FBI.

The defendants were portrayed by the prosecutor as gangsters who carried out truck hijackings, armed robberies, gambling operations and narcotics trafficking "in a pattern of

racketeering" that included the three murders.

Also included is a charge that the defendants conspired to rob a Manhattan town house owned by the sister of the late shah of Iran in 1980. Two intruders entered the town house, but fled without any money after struggling

with a security guard.

A former New York City police detective, Dennis W. Mulligan, was accused of providing inside information to the Bonanno group for the attempted robbery. The government dropped the charge, saying his prosecution could jeopardize another investigation.

recovery than seemed likely only a

few months ago," she said. Her of-

ficial revised forecast predicts

slower growth and an unemploy-

ment rate averaging 9.3 percent for

the current year and 8.8 percent for 1983, higher than her estimates

On inflation, she forecast that

prices will rise more quickly than

they have in the first six months of

the year but the rate of increase

will fall to about 6.3 percent next

and short-term interest rates will

fall, although she said short-term

rates "are expected to move up

somewhat in 1983 as the recovery

She predicted that long-term

### Faced With Opposition in Senate, Reagan Drops Sea-Talks Nominee

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches WASHINGTON - President Reagan is withdrawing his nomination of James L. Malone as ambassador-at-large for negotiations on a Law of the Sea treaty.

Larry M. Speakes, the deputy White House press secretary, said the White House was writing Sen. Charles H. Percy, Illinois Republican and chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, to notify him that "we will not pursue that nomination."

Mr. Malone will retain his post as assistant secretary of state for oceans, international environment and scientific affairs, Mr. Speakes

#### Nomination Opposed

Mr. Malone has nominally been responsible for policies aimed at stopping the spread of nuclear weapons. For the last year, however, he has been the chief of the U.S. delegation to the Law of the Sea talks at the United Nations that resulted in a draft treaty regulating the use of the world's

His nomination was opposed in the Foreign Relations Committee after it was reported two months ago that he tried to obtain an \$850-million loan on generous

terms for the Taiwan Power Co. Mr. Speakes said Mr. Malone's name was withdrawn because of Mr. Reagan's decision not to sign a Law of the Sea treaty endorsed by 130 other nations. Mr. Reagan objected to the draft treaty's provisions governing the mining of mineral resources on the ocean floor, saying they failed to protect U.S. economic and security interests, and said the United States would seek another treaty.

Committee sources said Monday that White House officials had informed Sen. Percy late last week

#### Britain's Military Shrinks

The Associated Press LONDON - Britain's armed forces had 327,647 members on March 31 at the end the fiscal year, a 1.8 percent drop from 1981, the Defense Ministry reported Tuesthat Mr. Malone's name would be committee last year that he would withdrawn.

The Senate committee had been scheduled to consider his nomination Tuesday, but several senators said in interviews that the committee almost certainly would have recommended against his confirmation for the post.

It was reported in May that Mr. Malone had tried to obtain the loan for Taiwan Power, a utility owned by the government. Mr. Malone had been registered as a foreign agent for the utility when he was at Doub & Muntzing, a Washington-based concern that specializes in foreign nuclear ener-

Mr. Malone denied that he had violated assurances he gave the

not become involved with any company he represented before joining the Reagan administration. but opposition to his confirmation

Malone's performance as overseer of policies to halt the spread of nuclear arms was "inconsistent and

#### Global TV Threatens Native Cultures. Director of Unesco Tells Conference

ments, the financing of culture and MEXICO CITY - The spread the transmission of culture of commercial television could through the media. impede the development of individual national cultures, the director-general of Unesco declared at strengthening international culturthe opening session of a 120-nation al cooperation and discussion of

conference Tuesday.

Amadou-Mahtar M'Bow of Senegal told delegates that world cultures are becoming more uniform. He said this trend has been caused partly by recent technologi-cal advances, including satellite broadcasting, cable television, vi-deo discs and video cassettes. "The question must be asked whether this does not run the risk of impoverishing the ... creativity of each

people," he said. UN officials said the more than 750 delegates at the conference will spend the first four days of the 10-day conference reviewing conclusions and recommendations of regional Unesco cultural conferences held in the past decade in Europe, Africa, Asia and Latin

The next three days will be handed over to two commissions. One will discuss theoretical issues, and the other will focus on the preservation of historical monu-

A hint that his nomination was in trouble came last week, when Sen. Alan Cranston, the minority whip and a Democratic committee member from California urged President Reagan in a Senate floor speech to withdraw the nomination. Sen. Cranston accused Mr. Malone of making "undeniably misleading statements" in May in his testimony before the panel.

He also contended that Mr.

The meeting's final three days ill be devoted to talks on

the conference's final recommen-

#### ineffective." He said a State Department internal draft report had severely criticized Mr. Malone, concluding that he "lacked both

the time and the expertise required to direct the Law of the Sea treaty

review operations. Senate and administration offi-cials said Monday that they doubted Mr. Malone would retain his post as assistant secretary. They said Secretary of State George P. Shultz had been told by several key Republicans that many in Congress were unhappy with the administration's policies on stopping the spread of nuclear weap-



#### the deficit for the 1983 fiscal year, predicted levels for 1984 and 1985. WASHINGTON - The head of she said, Congress might be forced which begins Oct. 1. flation, and the "unexpected depth Under questioning from Sen. Lawton Chiles, Democrat of Florito increase taxes and cut spending of the recession now lead us, as above the amounts in legislation well as most other forecasters, to anticipate a somewhat less robust

U.S. Budget Expert Forecasts Bigger Deficits

the Congressional Budget Office said Tuesday that budget deficits could reach a minimum of \$140 billion for each of the next three years, far above even the revised estimate the Reagan administra-tion is expected to release later this

In testimony before the Senate Budget Committee, Alice Rivlin also said that, although the economy will revive for the rest of this year, the recovery is likely to be "less robust" than was predicted last winter. Given the large defi-cits, she said, "I don't think we can have a vigorous recovery." She said a variety of changing

da, she conceded that those figures could come on top of an earlier es-timate of \$116 billion - producing deficits of \$141 billion to \$151 bil-

could reach \$145 billion to \$160 billion in 1984 and \$143 billion to \$158 billion in 1985.

Conflicting Estimates

The official estimate that Congress is using predicts deficits of nearly \$104 billion for fiscal 1983. The administration is expected to publish a revised forecast later this week predicting a budget deficit of \$110 billion to \$114 billion. conditions, including a lower fore-cast for economic growth, could add \$25 billion to \$35 billion to

In order to hold deficits to the

force reductions, "that is, a freeze

that leaves dangerous asymmetries in the nuclear balance and a return

favored a substitute resolution drafted by Rep. William S. Broom-

field, Republican of Michigan, and others that endorses the adminis-

tration's arms reduction approach

and does not urge approval of

Election-Year Pressures

gress to urge support of the

the unexpected support of seven of

Foreign Affairs Committee late

Broomfield text.

Democratic issue.

In the letter, Mr. Reagan said he

now making its way through the House and Senate. Mrs. Rivlin delivered her predic-

tions as Congress struggled to pass an extraordinary election-year package of tax increases and spending cuts, measures designed to hold the deficit to \$104 billion. Her forecast could sharply increase calls for deeper spending cuts, particularly from Republicans, who say that lower deficits are needed to bring down interest rates and promote a sustained eco-

Mrs. Rivlin provided little indication that she foresees such a re-

The failure of interest rates to

# Reagan Calls On House to Defeat Resolution for a Nuclear Freeze

By Herbert H. Denton

WASHINGTON — President Reagan appealed to members of the House Monday to defeat a nnthe House Monday to ocacat a nuclear freeze resolution passed by the House Foreign Affairs Committee, contending that approval would send the wrong signal to the Soviet Union and undercut the favored a substitute resolution disafted by Rep. William S. Broom U.S. negotiating position in strategic arms reduction talks (START)

In identically worded letters to each member of the House, Mr. van reneated his oft-stated be lief that a nuclear freeze would lock the United States into nuclear

The House resolution calls on the two superpowers to aim for "a mutual and verifiable freeze on the testing, production and further deployment of nuclear warheads, missiles and other delivery sys-

× 川; 4年.

#### 'Dangerous Asymmetries'

After that, they should pursue a goal of reducing nuclear force levels, it says: The resolution also calls for approval of the SALT-2 agreement negotiated by President Jimmy Carter with the Soviet Union but never ratified by the Sen-

adopted by the full House, would reflect election-year pressures and indicate to the Soviet Union that growing anti-nuclear sentiment in the United States. the United States was willing to accept something less than nuclear

Mr. Reagan also defended his approach on the nuclear question in another letter to Congress Monday, transmitting his first administration report on the U.S. Arms Control and Disarmament Agen-

gotiations with the Soviet Union The White House deputy press secretary, Larry M. Speakes, said Mr. Reagan would probably be making calls to members of Contions over strategic arms began

Saying he was convinced that his approach to arms control was "both rational and realistic," Mr. Reagan added: "We are commit-The freeze resolution received ted to deterrence. We shall stand the unexpected support of seven of by our allies and friends and we led Republican members of the shall consult with them regularly as we go about the business of re-establishing our conventional and last month when the panel approved the resolution on a 26-to-11 nuclear deterrent forces."

vote. Previously, the nuclear freeze had been regarded as primarily a A close hattle is expected when the resolution is taken up on the

He said he believed that the intermediate-range nuclear force neprovide a model for future negotiations. There have been no visible s of progress in those talks since they began last November in

late last month

Meanwhile, Cameroon President Ahmadon Ahidjo left Washington after talks with Mr. Reagan on problems in southern Africa and the Middle East. Mr. Reagan ate. House floor, probably either late said he was pleased that the Afri-Mr. Reagan said he was con-this week or early next week. Sup-can nation had "opened its doors cerned that the resolution, if port for the resolution appears to to American businessmen."

### U.S. Aviation Experts Look at Ways To Reduce Hazards of 'Wind Shear'

By John Burgess Washington Post Service WASHINGTON — The crash of Pan Am Flight 759 earlier this month has lent new urgency to ef-forts to detect "wind shear," treacherous shifts in wind speed and direction. They have been implicated in at least seven major ac-cidents since 1973 and may have brought the Pan Am jet down in a

New Orleans suburb. The National Transportation Safety Board, leading the crash investigation, is re-evaluating wind hear warning equipment that the Federal Aviation Administration has installed at great expense at about 60 U.S. airports. And new thought is being given to old ques-tions about how pilots decide if the

weather is good enough to fly. The July 9 crash, which killed 154 persons, took place shortly af-ter National Science Foundation researchers began flying through turbulence near Denver and tracking it on radar in a \$4-million, 21/2year study of wind shear.

#### Frightening Swirls

Meteorologists feel that they have begun only in the last five years to understand the frightening swirls of powerful and quick-changing headwinds, tailwinds and downdrafts that pilots have reported for years near thunderstorms and, at times, in seemingly harmess weather.

The breakthrough came after an Eastern Airlines Boeing 727 trying to land at New York's John F. Kennery Airport in 1975 during a storm crashed short of the runway, killing 113 persons. Meteorologists studying that accident identified a previously unknown weather phe-nomenon, a sudden downdraft since dubbed a "downburst" or microburst...

A form of wind shear, micro-bursts can be several hundred yards or several miles across, meteorologists believe. They can last as few as three or as many as

A downburst occurs when a mass of air cools and begins to sink, gaining speed. As the mass nears the ground, it spreads out, much the way water from a garden bose splatters in all directions when it hits the ground.

A jet flying through a down-burst at low alritude will first meet a strong headwind, slowing the plane's speed in relation to the ground and giving it extra lift. Near the center of the column, the headwind will diminish and, as the plane emerges from the other side, the plane will suddenly hit a

This is the danger point. The plane's airspeed, the speed at which air is rushing past it — thereby lifting its wings — suddenly drops. The plane starts sinking, with the ground only a hundred feet or so below. "You lose your ability to fly," says John McCar-thy of the National Center for Atmospheric Research, which is participating in the Colorado study. Investigators have concluded

#### Peace Team in Bangkok

The Associated Press BANGKOK - A five-man delegation representing the interna-tional conference on Cambodia ar-rived Tuesday for talks with Thai leaders, a Foreign Ministry spokesman said. The conference was con- ran into dangerous winds as it vened in New York two years ago to implement a United Nations resolution calling for the withdrawal of all foreign troops from Cambodia and the holding of UN-

that this is what caused Eastern Flight 66 to crash in 1975. Although final conclusions on why Pan Am's Flight 759 crashed are still months away, most aviation experts tend to believe that the jet fell victim to the same meteorolog-ical trap. It took off with thunderstorms nearby and crashed into the suburban town of Kenner 30 sec-

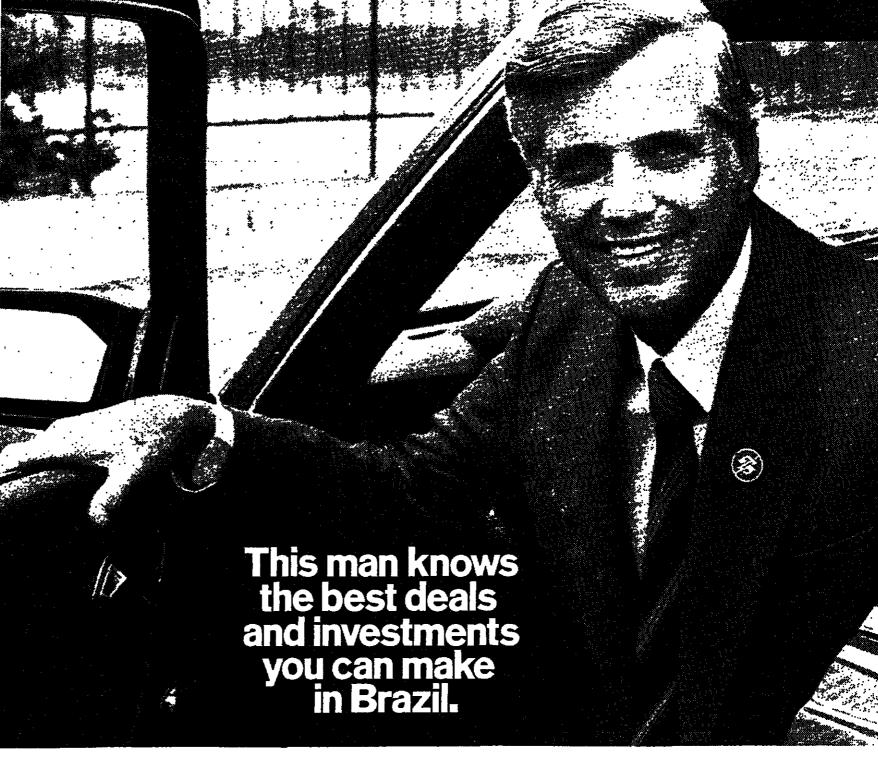
After the Eastern crash, airlines began giving pilots simulator train-ing on dealing with wind shear. They are taught to add thrust at the first sign of trouble. The FAA began installing computerized detection systems that compare wind speed and direction at different points around airports and set off alerts in the tower if differences over 15 knots are found.

#### Alert Systems

About 60 airports, including New Orleans International Airport from which Flight 759 took off, now have the \$200,000, low-level wind shear alert systems. But they have the limitation of not actually detecting microbursts, just indicating the potential for them.

The New Orleans system began operating just before the accident and the tower controllers broadcast alerts to pilots. Pilots say that they regard such messages not as prohibitions against takeoff, but as another piece of information to be used in deciding whether to go or

The fact that wind shear was detected repeatedly, that another jet-liner, a Republic Airlines DC-9, took off just before the Pan Am flight and that Pan Am still took off and crashed has led investigators to take a detailed look at equipment and procedures in this area, an airport spokesman said.



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### What Mr. Arafat Said

From THE WASHINGTON POST

No. Yasser Arafat did not recognize Israel's sure of a state of its own. His foreign friends right to exist on Sunday, "effectively" or oth- often depict Mr. Arafat as something of a erwise. This is a matter of deep regret for all who feel, as we do, that recognition would be an immense contribution to a Middle East settlement in which Palestinians would finally have a home to call their own.

Rep. Paul McCloskey, Republican of Cali-fornia, said the PLO chairman had signed his acceptance of all United Nations resolutions which include the right of Israel to exist." That would mean the PLO had met the American condition for dealing with the PLO. Unfortunately, the congressman had it wrong. Mr. Arafat has yet to endorse the UN resolutions accepting Israel, 242 and 338, and on the spot he corrected Mr. McCloskey, stating that he had stood up only for the UN resolutions "concerning the Palestinian ques-tion" — shorthand for no acceptance. Other PLO officials confirmed this reading.

You have to give Mr. Arafat a certain credit. His forces in Beirut are under heavy military and political onslaught, from friends and foes alike. Surely it would help to cover his prospective retreat by gaining American recognition. Hundreds of times he has been importuned to meet the American condition, stated in 1975 and recently freshened by Secretary of State George Shultz. This would have been a good moment to respond.

The PLO's position, however, remains that it cannot recognize Israel, if at all, before it is

closet dove who is ready to live side by side with Israel. Just don't ask him, they say, to put it in the "clear and unequivocal" language on which the United States insists. Such a step would likely convulse the PLO and could split or even destroy it.

It was not frivolous of the United States to pledge not to deal with an organization that in its basic charter and in much of its conduct is dedicated to undoing Israel. If, in the new conditions created by the breaking of the PLO as a military force, the Israelis still hang back on their Camp David promise to submit the "final status" of the West Bank and "the location of [its] boundaries" to negotiations with Palestinians, then it might yet become necessary to break the pledge, as risky as that might be. But, meanwhile, the requirement is to work within those new conditions to find a viable Palestinian negotiating partner. That is a strong reason for sticking with the 1975

terms on dealing with the PLO.

The PLO would itself be taking a huge risk by meeting the American terms. It would also opening the only conceivable road to a homeland — a negotiation in which the Unit-ed States would be an open advocate of its legitimate national rights. The true friends of the Palestinians should not be encouraging it to play word games but to do the very hard things that the Palestinian interest requires.

### **Dear Secretary Watt**

From THE NEW YORK TIMES

It must be a singular privilege for the ambassador of a small nation like Israel to be singled out for your personal importunings on the politics of energy in the United States. Perhaps the encounter that inspired your letter to him revealed a fellow conservative under the skin who has done his share of battle against liberals back in his own country.

Most of them are in fact Jews.

Your letter warns that if liberal American
Jews join with "the other liberals" of Ameri-

ca to oppose your energy development policies, they will weaken your administration's "ability to be a good friend of Israel."

If by that you mean the more oil America possesses, the less dependent on Arabs it becomes, you make a correct though hardly original analysis of the world's petroleum crisis. People of various faiths and politics have been saying that for a decade.

If you also mean that an America dependent on Middle East oil has been succumbing to Arab blackmail and faltering in its enthusiasm for Israel, that is a problem more aptly raised at almost any other address. The Israelis (and some of their U.S. supporters) have long voiced that complaint.

Indeed, in asking the Israeli ambassador to bring these "facts" to the attention of American Jews, you risk discrediting some important declarations by President Reagan. He has explained the arming of Saudi Arabia and other pro-Arab measures as steps in America's interest, against a Soviet threat, and showing concern for Israel. Your contrary implication — and not what you call a mere fear of "misunderstanding" — explains the White House's quick disavowal of your letter.

You will have noted, in addition, that many Jewish Americans took offense at your asking a foreign ambassador to arrange for you speak to them. They, and not only the liberals among them, believe that concern for the American environment, and the tax subsidies paid to oil prospectors, ought to be kept strictly American controversies. That, surely, is also the view of "other" Americans, as you would put it. And as someone who once pleaded to have his religious convictions kept out of politics, you ought to know that.

### A Whale-Size Loophole

From THE NEW YORK TIMES

A blizzard of postcards and determined diplomacy achieved a splendid victory last week when the International Whaling Commission voted to end the commercial slaughter of whales starting in 1986. With luck, the ban will come in time to save already imperiled cetaceans, and enable declining herds to rebuild themselves. But hold off on the champagne. The commission's 25-to-7 vote is not binding, and could be defied by any of the dissenters, notably Japan.

No one can say for sure how many whales

remain, but stocks of sperm whales have been depleted so alarmingly that the commission has already voted a moratorium on catching them. Undeniably, substitutes exist for all whale products; whaling as an industry is declining and is kept alive with subsidies where it survives, namely Japan, Russia, Norway and Peru. They all voted against the ban. To its eternal credit, Spain, another whaling country, joined the majority.

If persuasion fails, violators should be warned they risk losing access to American fishing waters. Or, conversely, an incentive for compliance can be offered by increasing quotas - a small price for assuring that these animals are not exterminated simply to preserve a few thousand jobs.

If Japan fall into line, so most probably will the rest, including the Soviet Union. But sadly, a resentful Japan has turned the controversy over whaling into a matter of face. With some justice, the Japanese say they have been singled out as the heavy. Whale meat, moreover, has been a traditional item i Japanese diet (though consumption has declined dramatically). Then there is a simple political fact: Japa-

nese whaling and related trades account for about 14,500 jobs in a \$200-million-a-year business. And there is a whaling station near the constituency of Premier Zenko Suzuki. Conservationists assert that Japan is so intense on the subject that it has even tied offers of aid to its bid to have Mexico and Jamaica support its whaling industry. (Mexico voted for the ban; Jamaica abstained.) Threatening Japan with the loss of U.S. fishing rights may be less effective psychologically than offering a bigger legal catch. That way could save face as well as the whale.

Sentiment and science are for once in accord. No mammal poses as many puzzles: its means of migration, its songs, its strange and suicidal beachings. It is part of myth and literature as well as the laboratory. It should

### Party's monopoly on government was jeopardized by the growing power of the Solidarity movement. Solidarity had become a counterpower. It was a menace to Commu-

nist government in the country. Can it be imagined, then, that under pressure of a Western refusal to cooperate in the pipeline project, the Soviet government would have instructed its Polish allies to set Solidarity back on its feet and begin again to listen to Solidarity's demands? Or that the Polish generals, who may be sup-posed to have normal instincts for self-preservation, would have done so even if the Russians made so lunatic a request? When a shrimo whistles, as Nikita Khrushchev used to say.

PARIS — We all know that President Reason has a little President R

ern alliance in the foot, or the back, with his attempt to block West Eu-rope's contribution to the Soviet gas

pipeline project. The transatlantic fight already has done more to harm

the alliance than a ban on turbine

ready at odds over European steel

and agricultural exports to the Unit-

ed States, now are in the worst dis-

pute since the war over the use of

American technology in the work Eu-

ropean companies have contracted to do on the pipeline network.

had actually thought through the con-

sequences, for its partners, of this technology ban, and had won them around to the U.S. way of thinking. Suppose the allies had consulted with

one another, and agreed not to help

Russia with this project. What would

repression in Poland. Or to be

precise, it links its action to what the

Kremlin is presumed to have done to

influence the military takeover in Po-

land. Solidarity, the trade-union

movement, was suppressed by Polish soldiers, not Russian. Poland's gener-

als acted because the Communist

Washington links the ban to Soviet

have been gained?

But suppose that the United States

The United States and its allies, al-

blades could have harmed Russia.

dent Reagan has shot the West-

Western sanctions on the pipeline project could not, in fact, have been expected to produce more than trivial changes in Poland's situation. Indeed, Washington's attempt to impose anctions probably deters change right now, since any improvement in the treatment of Solidarity's leaders could seem to be made under duress, as a form of surrender to Mr. Reagan's pressures.

The second justification offered by Washington for the sanctions is that the pipeline will have important benefits for the Soviet economy at a time when its difficulties have been increasing. Washington asks why the Western nations should provide the Soviet Union with the means to solve problems which follow from the Russia's own technological backwardness, administrative and planning inefficiency, and doctrinal blindness.

The Soviet Union certainly would not offer help to Paris or Washington income taxpayers.

When the Reagan administration to solve the contradictions of capitalfirst came to office, it was full of ism or overcome the current crisis in sharp, clear ideas to transform the



U.S. Issues Principles Without Policy

the Western industrial economy. If their construction contracts in the West create jobs at Alsthom-Atlantique in France, AEG in West Germany, John Brown in Britain, and Nuovo Pignone in Italy, this is inci-dental to the technology and the con-struction talents these European companies can supply to the project.

But, then, that is the same reason-

ing the Europeans are following. They are not helping with the pipeline to do favors for communism or for the Kremlin. They do it because they want the work, the jobs, the sales; and eventually they want the natural gas from Siberia. The affair, for them, is entirely unsentimental. The supposed political benefits of the deal, to better East-West relations by increasing trade, now are only hol-lowly defended.

The Soviet Union bases its trade policy as well as its political policy upon considerations of Communist Party and Soviet state interest, and nothing else. This is widely under-stood in Western Europe. It seems not to be so widely understood in the United States, If it were, Washington would not claim to be able to alter Soviet policy, by means of a trade

WASHINGTON — The steady progress of Sea. Robert Dole's

big tax bill demonstrates an extraor-dinary shift of initiative and influence

in American politics. The White

House is no longer running U.S. economic policy. The Republican leaders and committee chairmen in the Sen-

The senior Republicans are now

moving forcefully to rescue the econ-

omy, a drifting administration and -

not incidentally — their party's pros-

pects. This process began nearly a

year ago as the congressional Repub-

licans began to see evidence that the

economy was not responding as Pres-

gram had anticipated. Their success

represents a victory of pragmatism

over the administration's ideology.

The bill represents a striking rever-

sal of conventional party positions.

The Dole bill puts three-quarters of

its burden on business. It revokes the

worst excesses of last year's tax cut, and it includes important reforms

such as withholding taxes on interest

and dividends — a blow against a common areas of tax evasion. The

Democrats, in lieu of any better ide-as, have been pushing for a repeal of

the 1984 reduction in personal in-

come taxes - the burden of which

would fall almost entirely on middle-

ate have taken charge of it.

ban, or so fundamental a matter of security interest as the nature of Poland's government.

Washington is the one place where an unbusinesslike view of the affair is taken. Why launch a policy which would not change anything important even if it succeeded, and which from the start is known to be unacceptable to the allies, and therefore must do more harm than good? This is the fas-

cinating question. The only answer I can think of is that the Reagan administration, like the Carter administration, has great difficulty telling the difference between a principle and a policy.

Thus both administrations have repeatedly taken stands on principle, which proved unenforceable, irrelevant, or counterproductive in prac-

This, of course, is amateurism in government. A serious man knows that the work of government only begins when the principle a policy is to serve has been defined. Then comes the effort to find out how to make it work in practice, at acceptable cost, without damage to other interests also valuable. This is the hard part of policy-making. It is the part, in Reagan's administration, that keeps getting left out

### Is Showing a Few Holes By John Dornberg

German public in this summer of

When does a social safety net become a social hammock that the state and society can no longer afford to maintain and which, as a consequence, fails to protect those who need it most?

clusive to West Germany, despite its reputation as the precursor of mod-ern welfare states under the Kaiser and Chancellor Otto von Bismarck nearly a century ago.

But never has it seemed so perti-

Genscher managed to patch up temporarily their shaky left-liberal coalition of Social Democrats and Free Democrats by agreeing on an austerity budget for 1983 that will curb, if

In addition to time off, every gainfully employed West German is entitled to six weeks' annual sick leave at full pay. Thus the average blue and white collar is off the job — due to illness - 17 days a year, compared to only five days for the average American. On any given day, 1.6 million

sory medical insurance bill has more marks from 31 billion DM.

- a category of scores of public trough and pork barrel programs that

# Bonn's Social Safety Net Hel Is Showing a Few Holon

amounted to some 500 billion DM

al government expenditures:

The costs of the social safety and

In no other West European country is the bureaucracy payroll as large. Some 4.5 million West Ger-

mans - 16 percent of the total labor

force - are either tenured civil ser-

vanus or otherwise in government em-

ploy, a figure that does not even in-clude the armed services.

Overall government expendinge now accounts for almost 48 percent

of the gross national product, com-pared, for example, to only 32 per-cent in Japan. It is an economic co-

cumbrance that has been several dec-

ades in the making and, despite deni-als and obvious blame shifting, it is an edifice constructed by all the

It was to rectify at least some of these imbalances and the spiraling

budgetary deficits they have caused

that the coalition partners haggled so

They compromised on a plan for the 1983 federal budget that includes a number of pills West Germans are

already finding too bitter to swallow. Some 3.3 billion DM worth of state

contributions toward continuing old

age pension and sickness insurance

for those on unemployment insur-

ance itself are to be raised from the

present 4 to 4.5 percent of gross

wages or salary.

The compulsory medical insurance system should no longer pay for certain patent medicines, including

cough syrups and laxatives, even when prescribed by a physician. The patient's out-of-pocket fee for each

prescription is to be raised from 1.50

to 2 DM. Patients are to pay a flat 5

DM per day for the first seven days in hospital, and those going on

"cures" at popular spa resorts, until last year a biannual one-month privi-

lege at full pay, now tri-annual, will be required to pay 10 DM for each day of taking the waters.

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Bear Revolution

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country's political parties.

bitterly in recent weeks.

MUNICH — A discomforting range from rent subsidies and hous-question confronts the West ing benefits to student aid, from health and accident insurance to job retraining support, from unemployworsening economic and fiscal ment compensation to old age pensions, from welfare for the really indidiscontent.

gent to allowances for children of even multi-millionaire parents subsidy system account for 38 per-cent of all municipal, state and feder-

That question is certainly not ex-

nent and acute than in these weeks since Chancellor Helmut Schmidt and foreign minister Hans-Dietrich not eliminate, some of the perks and amenities which West Germans had come to regard as inalienable rights.

The issues of the moment are the

stringent belt-tightening occasioned by an empty public kitty, the highest unemployment rate in 30 years and the deepest, most persistent recession since the end of World War II. Consider a few statistics.

Thanks to some six weeks of vaca-tion time and 13 to 16 legal holidays annually, the average West German works fewer hours per year than anyone else in the key industrial nations. Hourly labor costs are higher than in any other major Western country with the exception of Sweden, Belgium and Norway.

people — more than 6 percent of the labor force — are out "sick." In the last 10 years annual compul-

#### than tripled to 96 billion Deutsche Meanwhile, total social spending

With most elected politicians on vacation, it is now up to the ministeri-Senate Republicans Filling the Bill al bureaucrats to transform these plans into draft legislation. The task is being conducted to the accompani-

ment of cacophonous outcry. Thus the association of spa towns, sanatoriums and hotels is already complaining of a sharp reduction in visitors this summer and alleging that the new measure would cut attendance by 40 to 50 percent and jeopardize 50,000 jobs in the resorts.

Hospitals, doctors, the pharmaceutical industry and the compulsory health insurances contend that the planned restrictions on medication and hospitalization will drive up administrative costs.

Labor argues that increased unemployment insurance deductions will reduce real incomes and purchasing power, and organized management, which pays for half of any increase, is grousing that it will drive up hourly labor costs even more.

At this point it is anybody's guess whether any of the legislation being drafted will ever pass the parliamentary hurdles. But it is an even bigger guess whether West Germany will ever find a balance again between a net and a hammock. International Herald Tribune.

Letters intended for publication should be addressed to the editor and contain the writer's signature, name and address. Brief letters receive priority, and letters may be abridged. We cannot acknowledge all letters, but we value the views of the readers who submit them.

#### Other Editorial Opinion

In Response to Arafat

The statement does represent, at the very least, an important step towards explicit recognition of Israel's right to exist. The United States administration could and should have welcomed it promptly as such, even if they felt it prudent to seek further clarifications before announcing their willingness to open a direct dialogue with the PLO.

This negative American reaction suggests

that the United States is not interested in ob-taining the PLO's participation in a peaceful settlement of the conflict, or even that it would regard the emergence of the PLO in a negotiating role as an unwanted complica-tion. That is a grave mistake.

The PLO's participation offers by far the best chance that an eventual settlement would win the consent of the mass of the Pal-

- The Times (London).

# JULY 28: FROM OUR PAGES 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1907: Three's a Family

YO

MADISON, Wis. — Taking issue with President Roosevelt on the desirability of raising large families, Prof. Edward A. Ross, head of the sociology department of the Wisconsin State University, and father of three children, said that restriction in the birth rate is a movement salutary in principle and that the evils in its train appear to be minor and tran-sient. "I take my stand," he said, "with those who hate famine, war, saber-toothed competition, class antagonism, degradation of the masses, the wasting of children, the dwarfing of women and the cheapening of men. Shall we live to see the mother of more than three children regarded as a public benefactor and placed on the pay-roll of the state?"

#### 1932: Gorgalov's Appeal

PARIS — Pavel Gorgulov, the Russian politi-cal fanatic who killed President Paul Doumer was convicted of premeditated murder and sentenced to die on the guillotine. Pale and impassive as the sentence was read. Gorgulov burst into a pitiful last appeal: "You have the right to kill me but you cannot dishonor me. I am a good Russian soldier. Let me die before a firing squad! I came to save France, which submits to the presence of the Boches, who killed many French soldiers, but would not give a good Russian soldier an identity card. Until I walk to the guillotine I will cry out that there is no justice. My idea will save the world!" He was still talking as he was forced out of the dock by three guards.

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### It May Be Time To Pull Habib

By Joseph Kraft

WASHINGTON — Philip Habib, President Reagan's special ambassador to the Middle East, combines almost all the traits that make for an ideal negotiator. But he is unaccustomed to closing a deal, so it may be necessary to pull him back from the negotiations on Lebanon. For, unless there is quick success, withdrawal of Habib, or the threat of it, looks like the best remaining way to press the parties toward a peaceful settlement.

Winning the confidence of his boss stands first among the many qualities that make Habib so good at his job. President Reagan likes him as a person and places great faith in his judgment. So does George Shultz, which is why, before becoming secretary of state, he hired Habib as a consultant for Bechtel's Asian business. Alexander Haig pressed Habib into his current job in the Middle East. Before Haig. Habib had such diverse patrons as Henry Kissinger, Cyrus Vance, and Ellsworth Bunker.

Vast experience goes with that record. Habib rose above the common level of career diplomats as chief political officer in the Saigon embassy during the late 60s. In that post he came to understand the interplay of foreign policy and domestic politics, and the ties betweeen diplomacy and force. From Saigon he entered big-time negotiations as the chief professional diplomat in the first phase of the Vietnam peace negotiations. Subsequently, as undersecretary of state for political affairs, he gained a global perspective.

Where his colleagues tend to get hung up on form, Habib goes straight to underlying realities. He has a knack for framing schemes that answer the hidden needs of foreign leaders.

A typical example is Habib's proposal for sending a east of American troops to Beirut as an escort for the exit of the guerrillas of the Palestine Liberation Organization. For all the leaders involved need an American presence as a face-saving pretext for withdrawal from the city. The PLO needs it to continue political life after death as a military force. The Syrians need it to prove that they are yielding, not to the Israelis, but to the great friend of the Arab moderates led by Saudi Arabia. The Israelis need it to prove they have not once again turned matters back to their enemies in the United Nations.

Habib lets senior figures mount the pressures that foster a closing. When there is no pressure, he goes on talking for the sake of talking, without reaching a settlement.

Since the proposal for an U.S. military presence was put forward by Habib at the end of last month, the pressure has steadily gone out of the Lebanese negotiations. First, Israelis who prefer a military solution leaked word



of the proposal. Then U.S. officials, notably Secretary of Defense Caspar Weinberger, watered it down in public discussion. Various Arab parties have used the proposal to play for time and better political standing.

Speaking through Saudi Arabia, most of the Arab states raised objections to receiving the PLO terrorists.

after their evacuation from Beirut. Syria improved its military position by moving more missiles into Lebanon, The PLO chief. Yasser Arafat, used the time to stake claims to a dominant role in the future.

In a desperate effort to get things moving again, Habib has been canvassing all the leading political figures. He has seen King Hussein of Jordan, President Mubarak of Egypt, King Fahd of Saudi Arabia and President Assad of Syria. Before returning to Beirut he is scheduled to meet with Prime Minister Begin in Jerusalem.

The purpose of the tour is to arrange an Arab haven

for the PLO guerrillas. If Habib succeeds, the joint withdrawal of PLO, Syrian and Israeli forces can get under way. The siege of Beirut will be lifted. But if he does not succeed, if the maneuvering for position continues, there is not much left in the pressure pipe except more military action by Israel.

Better than that by far would be a dramatic diplomatic throw by the U.S. — a move to withdraw Habib unless the parties settle to serious business.

Los Angeles Times.

#### budget was to be balanced by spending cuts. The senators, knowing a good deal about the difficulties in

economy. Congress passed the first year's program obediently. But then doubts began to set in almost imme-diately. According to all of the ad-ministration's theories, interest rates hould have begun dropping rapidly in August, as soon as the tax and budget bills were enacted. And, of course, they did not. Last fall, a consensus developed

By J. W. Anderson

vithin the administration that the 1981 tax cut had gone too far and that an increase was needed. Reagan refused to listen. In February, when proposed budget for 1983, the most scathing criticism came from the congressional Republicans, who objected to its huge deficits. The White House, in effect, shrugged and told Congress

to write its own budget.

Confounding all predictions, that's what Congress has done this year — a genuinely astonishing feat that has no real precedent. As it now stands in the first budget resolution, it is chiefly the handiwork of Sen. Pete Domenici and the Senate Budget Committee. Its adjustments in the Reagan program are not minor. For example, the Domenici budget contains a substantial increase in defense spending — but the increase is hardly more than half the increase in the original Reagan proposal. It is a con-servatives' budget, but it follows a

rule of reason that was absent from the Reagan original. The administration held that the

cutting spending, saw that it would take more than that to get the deficits under control. That is where the Dole bill came from. Now that it has passed the Senate, what will the House Democrats do

with it? They see more economic trouble ahead, and they do not want Reagan and the Republicans to be able to blame it on the recalcitrance of the Democratic House. They have they must not leave themselves open to the charge of obstructing the president. If they follow past form, they will make enough of a fuss to fix it in everyone's minds that the responsibility for the tax bill belongs to Mr. Reagan and the Senate Republicans - but, in the end, provide enough votes to pass it. The idea that U.S. economic policy

is being made in hand-to-hand com-bat between President Reagan and House Speaker Tip O'Neill is a fic-tion that serves the interests of both men - but it is a fiction. The reality is that the hands on the wheel are mainly those of Dole, Domenici, Senate majority leader Howard Baker, and Appropriations Committee Chairman Mark Hatfield The Washington Post.

### LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

U.S. Troop Plan

evacuate Palestinian guerillas may be a worthy one. We all hope that, if undertaken, it will be successful and the beginning of a war-free Israel and Lebanon. However, in order to avoid the loss

does not correspond to reality.

It is not the PLO which is killing Lebanese and Palestinian civilians.

the bombing and shelling.

Officials quoted by the Israeli newspaper Haaretz (you can hardly call them facetious) say the 106 Israelis were killed by Palestinian acts of violence between June 1967 and June this year. That is almost as many in 15 years as died in a single

cowardly. The Israeli army, backed by the authority of the state, is heroic and fights fair, even if it does shell the odd hospital by mistake. The PLO should march down to the beach in broad daylight with its machine guns and take on the Israeli air

ROBERT HOLLOWAY.

May we not have a moratorium on

letters to the editor concerning Pales-tine and the Palestinians? The absurdities of the letter from Moshe

Ron of Jerusalem (Letters, July 22)

are not offset by the facts stated in Abdullah Salah's letter published in

force in a clean fight.

Instead it takes West Beirut hostage. Probably the only fault with your editorial was its timing. The PLO had been in Beirut for more than 10 been in the property of President Reagan's plan to send U.S. Marines into Lebanon to help than 10 years; it was only when the Israelis started besieging the city that you noticed that it was being held hostage by the PLO.

of U.S. servicemen's lives, the presi-dent should be assured by Prime Minister Begin that there will be no repetition of a so-called "mistake" such as the disgraceful attack in international waters on U.S.S. Liberty by the Israelis during the 1967 war and the resultant death or injury of over 200 U.S. Navy personnel AGNES S. WALSH.

**Hostage City** 

Regarding "It Is the PLO's Move" (IHT, July 22). "The biggest hijacking in history — half of Beinut is the hostage" said your editorial, repointed from the New York Times. Impressive rhetoric, but, and I write as one who spent the first ten days of the war in West Beirnt, it

but the Israeli armed forces. The slaughter will stop if the Israelis end

the same issue.
Indeed, your letters column has served as a podium for all manner of misinformed and bent views of Mid-

Too Many Words

dle Eastern history, interpreted to suit the writer but of no benefit to the uninformed reader (who is confused by the variety of argument), the edu-cated reader (who knows better) or the biased reader (who automatically agrees or disagrees with a letter depending on the author's apparent na-G. WILLIAMS.

Answer to Buckley

Regarding What's The Use Anyway? (IHT, July 16): William F. Buckley would like to know how a computer can be useful in the home. The answer is painfully obvious: The so-minute Israeli air raid on June 5. Itome computer is to write home computer programs. Now, Mr. Maybe I'm missing the point. The Buckley, being particularly shrewd, PLO is a guerrilla organization; would no doubt ask: Why does one therefore unlawful, unscrupulous and cowardly. The Israeli use of a home computer is to write writes home computer programs to enjoy his home computer, what else? A home computer is not a means, it is

> GEORGE V. ESTRYN Rhode-St.-Oenese, BELGIUM.

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### France's Dassault Denies Charge It Helped Argentina Arm Missiles

iled by Our Staff From Disputches PARIS - A team of French military technicians remained in Buonos Aires during the Falklands war and could not have helped the Argentine Air Force, which was based in the south, the company that built the deadly Exocet missile said Tuesday.

A spokesman for the Dassault aviation company, which builds the missile and the Mirage fighter. planes that Argentina used in the war, thus devied a claim by the Sunday Times of London that the technical team had helped arm planes with the Exocet.

When the allegations surfaced, Defense Minister Charles Hermi-of France ordered an investigation to see if the French embargo on aid to Argentina during the war had been respected.

France and the rest of the European Economic Community imposed the embargo at the outbreak of hostilities over the Falklands. (Life in the Falklands, Insights,

Argentine Capabilities

The Dassault spokesman, who requested anonymity, said the British underestimated Argentine technical expertise and that Argentina was perfectly capable of arming the planes with the Exocet without

He said the Prench technicians were restricted to Buenos Aires during the conflict, while the planes and missiles were based in the Patagonia region in southern

The Exocet was used to sink the British frigate Sheffield and the cargo vessel Atlantic Conveyor, causing a total of 36 deaths.

• In Buenos Aires, the army said that four generals, including Gen. Mario Benjamin Menendez, commander of the Argentine forces on the Falklands, have been removed from their positions pending an investigation.

Gen. Cristino Nicolaides, the army commander, said the action carries no implicit judgment of the performance or actions of those involved."

Gen. Menéndez signed the sur-render document that ended the

#### Guerrilla Rocket Hurts 4 Policemen in Ulster The Associated Press

BELFAST — Four policemen were injured Tuesday by a rocket fired in ambush from a house that had been taken over by guerrillas, the police said.

A spokesman said that the officers, members of the predominantly Protestant Royal Ulster Constabulary, were not seriously hart. He said the Irish Republican Army comes at the expense of the Soviet was under suspicion in the attack.

about 10,000 Peronists shouting enough. furious slogans against the military

A ban against political party activities was lifted 10 days ago by President Revnaldo Bignone, who has promised elections and a return to civilian rule by March,

government.

The rally was organized by the Peronists' left-wing and youth factions and was not backed by the organization's national directorate. The highly popular Mrs. Peron died of capoer in 1952 at the age of

• In Parliament, a BBC correspondent told an investigating committee that British journalists covering the Falklands conflict refused military requests to report false information. A reporter, Brian Hanrahan, said military officials wanted to use the press to confuse Argentine forces. He said the reporters refused "to be used as a voice of disinformation."

• In London, a service at St.

Meanwhile, a rally Monday Paul's Cathedral held to mark the night that was called to commemo- end of the Falklands conflict has rate the 30th anniversary of the provoked angry comments that it death of Eva Peron, ended with was not patriotic or triumphant

> A conservative parliamentarian, Julian Amery, was quoted as saying that a sermon by the archbishop of Canterbury, the Right Rev. Robert Runcie, "would have been more appropriate in Buenos Aires

"There were no martial hymns like Fight the Good Fight," Mr. Amery said. There was no thanksgiving for the liberation of British subjects from the invad-

Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher was reported to be furious about the tone of the service. which she attended with the royal family, military leaders and some of the military men who recap-tured the Falklands from Argenti-

Archbishop Runcie said in his address, "People are mourning on both sides of this conflict." He said people should pray for the bereaved both in Britain and Ar-



Thousands of Argentines gathered Monday at the tomb of Eva Perón to mark the 30th anniversary of her death. Many of them later began shouting slogans against the military regime.

### Peru, After Buying Soviet Jets, Seeks U.S. F-16s

By George C. Wilson

Washington Post Service WASHINGTON - Peru has notified the Reagan administration it is interested in buying 26 General Dynamics F-16 fighter-bombers, according to government officials.

Such a sale could mark a significant shift away from Peru's past dependence on Soviet weapoury. It would also constitute the first sale of a combat plane designed expressly for developing countries under the FX program begun by former President Jimmy Carter and embraced by President

That program is designed to sat-isfy Third World demand for more sophisticated fighters without selling planes that are so advanced would upset the arms balance

in a region.

The F-16 Peru wants has about 20 percent less range than the ver-sion flown by the U.S. Air Force. The FX is powered by the older J-79 engine, the power plant for the F-4 fighter-bomber, rather than the higher performance F-100 in the F-16.

**Preliminary Talks** Government officials (amiliar

with the processing of Pern's request, which now goes from the Pentagon to the State Department, predicted Monday that Mr. Reagan will welcome the chance to broaden the U.S. arms supply relationship with Peru, especially if it ever, are still in the preliminary

Peru caused consternation among Washington officials in 1976 when it announced it was rejecting a U.S. offer of Northrop F-5 fighters and buying 36 Soviet SU-22 fighter-bombers instead, becoming the first Latin American country outside of Cuba to purchase Soviet warplanes.

French Mirage jets had been the

mainstay of the Peruvian Air nounced the switch to Soviet air-Force until that time. craft. Asked if the poor performance

in Lebanon prompted Peru to turn back to the United States, govern-ment officials said they doubted the choice of the F-16 was made that recently.
As for any protests from the So-

viet Union over the possible F-16 purchases, Peru could repeat same

Peruvian Foreign Minister José

of Soviet weaponry in the fighting de la Puente said then, "Airplanes in Lebanon prompted Peru to turn have no ideology. All countries renew their air forces periodically. The F-16, J-79 combination

purchases, Peru could repeat same ing missiles for air-to-air combat kind of statement it gave to American reporters in 1976 when it an-

would give Peru a supersonic plane for aerial doglighting and for at-tacking forces on the ground. The plane carries Sidewinder heat-seek-

Bombay when it landed at Mahé Their leader, Michael Hoare, to refuel. The mercenaries, in flight after the abortive coup, boarded the plane there. Addressing a court packed with the families and friends of the

**Mercenaries Convicted** 

was convicted on three counts. each of them carrying sentences of Justice Neville James, delivering

Africa - Forty-two mercenaries

his verdict at the end of a five-month trial, ruled that Mr. Hoare and four of his comrades were responsible for seizing an Air India Boeing 707 at Mahé airport on the Seychelles's main island. Victoria, on Nov. 26. The four others were Peter Duffy, Michael Webb, Charles Goatley and Vernon Prinsloo.

He acquitted all the others on that charge, because there was no evidence they knew about the commandeering of the plane. They believed the pilot was willingly flying them to South Africa.

**Endangering Safety** 

Mr. James found all but one of the 43 mercenaries guilty of endan-gering the safety of the aircraft and its passengers after a gun bat-tle at the Mahé airport. Charles Dukes, an American, who was badly wounded in the fighting and was carried onto the plane, was found not guilty on all charges.

Mr. Hoare, 63, and Mr. Duffy, , were convicted on a third count of endangering the plane and its passengers when they tried to neotiate conditions with security officials for their surrender after they had landed at Durban, South Afri-

fourth count of carrying eapons aboard an aircrait was

dropped. Sentences were expected Mr. Hoare and his men had

### Nicaragua, Honduras Intensify Skirmishing

By Richard Halloran New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — Border skirmishing between Nicaraguan and Honduran forces has increased recently, causing renewed fears of a wider conflict in Central America, according to U.S. military ana-

There's an awful lot of rhetoric," said one analyst, "and a lot of confusion. It's not clear who's doing what to whom." But the anabusts said that the United States had independent confirmation from Central America that the fighting had intensified. The Nicaragnans have asserted

that former National Guard forces, once under the control of President Anastasio Somoza, who was overthrown in July, 1979, have been subsidized by the United States through the Honduran gov-

Over the weekend, Nicaragua's minister of interior, Tomas Borge Martinez, said that "a real state of war" existed along the border with Honduras. He said 6,000 former Honduran National Guardsmen had been infiltrating into Nicara-

Mr. Borge asserted that defec-tors from his Sandinista movement had joined "with former guards and the military that massacres peasants in Honduras and the imperialist Yankees who have stained their hands with blood of all peoples on earth." U.S. officials denied that the

United States was involved but said that the former National Guardsmen had probably been involved in the border crossings and fighting. They said that wealthy former Nicaraguan landlords who supported the Somoza regime might have financed those troops.

The analysts asserted there had en an undercurrent of rejection of the Sandinista movement by Nicaraguan idealists who had supported the revolution against Gen. Somoza but had begun to turn away from the Sandinistas-as no better than the former ruling

On the Honduran side, the the government has accused Nicaraguan forces of penetrating the border to attack troops and villages. The Hondurans have also accused the Nicaraguans of seeking to widen the conflict in Central America.

The analysts said the Hondurans and other Central Americans were particularly anxious about what they assert is a continuous flow of military supplies into Ni-caragua from Cuba. They said that no Soviet-built MiG fighters had shown up but that construction of at least one runway capable of handling MiGs had been complet-

Officials said that two U.S. Air Force C-130s, operating from the Honduran capital of Tegucigalpa since July 19, were taking part in a long-scheduled exercise with Hon-

They said that the exercise was the latest in a 15-year-old series of combined maneuvers in which U.S. forces train with those of nations in the Caribbean area. Whether the American aircraft had flown Honduran troops to the border region could not be deter-

In Seychelles Hijacking PIETERMARITZBURG, South
Africa — Forty-two mercenaries

Pieded not guilty, testifying that the crew of the plane had agreed to fly them to Durban. The aircraft charges arising from the hijacking of an aircraft after a coup attempt in the Seychelles in November accused, the judge described Mr. Hoare as an unscrupulous man with a highly cavalier attitude toward the truth. He said there was no evidence to back Mr.

Hoare's contention that the South African Cabinet and other government officials were involved in the coup or that any government offi-cials knew when the coup attempt would be made. He added, however, that certain members of the South African defense force had lent aid and sup-

port to the attempt to depose President Albert Rene of the Seychelles by delivering the weapons used by the mercenaries to Mr.

He said it was likely that the



Michael Hoare

Service was aware of the coup plans, because one of the mercenaries left behind on the island

was an agent on leave. The agent, Martin Dolinchek. was sentenced to 20 years in jail in the Seychelles earlier this month after testifying for the state at his trial. Four others tried with him

### 2 Legislators Ask U.S. To Seek Somali Truce

WASHINGTON - The Democratic chairman and the senior Re-publican member of a House Foreign Affairs subcommittee on Africa have urged Secretary of State George P. Shultz to adopt a comprehensive policy for the Horn of Africa to end the conflict between Somalia and Ethiopia.

The two representatives - Howard E. Wolpe, Democrat of Michigan, and William F. Goodling, Republican of Pennsylvania - also suggested that the subcommittee would block funds for future military aid to Somalia unless such a policy were formulated.

In a letter dated Friday but made public Monday, they called for "a high-level diplomatic initiative to both Somalia and Ethiopia to seek a rapid, mutual withdrawal and a cease-fire."

Somalia, disclosed over the weekend, had been limited to rifles, ammunition and communications sear rather than anti-aircraft radar and guns as reported earlier. But the administration officials

and naval bases for use by the

Administration officials, mean-while, said that emergency aid to

noted that anti-aircraft systems had been ordered by Somalia under a 1980 accord that gave the United States access to Somali air

Rapid Deployment Force in an

emergency. According to press reports, Ethiopian forces and Somali insurgents have attacked across the border into Somalia. Ethiopia has denied sending its own forces into Somalia.

To help Somalia, the United States has speeded up deliveries of previously ordered weapons, offi-cials said in Washington.

The letter from the two subcommittee members said Ethiopia's action "threatens to heighten Cold War tensions." About 9,000 advis-ers from the Soviet Union, Cuba

and East Germany are in Ethiopia. The U.S. legislators urged Mr. Shultz to inform Somalia that U.S. military assistance was being jeopardized by Somali assistance to anti-Ethiopian guerrillas in the disputed Ogaden region.

#### Sudan Tries to Mediate

KHARTOUM, Sudan (Reuters) -Omar Mohamed al-Tayeb, a Sudanese vice president, traveled to Ethiopia Tuesday to mediate in that nation's dispute with Somalia, the Sudan news agency reported. It said he took a message from President Gaafar Nimeiri to Lt. Col. Mengistu Haile Mariam, the

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### ARTS/LEISURE

## Fuest's 'Aphrodite' Is a Tepid Movie

By Thomas Quinn Curtiss ational Herald Tribune DARIS - It has long been in the A cards that Pierre Louys'
"Aphrodite" would emerge as a
motion picture. A whiff of scandal has accompanied the novel since it was published in 1895. It was denounced as a corrupting work in the French Senate, but François Coppée of the French Academy declared it a literary masterpiece

150,000 copies).
The Robert Fuest adaptation that has now arrived (shot in both French and English) is, to say the least, disappointing. It is not a dramatization of the novel at all, but has been devised to show the influence of the book's lyric eroticism on a munitions merchant.

(whereupon it sold more than

This lascivious tycoon is sailing on his yacht with a party in the Mediterranean during the summer of 1914. When his ship anchors on a lovely isle, he proposes that his guests join him in re-enacting incidents from the Louys romance.

The original, it may be remembered, told of Chrysis, an Alexandrian courtesan, who requires that her admirer, Demetrios, a gifted sculptor, commit a theft, a murder and a sacrilege to win her favors. He performs the deeds and then soprus her. She drinks hemlock, d over her beautiful corpse Demetrios is inspired to carve a perfect statue.

The improvisations that Fuest has foisted on the modern recounting of the narrative are incongruous, especially the portrayal of Louys' vicious heroine by a maiden of quivering innocence (Valérie Kaprisky, looking like Cinderella in a pirate's den). Horst Buchholz is the Neronian host and Capucine puts in an appearance as a haughty

of 1914 society — to give the nonsense some substance - only remind one how the art of writing has declined since Louys' days. Pictorially the film has merits, with its seascapes, vistas of the paradisaic island, subtle shadings of sequences and costuming of Edwardian finery. But it still remains for some ambitious moviemaker to bring "Aphrodite" to

How many times have we seen among the celluloid shadows a harmless man — usually of milk-sop disposition — mistaken for a dangerous criminal at large?

It happened to Harold Lloyd again and again, to Harry Lang-don, to Charlie Chaplin, even to Woody Allen. It happens once more in Pierre Lary's "L'indis-crétion," though this time the matter is presented not for laughs but as a sort of problem melodrama, with the wretched victim frantically wondering if he is going insane.

Jean Rochefort has the necessary worned look as strange com-plications rapidly multiply. His flat is bugged, a woman with whom he has fallen in love may or may not — be betraying him with his friendly neighbor. He flees his home for a hotel and his blood pressure mounts when there is a knock at the door. He can never escape his tormentors until the last

The situation — though not the plot maneuvering — was treated by Hitchcock in "The Wrong Man." Lary offers it more sombre tones as though it were a study of persecution mania. As a thriller it has a few gripping moments, but not enough to lift it above the ordinary samples of its genre.

Gleb Panfilov's "Valentina,"

The Company's shares are by far the most widely distributed

common stock in Spain. The Spanish public sector owns

48.3 per cent of the share capital and more than 600,000

Corporation whose shares are traded on the four Spanish

private shareholders the rest.

YQ

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though set in the Siberian wilds, is not the customary boy-meets-tractor uplift propaganda. It is per-haps a bit static due to its origin as a stage play, but even this is a virtue, sparing us the banal chases and violent agitation that so often occupy the modern screen. Its tempo is leisurely, but once under way it casts a binding spell in relating the experience of a young girl, a waitress in a village restaurant, who is wooed by a rough yokel and a middle-aged journalist but who secretly loves a visiting inspector.

This miniature drama has a Chekhov-cum-Gorki air, and Panfilov has mounted it with skill and subtlety, creating without overem-phasis the underlying mood of qui-et desperation and receiving from all the members of his company excellent characterizations — from the town drunk to the comic tramp and from the bot-tempered tavern proprietress to the maudin resident siren - while Daria Mikhailova as the wistful heroine contributes a performance of uncommon depth, complete in its

pathos and purity.
"Valentina" is the best film to have come from the Soviet studios

COMPAÑIA TELEFONICA NACIONAL DE ESPAÑA

# Yves Saint Laurent's Red-and-Black Trump Suit

By Hebe Dorsey

PARIS — Yves Saint Laurent has quite a few explosive cards up his classy sleeve for his showing today. One of them is a long suit with a swirling skirt and a short, nipped-in red jacket faced with black velvet collar and cuffs. At a preview, Saint Laurent, who is not known for being happy with himself, was heard to whisper several times, "Superbe, superbe."
Meanwhile, the world is still

padded in quilted white satin for the money crowd who can afford Emannel Ungaro. With an adoring front row of American and French socialites, his collection was a triumph Tuesday. Ungaro, whose career has had its ups and downs, is getting to be a cult figure and he has reached that magic plateau where he can do no wrong

He deserves all of it; he has talent and has worked very hard. With a series of hit collections, he has captured the U.S. market and his fame is almost bigger there than in France. His impressive lineup of socialites included his "godmother" and very first client, Marie Helene de Rothschild: the wife of the banker Edmond Safra (fairly new to the scene, but her enormous diamond got her instant attention); and the writer Edmonde Charles-Roux, author of a book on Coco Chanel and wife of French Interior Minister Gaston

#### Strict Femininity

After the show, Ungaro said he has cleaned up his act, but that's an exaggeration. Clean-cut it is not, though it is true that be has moved from the flamboyant Ballets Russes era to the earlier, staider Edwardian period. And his as-semblage of fabrics, colors and patterns is still mind-boggling. Mixing them with his usual abandon, he ends up with tweed, pinstripes, checks, satin and lace all in

First came suits, mostly gray

The gross investment of Telefónica in 1981 was 3.73 per

cent of the gross investment of the Spanish private sector.

As of December 31, 1981, Telefónica had 64,518 employees

that represented 0.2684 per cent of the Spanish working

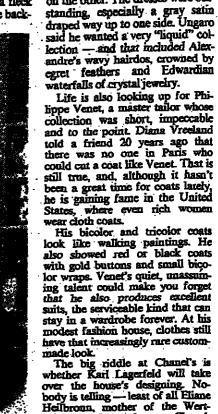
At the end of 1981 Spain had 31 telephones per 100

mixed with satin blouses, which Ungaro calls his new classics. "I wanted this part very strict, discip-lined yet totally feminine," he said after the show. The best suits had short cutaway jackets over softly draped satin blouses. The longer ones, with black braid trimmings,

which is hard to avoid when Ungaro goes over-intellectual. His pants and blousons, of which he showed quite a few, also looked like they had had it.

and mostly menswear fabrics had a sort of sad ring to them, have showed a lot of black, Ungaro opened with solid gray, a color that can be dull - but his satins had a lovely grisaille look to them

Act Two was an explosion of Etro's extraordinary silk and cashmere paisleys, which included very masculine in shape, and as many as 13 colors, plus a fleck where the rest of Paris designers of gold, on blue, red or being back-



looked too retro for some, but Un-

garo loves his trips into the past,

The fringed shawls were stuming.

The third part was evening wear

with black smokings on one side

and liquid dresses, cut on the bias,

on the other. The dresses were out-

tional lawyer and in charge of Chanel's contracts, says there is not a word of truth in the rumors. One thing is sure: According to a news release, this is the last collection by Jean Cazaubon and Yvonne Dudel, Chane's assistants for years and responsible for the couture line since she died. Their replacement won't be announced until the end of September.

heimer brothers, who own Chanel.

Mrs. Heilbronn, who is an interna-

Ungaro's long coat with paisley dress and shawl; red and black suit by Yves Saint Laurent.

#### 'Windy City': A New Musical Page newspapermen and that explains By Sheridan Morley

L ONDON — The first thing in favor of "Windy City," a new musical based on "The Front Page" at the Victoria Palace, is its score: a smashing, lilting, big-brass, sentimental, sing-along suc-cession of 15 numbers by an Eng-lish composer new to me (Tony Macanlay) and a lyricist (Dick Vosburgh) now so steeped in American showbiz folklore that he will doubtless end up as a special nostalgia consultant to the White

The second is that though the first half does not quite hang to-gether the second half lifts off into such a series of musical and dramatic triumphs that you leave the theater on a considerable high, only later to have to come to terms tion of a number of other profes-

sional observers. No one doubts that "The Front Page" (written in 1928 by Ben Hecht and Charles MacArthur as a result of their Chicago newspaper experiences, thrice filmed and much revived on stage, most re-cently in London by the National Theatre in 1972) is a classic of deadline lunacy, but to suggest, as some have, that it is therefore untouchable and does not need songs makes about as much sense as wondering why anybody ever bothered adding songs to "Romeo and Juliet" or "Pygmalion." The problem is not the songs

but what has to be sacrificed in order to get them in, and the first thing to go has been the intricate first-act structure of the play, in which the reporters were individually established and introduced.

Devont Tribute

But Vosburgh (also responsible for the book) has realized that "The Front Page" is as perfect a representation of its tumultuous times as any Cagney-Bogart movie. and though it may have been the avowed intent of its authors to point up the callous indifference with which prewar Chicago viewed accidental or intentional death, what they ended up with was a sentimentally devout tribute to iournalists who (unlike the police or the politicians of the story) are ultimately forgiven everything in the name of their eccentric calling. The play treats reporters with all the reverence accorded by "The Sound of Music" to nuns: They may be, indeed here are, incom-petent, alcoholic, bloodthirsty numskulls, but by Jesus they're

WORLDWIDE

**ENTERTAINMENT** 

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Walter Kerr once called "The Front Page" a machine for sur-prising and delighting the andience regularly, logically, insanely and accountably." What Vosburgh and Macaulay, with their director, Peter Wood, have had to do is strip down that 50-year-old machine and reassemble it in working or-At first you wonder if they're

going to make it: A lot of splendid original material (such as Sheriff Hartman's habit of putting 200 of is relatives on the city payroll to defend Chicago against the Red Army, "which is leaving Moscow any minute now") has disappeared to be replaced by a lightning canter through the plot that only has time to focus on about half a dozen of the principals.

But this stripping-down to basics of a complex tale involving a killer, a Hollywood heiress and a reporter called Hildy Johnson so booked on print that his fingers seem to come with typewriter attached, does at least allow us to realize that "Windy City" is to be an actors' musical

Rambling Charm

No choreographer is credited, no set-piece dance routines are allowed to interrupt newsroom activity as manic as anything ever dreamed up by Vosburgh's be-loved Marx Brothers, whose period this also was. The show appears to have been put together by and for men who have never danced much in their lives and see no reason to start now. Dennis Waterman (as Hildy) and Anton Rodgers as his treacherous, irascible editor are not exactly Fred Astaire and Jack Buchanan, but they have an oddly clumsy, rambling charm that turns their "I Can Just Imagine It" into

ing cast needed for this show is already gainfully employed in "Guys and Dolls" at the National, Wood's triumph has been to pull together in London an Anglo-American team of people who plausibly have been spending their lives peering through cigar ash and poker hands in search of a scoop. On the other side of their grubby desks the "real people" are well represented by Robert Longden doing a wonderful turn as the killer, Amanda Redman as the Hollywood girl with the encyclo-pedic knowledge of Dolores Del Rio (Vosburgh is not a man to waste much), and Diane Langton as the tart with the heart of pure

In the end, what happens here, as in all good musicals, is that the songs paper over the cracks; just whether to parody what was anyway a satire and unsure just how much of the original still makes sense, along comes another rousing number and we're back to the typewriters. Only Waterman's closing solo seems messily staged, as though the singer and director had suddenly lost faith in it as a conventional number and there-fore imported a likable but irrele-

vant drunk to help it along. Elsewhere, even on the first night, there was a confidence found all too rarely in new British musicals, and though I hope that the Victoria Palace can hold this "Front Page" for many months to come, it's also good to know that we now have, after "Evita" and "Cats," a third original score to send to Broadway with pride rather than the traditional deep embarrassment, not least because of Carl Toms' stunningly versatile set, which comes complete with a train shunting back and forth across the Chicago skyline.

### Raimondi's 'Quichotte'

By William Weaver onal Herald Tribune

a genuine showstopper.

ENICE - Now that its regular Winter opera season is over, the Teatro La Fenice has been presenting a series of nonsubscription events, virtually a little festival, under the general title "Europe in Venice 1982." Some weeks ago the Dresden Opera visited, with its stagings of "Freischutz" and "Rosenkavalier." In a few days, the Royal Ballet will arrive from London for some gala performances of "Romeo and Juliet." And for the past 10 days the Fenice has been featuring its own new and handsome staging of Massener's "Don Quichotte," a work that is something of a rarity in Italy.

Written for Chaliapin, this "Don Quichotte" requires and rewards a superstar protagonist. In the basso category today, Ruggero Raimondi can claim that status.

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And, by his own admission, he has been dreaming of this part for a decade. Certainly he sings it splendidly, with charm, delicacy and lyric authority (and even with quite creditable French diction). His dramatic conception of the hero, however, still remains generic. Most of the time, this cavalier seems too normal; the grotesque edge is wanting the larger-than-life dimension. Still, it is an imssive achievement, and as Raimondi repeats the role — he surely must - the interpretation will grow and deepen.

Excellent Support The star was given excellent sup-

port, especially by the Fenice or-cliestra — which sounds better at every hearing — and by the con-ductor, Georges Prêtre, who was alert to the quirkish irony that punctuates this score. Composed at the end of Massenet's life, Don 'Quichotte" echoes earlier works (and not always by Massenet there is a distinct reminiscence of "Falstaff" at one point); but the piece has an arresting personality. a wry elegiacal tone that the conductor conveyed admirably. The chorus also made a positive contri-

As Sancho Panza, the veteran Gabriel Bacquier was almost too much at home in his role. His broad comedy occasionally overstepped the emotional confines of the work. He seemed to be compensating, with his acting for the worn, unsteady condition of his voice. The Dukines of Margaritz Zimmermann was a picasure to see and hear: charming, graceful fig-ure; warm, deep voice; suitably mercurial temperament.

### stock exchanges. inhabitants. THREE YEAR SITUATION BALANCES 1979-1981

	(Millions of pesetas unless of	U.S. \$		
Assets	<u>1979</u>	1980	1981	millions
Fixed assets Inventories and debtors Financial accounts Transitory accounts Contra and Special accounts Total	751,374.1 62,292.5 8,914.9 7,822.0 15,954.7 846,358.2	893,268.7 73,640.4 5,630.6 18,648.5 23,544.2 1,014,732.4	971,927.6 79,317.1 13,716.6 53,899.4 31,724.9 1,150,585.6	9,959.3 812.8 140.6 552.3 325.0 11,790.0
Stockholders' Equity and Liabilities				
Capital and reserves Non-reimbursable deposits from outside sources Allowances Long and medium-term debt Short-term debt Transitory accounts Contra and Special accounts Results	455,740.0 2,067.7 6,773.8 254,443.8 81,622.9 7,878.9 15,954.7 21,876.4	529,820.5 2,114.2 6,096.9 316,948.0 102,785.0 9,607.4 23,544.2 23,816.2	545,396.7 2,306.8 5,639.0 412,759.1 116,724.8 12,156.5 23,877.8 31,724.9	5,588.6 23.6 57.8 4.229.5 1,196.1 124.6 244.7 325.1
· Total	846,358.2	1,014,732.4	1,150,585.6	11,790.0
(1 \$ = 97,59)				

### MAIN OPERATING STATISTICS 1979-1981

1070

	1979	1980	1981
Number of telephones in service at December 31	11,130,283	11,844,623	12,388,458
Increase over previous years (in %)	7.9	6.4	4.6
Number of telephones installed during the year (net of removals)	818,860	714,340	543,835
Telephones with automatic dialing in % of telephones in service at December 31	97.9	98.2	98.5
Telephone per 100 inhabitants	28.0	31.2	32.9
Number of communities served at December 31	15,177	22,090	28,993
Number of domestic long distance calls (millions)	1,780	1,966	2,104
Number of international calls (millions)	43	51,4	57.1
Long distance circuits (millions of kilometers)	66.3	73.6	79.7
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# Mrs. Indira Gandhi, Prime Minister of India in the United States: A Dialogue on Enduring Values.

The United States and India are the two largest democracies in the world an oft-repeated statement but so true.

With Mrs. Indira Gandhi in our midst today it is time to look at it afresh and respond to what it really means. Not merely that the two governments share a common ideology but that the two peoples whom they represent also share ideals, values and principles that go well beyond ideology or official policies.

It is this bond, that has made possible an Indo-US dialogue even when differences of perception have sometimes been sharp. The bond has therefore been well tested.

Through the ups and downs of Indo-US relations, a continuing and permanent theme has been the shared feeling of certain values that are a part of the humane and liberal heritage of the peoples of the two countries.

On the Indian side memories are still alive of generous American sympathy for the Indian struggle for Independence.

The Indian national effort first for freedom and then for development struck a responsive chord in the American psyche.

On the American side there has been a growing appreciation of the fact that democracy in India has not only survived but has taken root as something willingly accepted by the people.

The world scene is cluttered with foundered democracies, with countries which have abandoned democracy or have compromised with authoritarian ideologies. The compulsions of underdevelopment have always conspired to undermine democracy.



It is in resisting this, despite enormous difficulties, that India has earned an entitlement to American respect and attention. And conversely the United States has earned a similar entitlement from India by keeping the flame of idealism alive in its conduct of world affairs.

From this background has emerged the conviction in both countries that when all is said and done their long-term objectives are the same and that their interests, seen in perspective, are identical or complementary.

One feature of this relationship has been a remarkable frankness in the dialogue between the two countries.

This has often in the past caused feelings to run high. Yet it has always fallen short of disillusionment, and the belief that we can continue to talk and strive for mutual understanding has remained untouched and inviolate.

That is the single most relevant explanation of why Mrs. Gandhi is in the United States today.

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#### By James Feron

New York Times Service STANLEY, Falkland Islands — One mouth after the end of hostilities here, Falkland Islanders seem convinced that they will never again experience the way of life that Britain fought to maintain.

The muddy streets and fields of Stanley will be cleared within three months of seven million rounds of live ammunition, but it may not be for years, if ever, that as many as 12,000 mines can be removed. They include small plastic devices scattered from helicopters in the final days of the war.

Children, who have come to call them "green pebbles," 'are kept at home by fearful rents. Jeanne Sheridan, a mother of two. said, "We'll never be able to cross those fields to gather teaberries again." Because of the mines, there is no driving outside of Stanley. no fishing and no collection of peat, which is used for heating.

The solitude of these islands, which long served as an attraction to its ruggedly individualistic inhabitants, also has given way to the turmoil of an overwhelming military presence. Many of the nearly 3,000 soldiers will eventually leave, but the permanent garrison could equal the islands' population of 1,800.



Stanley residents with British commandos after the liberation, After some soldiers

Britain's decisive victory also has produced what is probably another long-term effect the loss to islanders of access to the Argentine mainland. Before the war there were one or two flights a week; now there are none, and there are no plans by Uruguay, Chile or Brazil to provide a substitute air link.

In addition, there is a residue of concern over the possibility of renewed hostilities. s last week soldiers manning the 12 Rapier missile sites in and around this town raced to their positions and Harrier fighters were sent aloft, responding to radar warnings that a plane had violated the 200-mile "exchuone Britain continues to maintain.

Maj. Gen. Jeremy Moore, the commander of land forces, said that "radar can provide all sorts of contact, real and spurious," but John Smith, an islander who runs a guest house, saw it differently:

Somebody in Argentina might be saying The army let us down, but perhaps the air force can have a go at them, or maybe they are just sniffing around the perimeter, to see how we react or to test our nerves. In any case, nobody tells us anything, and that's the worst

#### Improved Amenities

But some also see a brighter side in the aftermath of the 10-week war. There is a widespread belief, for instance, that the British military presence, intrusive as it may seem after Britain's welcome role as liberator, may also bring improved amenities for the people of the

Des King, proprietor of the Upland Goose, the island's only hotel, said, "Maybe we'll get new shops, a baker, a person to repair shoes, a hairdresser; I see a lot of benefits." One was immediately evident. According to the local radio station, a military veterinarian was arriving to help with dogs intended to sniff out mines, and he would be "available to deal with other

There is also the hope that the 1,000 Royal Engineers who arrived last week aboard the Rangalira, and who are living aboard the pas-senger vessel, will extend their road repair, lifting and rebuilding talents to civilian needs once military requirements are fulfilled.

Britain's victory has similarly clarified what many islanders felt was an uncertain political future, and one that some said had discouraged potential investors.

#### Lease-Back proposal

"For years, the Foreign and Commonwealth Office had been pushing us into the arms of the Argentines," said Gerald Cheek in a reference to a Hong Kong-like "lease-back proposal" that would recognize Argentine sovereignty. "But now, 50 million Britons will have a say in our future."

Some islanders, such as Mr. King, would choose independence under British protection, while others seemed to favor full colony status, such as that given Gibraltar. But the majority shrug the matter off, saying that it is too early to speculate. A full and firm British role is seen by most as certain, however, and that pleases

The question of investment is a serious one in Stanley, where the Falkland Islands Co., which owns half the islands' sheep farms, is the dominant factor in the economy. It has been criticized for lack of initiative, and a 1976 British survey emphasized that a wider ownership of land would benefit an economy whose only export is wool.

Mr. King, who managed Falkland Islands Co. stores before buying his hotel 13 years ago,

where they will have to sell their land." Before the war, he said, "they sold six blocks to the Falkland Islands government, which sold them in turn to six farmers. One hears they they'll be doing more of that."

"It would necessary," Mr. King added, "to attain more people who live here. People do want to own their own, especially those people of an independent nature."

Company officials declined to discuss the

The first non-British journalists given access to the Falklands since the war saw islands, just north of Antarctica, swept by freezing rain and fog, and an open and pleasant population al-most totally British in nature. Stanley seems like a U.S. frontier town, set today inside an army depot. Once quiet streets now are busy with army vehicles, half of them captured from the Argentines and in good condition.

Margaret Leonard, one of 26 Americans living in the Falkland Islands, almost all of the Bahe's religious.

whom are members of the Baha'i religious faith, described bow life had changed in Stan-

Before the war I'd go to the post office on a Tuesday and there'd be nobody in sight. Perhaps a Rover would drive by and at the Upland Goose there might be a tourist. At the post office there would be two girls behind the counter, and still nobody around." "Now, its all models" she said all muddy," she said.

#### Peat Soil All Over

Peat soil has been tracked all over town, in some places ankle deep. "There's a crane on John Street," Mrs. Leonard said, "and at the Upland Goose there are some generals or other big shots. In the post office, great piles of mail, and sleeping bags. It's a military domni-

Residents of Stanley wake up these days to the sound of cock crows - there is a shortage of eggs because Argentine conscripts are most of the hens — and the whir of helicopter blades. With little docking space, supplies and personnel are transferred from ship to shore by air, and there are often half a dozen heli-

copters aloft at a time.

Stanley's waterfront, perhaps the length of 10 city blocks, is jammed with damaged or destroyed vehicles awaiting transfer. Soldiers are everywhere, building a landing ramp for amphilious craft, gathering civilians in fields for transfer to ships returning to Britain, moving supplies from where helicopters stacked them or relaxing in the Western-style Globe Ho-

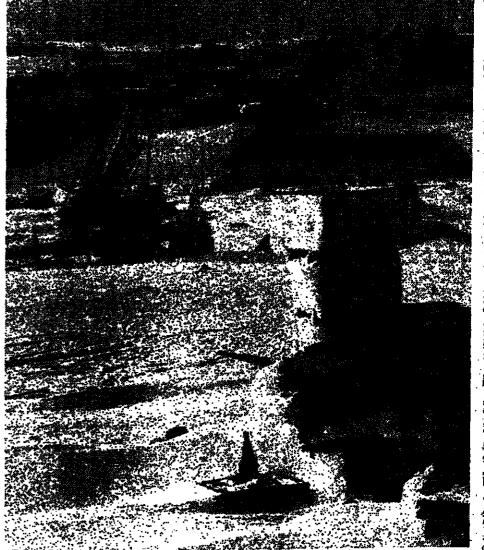
The scars of war, most caused by British naval guns, are everywhere. Paved streets, some of which had been in need of repair before the war, are now pockmarked by shells as well, and they are being further bruised by the treads of combat vehicles. Huge sea containers, once carrying ammunition but now empty, stand where the Argentines left them, dom nating the view from a front window.

### **Booby Traps Neutralized**

Booby traps have been found and neutralized, including a hand grenade with its pin removed that was jammed under a board in the local school.

Perhaps half of the town's homes were left by residents fleeing the islands or to "camp," the outlying settlements, and these were occupied by Argentines. Some were looted, a few by both sides.

Pat Watts, who operated the Falkland Islands Broadcasting Station, said he had stayed because he "wanted to be here the day the British returned," but his decision was not



nunition boxes and British missiles in the winter snow near Stanley. It may not be for years, if ever, that as many as 12,000 mines can be removed from Stanley.

have developed between the 560 who stayed and the nearly 400 who left, creating tension and, in some cases, underlining differences in

Gerald Cheek, Mr. Watts's neighbor, had training as a Royal Marine and was a member of the Stanley Civil Defense, possibly explaining why he was exiled to Fox Bay for the duration of the Argentine occupation. "The war has separated people," he said, shaking his "Everyone knew as soon the task force was

announced there'd be action, and some left the next day. But it was essential that people stayed. I'm glad everybody didn't leave; who would have kept the town going, or cared for the old people?"

Mr. Watis said, "I'd lie in bed with my kids, and some people who left said we were irre-

Most of the schoolteachers left early, saying that they would not teach for the occupiers. But the decision has been criticized by parents,

and in some cases by the children who stayed. Meanwhile, 300 schoolchildren who have been going to classes three hours a day since the end of the fighting are expected to resume a full schedule this week when the rest of the

John Leonard, an employee of the Falkiand Islands Co. and a leader of the Baha'i faith here, said that the U.S. Embassy in Buenos Aires had pleaded with the 26-member American community to leave, "but most of us didn't think it would be fair; we also thought it would stop short of open battle, and many felt Finally, nine of the Americans did leave. Those who stayed spent up to 50 nights in basements that served as shelters against the bombardment.

The eyes of the world are on the Falklands and this could make it better," Mr. Leonard's wife, Margaret, said. "It's been a teeny place that has been losing people. I hope now we're going to mix more with the rest of the world. Isolation is a sickness."

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Duffy and Jeanne Sheridan are younger, and more recent arrivals from the United States. Also Baha'i members, they have been on the Falklands for nearly seven years and have two children, Elisha, 11, and Maxwell, 14 months. "We liked the peaceful, attractive infestyle," Mrs. Sheridan said, "sort of halfway back to nature, but with modern conveni-

Mr. Duffy works as an artist, and as a carpenter when they need money. "There's always as demand for handyman work," he said. He said that the war had made a tremendous change in their lives.

His wife explained it this way: "If you think series a of this as a country almost completely free of fear — no traffic, no crime ["No wild animals," Elisha added] — you'll know that chil-dren grow up in freedom. But this will be af-

"We remember when we first came, we'd rush outside to watch the weekly flight come in, and then we saw our first jet," Mrs. Sheri-dan said. "Now we can identify eight different kinds of helicopters. And her daughter spoke again. "We heard

# Angola: At the Crossroads of the East-West, Black-White Struggle

By Alan Cowell

New York Times Service L UANDA, Angola — For those who view Africa as a chessboard of opposed forces, Angola is a critical piece.

It is not, perhaps, the dominant piece in the region - that, in economic and military terms, would be South Africa — but it is certainly a principal warrior in black Africa's campaign against white minority domination in South

In the seven years of its independence from Portugal, Marxist-ruled Angola has emerged as the main black nation embroiled in the challenge to South Africa's hold over South-West Africa (Namibia). Many analysts see that conflict, on Angola's southern border, as the final prelude to a more direct confrontation with the apartheid system of racial division practiced by South Africa.

Angola has proven, too, to be a major associate of the Soviet Union in southern Africa. Some East European diplomats here say Luanda may be the linchpin of Moscow's influence

#### Rear Bases for SWAPO

Critically, in the negotiations to end the Namibian conflict, Angola has provided the main rear bases for the South-West Africa Peoples Organization, or SWAPO, which is fighting a guerrilla campaign against South Africa's control of the former German colony.

Had the Marxist government in Angola lost to one of its pro-Western rivals in the civil war that came with independence in 1975, supporters of the regime argue, the political map of southern Africa would be vastly different and the cause of majority rule in Namibia would probably have been retarded.

Yet, Angola's strategic role is not so clear-cut as it seems. Ordinary Angolans, for instance, are feeling the economic pinch of their contribution to the Namibian war and to the confrontation with South Africa, which provides the official rationale for the presence of 15,000 to 20,000 Cubans in Angola. Food is scarce, even though Angola imports heavily to feed the population, and the authorities acknowledge that they face many unsolved prob-

lems, including a reduction in popular support. Discontent is also reflected, an authoritative Angolan source said, in the number of draftdodgers among young men called up for the army. Many of those called take refuge in remote parts of the country, the source said.

#### 'All They Can Reasonably Do'

"The Angolans will balance their commitment to the liberation of Namibia with their own interests to the point they consider they have done all they can reasonably do," said a Western diplomat. "It is not clear whether that point has been reached, but when it is, SWAPO either agrees to go along, or continues its war from the Atlantic Ocean." SWAPO's campaign would be severely inhibited by the loss of Angolan bases.

Neither is the commitment to the Soviet Union and its allies as unequivocal as some outsiders believe, the diplomat said.

"The Angolans don't want the Cubans to stay forever," he said. They are not doing anything beyond serving as a deterrent, like U.S. forces in Korea or West Germany. They are not fighting. They are costing a lot of mon-

Within the Central Committee of the sole political party here, Angolan and Western sources said, there is a range of political perception, encompassing both pro-Soviet ideo-logues and those who call themselves African Socialists, a term denoting less stringent application of Marxist dogma.

A joke circulating in Luanda is that the type of Socialism operating here is not "scientific Socialism," as professed by the leadership, but "scheming Socialism" — a pun on the Por-tuguese words for the two adjectives — meanworking to make a little on the side and thus get by in life.

Soviet military support is nonetheless crucial to the government's survival in the face of threat, mainly from South Africa, and also in the northern oil-producting exclave of Cabinda, on the Atlantic between Congo and Zaire.

Angola's ruling party, the Popular Move

nt for the Liberation of Angola, has had little chance to demonstrate its professed nonalignment or to establish a counterbalance to the Soviet influence since the United States has refused to establish diplomatic relations until the Cubans are withdrawn. Angola responds to the demand with the assertion that there can be no prior conditions for normaliza-

The Popular Movement has, however, gone some way toward demonstrating its will to ask eventually for the withdrawal of the "Socialist internationalist forces," as the Cubans are called officially. On Feb. 4, Cuba and Angola issued a joint declaration, regarded as a signal to Washington, in which they agreed to the pullout of the foreign troops once real and potential aggression against Angola had ceased. The unanswered question is when, precisely,

that aggression is deemed to have ended.

The issue has assumed critical importance in the negotiations over Namibia, since South Africa has made its withdrawal from the territory

conditional on a Cuban pullout from Angola. The U.S. State Department, which is playing a leading intermediary role in the talks, also links the two issues through the concept of "parallelism," apparently meaning that the withdrawal of one force should proceed in some kind of tandem with that of the other.

The Cubans came to Angola at a time of great upheaval and of other foreign interven-tion — by South Africa, the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency and Zaire, Cuban support for the Popular Movement was critical in assuring a Markist victory and thwarting the creation of a pro-Western government. Had the Popular Movement's main rival emerged victorious, the Western hope was for a huge bloc of anti-Soviet, mineral-rich territory, from Angola to Zaire

The Popular Movement still contends that the Cubans are in Angola purely to deter South Africa from further intervention. But as with other issues here, the lines of the argument are blurred.

South Africa backs the National Union for the Total Independence of Angola, known as UNITA, the rebel movement led by Jonas M. Savimbi that is still active in the south and center of the country. So even if Pretoria withdrew its forces from Namibia, there would be no guarantee that the terms of the Cuban-Angolan declaration had been fulfilled for a reciprocal Cuban withdrawal.

#### Question of Timing

More likely, an Angolan official said, the Cuban forces would stay on to secure installations away from the potential battlegrounds, Angolan troops for the campaign against UNITA. The strategy does not, it seems, satisfy South Africa's demands.

"The question is one of timing," said a Western diplomatic source familiar with the Namibia negotiations, "You can call it parallelism, or what you like. What it comes down to is the question of when the Angolans decide that they are no longer under threat."

For those as suspicious of the West as some of Angola's leaders are, the question is not easily answered. "We must not think that the solution of the Namibian problem will signify an era of tranquillity for the Angolan people," President José Eduardo dos Santos said recently. "We must expect to continue to be attacked because we will always regard the Popular Republic of Angola as an enemy of impe-

#### Parallel to 2 Other Nations

There is certainly a continuing South African threat. For if Pretoria pursues the same policies it has elsewhere in southern Africa, Angolan officials said, it will seek to support surrogate guerrilla movements, like UNITA, that destabilize its black-ruled neighbors and thus blunt the attack on apartheid.

There is a parallel between Angola and two other southern African nations — Zambia and Mozambique — involved in the earlier conflict that transformed white-ruled Rhodesia into independent Zimbabwe.

In Zambia particularly, the citizens were told for many years that their suffering was directly attributable to the war south of their border; yet when the war ended in early 1980, there was no sudden improvement in living conditions. The expectations of some Angolan people seem to be similar, yet the economy is so deflated that there seems little prospect of rapid revival, and peace in Namibia could



The parallel is incomplete, however, because South Africa is not in the state of siege that the white authorities in Rhodesia were in Neither was the Soviet Union so closely involved with the main nationalist army in Zimbabwe as it is m Namibia's case.

There are many different calculations here in Luanda about Pretoria's motives, and they all seem to end with a question mark over the critical issue of whether South Africa is fundamentally prepared to concede a majority-rule government in a neighboring country that would leave it bordering only potentially hos-

# After 30 Years, Yugoslavia Tries to Purge the Horrors of Tito's Torture Camp

By Michael Dobbs

Washington Post Service BELGRADE — Two years after the death of Marshal Tito. Yugoslavia is engaged in a fit of public soul-searching about one of the most controversial episodes of his long rule: the physical and psychological tortures inflicted on thousands of pro-Soviet Communists who opposed his break with Moscow in 1948.

In recent months, a series of novels, plays and newspaper articles has shed new light on the historic conflict between Tito and the Soviet dictator Stalin — the first schism within the world Communist movement. And while no one here questions Tito's decision to stand up to Stalin, doubts have merely to isolate Yugoslav supbeen raised for the first time about the methods he used to silence his domestic opponents.

is the concentration camp set up in slavia. great secreey on Goli Otok (Naked

1952, thousands of alleged pro-Soviet sympathizers passed through the camp. Some died as the result of the treatment they received there. Others committed suicide.

Word of the camp first leaked out in the early 1950s - but, as long as Tito was alive, the subject taboo for the semiotficial press. Even Western history books on Yugoslavia scarcely mention Goli Otok. It is only now, 30 years later, that the truth is coming out.

What made Goli Otok unique as a prison camp was that the inmates were forced to beat and torture each other. The idea was not them psychologically and thus pre-At the center of the controversy Soviet fifth column inside Yugo-

Autonije Isakovic, the author of

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Island), an arid and desolate a best-selling novel about Goli outcrop of rock in the northern Otok, "The Instant," which was published in March, says the camp revealed "the darkest side of human character." His account of what took place there, based on lengthy talks with former prisoners, has been compared by literary critics to Dante's "Inferno" and Dostoevski's "Home of the Dead."

#### Running the Gauntlet

Mr. Isakovic is reluctant to talk about the methods used on Goli Otok, which he says took him a whole book to analyze. But, in an interview here, he did provide one example that sums up what the camp was like.

New arrivals, together with those inmates deemed still politiporters of Stalin, but to break cally unreformed, were forced to run through a corridor of fellow vent them from ever becoming a prisoners wielding sticks and whips. The guards stood back and watched as the victim was beaten and verbally abused.

Some victims collapsed, bleeding, on the ground. Those who made it to the end were required to point out which of the prisoners had not beaten them hard enough. These men were then forced to run the gauntlet themselves.

"The persecuted became the persecutors," Mr. Isakovic said.
"Just try to imagine what someone's mind must have gone through if he would report on a friend who had tried to be kind to

These character-destroying techniques were one reason for the silence that later surrounded Goli Otok. Neither prisoners nor guards wanted to talk about their experiences in public. Some inmates became so dependent on their captors that in later life they were almost incapable of making even trivial decisions for themselves.

A lecturer at Belgrade University recalled the case of a friend from Goh Otok who would anxried. "Finally they got fed up with him and told him to go away .... Yugoslavia had changed but he

#### Author's Reservations

Many Yugoslav officials and journalists insist that what happened at Goli Otok should be seen in the context of the times. In 1948, after being expelled from Stalin's Cominform, the party propaganda bureau that comprised nine nations, Yugoslavia was lighting for its very existence. Tito knew that unless he destroyed the supporters of Stalin, they would destroy him.

"Had we not sent the Cominformists to a place like Goli Otok, the whole of Yugoslavia might be a Goli Otok today," a senior official

While Mr. Isakovic accepts that there is something in this argu-

iously ask the security police if he ment, he also has reservations that should take out a loan or get man are shared by many other Yugos-Amnesty International. First, many innocent people

ended up in Goli Otok. Some were arrested by mistake, others were caught up in a witch-hunt or sent there by petty officials anxious to settle old scores. Second, Mr. Isakovic questions whether the ends always justify the

means. "This is a very dangerous argument," he said. "We were fighting Stalinism with Stalinist methods when the real weapons against Stalinism are greater freedom and greater democracy." The debate about Goli Otok is

all the more remarkable because it represents one of the very rare oc-casions on which a Communist country has openly discussed its own victims. Even now, however, many details remain obscure - including the number of prisoners. Figures have ranged from 8,000, published in the Yugoslav press, to

The controversy bas been taken up by young people anxious to learn the truth about their own country at last. When Mr. Isakovic gave a lecture at a students' center in Belgrade, more than 1,200 people showed up - a huge gathering for such an event.

#### Full Investigation

The Communist youth paper, Miadost, has also entered the fray. In an open letter to the Yugoslav leadership, it called for a full investigation into why it was that "inmates were tortured in a way worthy of the Nazi concentration

camps and Stalin's Griag." in addition to Mr. Isakovic's .. "America overcame the expetinovel, a play about the treatment of Statinists is showing to full houses all over Yugoslavia Called "The Karamazovs," it tells the story of a pro-Soviet army officer who

After being brought up to believe in the Soviet dictator as a kind of demigod, he finds he cannot change his opinions overnight — and is beaten and brainwashed by

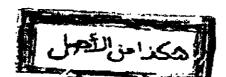
his fellow officers.

The success of "The Karama" zove" is a sign of increasing cultur-al liberalization in Yugoslavia; five years ago, the same play was

Mr. Isakovic, who began writing "The Instant" in 1976 and sent it to the publisher in 1979, sees the space of works about Goli Otok as a kind of national cleansing of catharsis. He compares it to the soul-searching that went on in the

United States after the war in Viet-

ence of Vietnam by talking about it. Had it not done so, it would not be a democratic country - but a concentration camp. We too have to tell the truth about our past," he



#### **BUSINESS BRIEFS**

#### Sperry Plans to Sell Vickers Division

NEW YORK — Sperry Corp. plans to sell its Sperry Vickers division to a management group headed by Theodore N. Duncan, president of the division, the parent company said at its annual meeting Tuesday. Terms of the planned sale were not disclosed.

The parent said it is drafting an agreement for the sale, which is expected to be completed soon. In the year ended March 31, Vickers had revenue of \$328 million, about 9.5 percent of total Sperry revenue. The division, which makes fluid power systems for industrial machinery, had pretax earnings of \$37 million, about 10 percent of the parent's total.

#### Pabst Expects a New Merger Plan

MILWAUKEE—Pabet Brewing Co.'s president. William F. Smith Jr., has said he expects to make an announcement "within 48 hours on a new merger plan" between his company and Olympia Brewing Co.

On Monday, Olympia said it had dropped current plans to merge with Pabet because of questions over Pabet's ability to finance its part of the proposed transaction. Olympia said it was terminating its tender offer for 49 percent of Pabet stock.

Later in the day between Mr. Smith said: "We intend to merge with

Later in the day, however, Mr. Smith said: "We intend to merge with Olympia, and it's just a question of how we handle it." An Olympia spokesman said, "The merger will go shead as it was when we announced our merger agreement on June 10,"

#### Atkinson Gets \$1.05-Billion Order

SAN FRANCISCO - Guy F. Atkinson Co. of California has received a \$1305-billion contract to complete in southeastern Venezuela what it

says will be the world's largest dam.

The privately held company said Monday that the contract was signed in Caracas with the government's energy agency. The Guri dam and powerhouse project is expected to be finished in 1986.

#### Toyota Develops Fiber-Metal Alloy

FOK YO - Toyota Motor Corp. said Tuesday that it has developed a The alloy provides greater strength, lower rates of thermal expansion and superior wear characteristics," the Japanese automaker said. The new product, which consists of aluminum reinforced with alumin-silica ceramic fiber, was developed jointly with Art Metal Manufacturing Co.

Toyota said the alloy could be used in piston ring grooves and would raise engine output by 5 percent while reducing noise.

#### **Tube Has No Comment on Rumors**

LONDON — Tube Investments PLC has no comment on share market rumors that it is in financial trouble, a company spokesman said Tues-

He confirmed that the company's finance director, Michael Garner, said in a statement to a British newspaper that "rumors that we have been having talks with our bankers are completely untrue. We are continuing to keep a tight check on the cash position." The spokesman said

Tube plans to report half-year results Aug. 11.
Tube shares closed at 90 pence (\$1.58) Tuesday, down 6 pence from

#### Japanese Deny Chip-Price Charges TOKYO - Japanese electronics companies denied Tuesday U.S. alle-

gations that they conspired to fix prices of sophisticated computer memory chips sold on the U.S. market.

The denial followed reports that the U.S. Justice Department has be-

gun an investigation of six Japanese companies for a possible conspirary to keep prices high for the 64K random access memory chip. The companies reportedly include Hitachi, Nippon Electric, Toshiba, Fujitsu, Mitsubishi Electric and Oki Electric. "We've done nothing of the sort," said a spokesman for Hitachi, "the charges are absolutely groundless."

Compiled From Agency Dispotches

### Iran Losses, U.S. Penalties Plague Mitsui

By Steve Lohr New York Times Service

TOKYO - For Mitsui, a trading giant that traces its history back more than 300

years, these are not happy times.

In recent years, it has been scarred by heavy exposure in Iran. Last Wednesday, it pleaded guilty and agreed to pay \$11 million in penalties for selling steel at below allowable prices in the United States. It still faces the light of the prices in the besic operating structures. challenges to its basic operating structure, which was set up after World War II.

Mitsui, however, has survived centuries of drastic economic and social change. The company was founded as a small shop by Takatoshi Mitsui, who renounced his rank as a warrior-aristocrat to become a tradesman. From its beginning, Mitsui was part of the emergence of the Japanese merchant class.

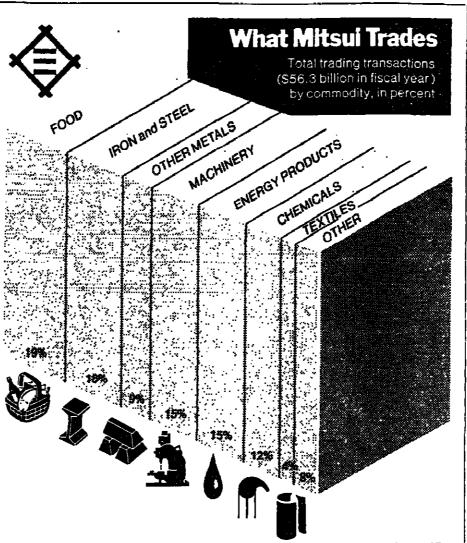
Coal and Cotton

In 1876, the modern-day trading company was established to export coal and import cotton spinning machinery. That was eight years after the Meiji Restoration, which marked Japan's opening to the West and its rush toward industrialization.

One of the founders of the modern-day company, Rizaemon Minomura, has been called the father of Japanese capitalism. The company itself has played a central role in the development of Japan as an industrial and trading power for more than a century.

Mitsui now is the second largest of Japan's

general trading companies, trailing Mitsu-(Continued on Page 11, Col. 1)



### **U.S. Steel Reports** 97% Profit Plunge

#### Sales Gained 34% in Second Quarter; Marathon Oil Co. Unit Provides Boost

PITTSBURGH — U.S. Steel Corp. citing the "severe depression" in the steel industry, said Tuesday that its second quarter profit plummeted 97 percent from a year earlier to \$4.3 million, or 5

Sales, however, jumped 34 per-cent to \$5.1 billion. The largest U.S. steelmaker reported a "significant" though unspecified loss on steel operations but said its financial performance was buoyed by earnings from Marathon Oil Co., which U.S. Steel bought earlier this year for about \$6.3 billion.

"Minimal earnings for the quarter are a result of the depressed condition of the economy gener-ally and the severe depression in steel and related markets," U.S. Steel's chairman, David M. Roderick, said. He added: "Steel was particularly hard hit by a continuing flood of imports, noncompetitive labor costs, shipment levels the lowest in over 40 years and by a sharp reduction in sales of the more profitable tubular product

U.S. steelmakers have been operating at less than 50 percent of capacity for weeks. More than 100,000 U.S. steelworkers, about

anteed by the parent company.

one in three, are laid off, and complaints about the rise in shipments from Europe have created a bitter trade dispute between the United States and its European allies.

Three other U.S. steelmakers earlier reported second quarter losses. National Steel Corp., the

Other company reports, Page 11.

fourth-largest U.S. producer, lost \$49.9 million. Wheeling-Pitts-burgh, No. 8, lost \$13.1 million, and Chicago-based Inland Steel Co. reported a \$23.2-million loss.

Mr. Roderick said "recognition and appropriate action by management, the steelworkers and govern-ment will be essential" if the in-dustry's problems are to be re-solved, U.S. Steel has laid off more than 50,000 workers, cut salaries and benefits for more than 19,000 white-collar employees and de-layed capital spending, he said.

In the latest quarter, U.S. Steel said, asset sales and tax benefit transfers provided "sizable benefits." The company said that further inventory reductions are expected in the current half and that plans are well along for completing the sale of certain other assets in accordance with our long-term

A stock-for-debentures swap in the second quarter reduced debt by \$178 million, and bank debt associated with the acquisition of Marathon was cut by \$300 million, the company said. About \$900 mil-Harry Edelson, a securities analion of the balance of bank debt lvst with First Boston Corp., dewas replaced during the quarter with commercial paper at a lower scribed the ITT-France accord as a interest cost. poor agreement and said he be-

Marathon's operating results were a "noteworthy improvement" from those of a year earlier, U.S. Steel said. It said Marathon benefited from improved results in re-

fining, marketing and transport.
For the first half, earnings plunged 80 percent to \$84.2 million, or 92 cents a share. Sales gained 40 percent to \$10.1 billion.

#### Statistics Index

WEX prices	P.13	Fitne Rate Notes	P.30
	P.10	Gold Markets	P.1
Conedian Stocks	P.12	Highs & Lows	P.1
commodities	P.13	Morket Summery	P.1
Pividends	P.13	U.S. Money Roles	P.1
Eemings reports	P.11	OTC Stocks	P.I
euro-rates	P.12	Other Markets	P.16

#### Sale of ITT's French Units May Fall Through, Sources Say By Catherine Arnst Cie. Générale de Constructions contradict the findings of an internal ITT study of the proposed sale. A four-page ITT report on the

tions equipment is purchased by

government decided not to buy ITT's System 12 switching system

technology it reduced the value of

the company's French operations.

The government chose a system

developed by two companies it owns. Thomson CSF and Cie.

Général d'Electricité.

Reuers
NEW YORK — International Telephone & Telegraph Corp.'s preliminary agreement to sell its elecommunications operations in ' France to the government for \$50 million may collapse, sources close

to the negotiations said Tuesday.

They said certain influential members of ITT's board and officials of ITT-Europe, based in Brussels, believe the price is far too low under the agreement, announced July 7.

The company, meanwhile, said it plans a major announcement on the proposed sale in Brussels Wednesday afternoon. During the negotiations, ITT was widely reported to be seeking \$375 million for its French

telecommunicatons subsidiary,

Téléphoniques, known as CGCT, and its research arm, Laboratoire Central de Télécommunications. ITT placed the book value of the two companies at \$37.7 million. When the planned sale was an-

nounced, ITT's chairman, Rand Araskog, characterized the agree-ment as "acceptable." But sources said Mr. Araskog believed that the government left him no choice but to accept its offer.

Sources said that Michel David-Weill, a senior partner of the in-vestment banking firm of Lazard Frères & Co. and an ITT director, opposes the agreement as being unfair to ITT.

Neither Mr. Araskog nor Mr.

David-Weill could be reached for

The agreement also appears to

ment funding and export financing ... it is the French government that determines the value of CGCT," the report said.
It added: "Having used its posi-

customer, principal competitor, source of research and develop-

tion as sole customer for switching

by choosing to purchase only the switching systems manufactured by the companies it owns ...the study, completed in June, noted that in France all telecommunica-French government proclaims CGCT worth only a symbolic the government and that when the Seeking to Reopen Sources said that Mr. David-

Weill is attempting to convince members of ITT management to reopen negotiations and that Mr. Araskog may travel to Paris later this week to attempt to change the terms of the agreement.

"As to the proposed compensa-tion, it is evident that as principal If the French government does not improve its offer, the sources said ITT may decide either to sue the government or declare bankruptcy for the two French subsidiaries involved.

The sources said CGCT has large loans outstanding with sever-

ITT if it pulls out. On the other hand, he said, a pullout would not be a blessing for ITT, because "some money is better than none."

He sees little choice for the company in disposing of the units. Mr. Edelson said he doubts that the French government would be

lieves it would be no disaster for

willing to pay more money for the two subsidiaries. The sources said French public opinion is already opposed to the price France has agreed to pay for

the ITT subsidiaries because it is above book value. Thus, they said, the government would face some

CONTE

(W 101)

Land Ouits

### As Chairman Of Polaroid

CAMBRIDGE, Mass. — Edwin H. Land, the founder and creative ius of Polaroid for more than genius of Polarcau vo. 40 years, severed his association with the company Tuesday, resigning his post as chairman of the

The announcement came as the company reported that second quarter profit plunged to \$3.7 milhon, or 11 cents a share, down-from \$13.5 million, or 41 cents a share, a year earlier. A \$29 million pre-tax writedown because of over-optimistic projections of foreign demand for its SX-70 high-speed from 56 cents a share.

Sam Yanes, the company's spokesman, said Mr. Land, who founded Polaroid in 1937, was leaving to devote his efforts to the Rowland Institute for Science, Mr. Land's private non-profit institution for basic scientific research.

Mr. Land also resigned his post as a company director and will leave his other job as Polaroid's consulting director of basic research effective next year.

"I have been planning for some years to change from my career at Polaroid to a new one in pure scientific research," Mr. Land said in a brief statement.

Polaroid's board elected William J. McCone, 67, to take Mr. Land's place as chairman. Mr. McCune took over as president and chief operating officer from Mr. Land in

Mr. Land and Polaroid have been virtually indistinguishable since he formed a company on the strength of a few patents for light polarizing devices when he was a 28-year-old Harvard student. He now holds 524 patents, many related to the instant photography technology his company first intro-

While Mr. Land has received industry praise for his work in developing and refining instant photography, he was also criticized for refusing to admit failure in at least one project, the instant movie sys-

### **NYSE Prices Fall on Rate Worries**

lower Tuesday in sluggish trading as investors became increasingly mistic about the outlook for interest rates and the economy.

The Dow Jones industrial averfinished off 2.67 points at 822.77, declines led advances by a 9-to-5 margin, and volume widened to 46.2 million shares from the 37.7 million traded Monday. Even though interest rates are

slowly easing analysts said inves-tors are increasingly doubtful that rates will come down significantly or for any lengthy period of time.

The small First Georgia Bank cut its prime rate Tuesday to 15 percent from 16 percent. The bank has assets of about \$180 million.

Monday two major banks and several smaller ones cut the prime rate to 15½ percent from 16 per-cent. Other big banks remain at 16

Chemical Bank Tuesday cut its broker loan rate to 13 percent from 13% percent. Broker loan rates at major banks range from 12½ percent to 13½ percent. Analysts said investors were concerned that more major banks are not lowering their rates. Also, one analyst noted that it will take more than a half point cut in the

prime rate to spark a lasting rally in the market. The stock market will either

To Our Readers Because of transmission prob-lems, some Wednesday editions carried incomplete statistics for stock and futures trading.

Smith of E.F. Hutton said. He expressed the view, however, that technology stocks are beginning to bottom.

Analysts said the market may be waiting for the Treasury Depart-ment's announcement of its August refunding plans Wednesday. The Treasury is expected to announce a \$10 billion to \$10.5 billion refunding, and the unsually large amount could place consider-able pressure on the credit mar-

Investors have been concerned the record federal budget deficits would force the government to borrow so much interest rates

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches continue to be frustrating or expe-NEW YORK — Prices on the rience a sharp decline before it be-ly in the foreseeable future.

A string of dismal earning re ports was another major negative factor weighing on the market, an-

Even the energy issues, which have been weak for months because of declining prices for crude managed to give up more ground Tuesday after several large oil companies reported lower second quarter results.

Oil stocks that dropped on lower earnings included Mobil, off 1/2 to 21%. Shell 1/2 to 34, El Paso 3/2 to 161/2, Phillips 1/8 to 261/8 and Gulf 1/4 to 2614.

Xerox was the volume leader and dropped 1% to 29%.

#### **CURRENCY RATES**

Interbank exchange rates for July 27, excluding bank service charges.

35.98 · 4.2658 11.8737 559.70 201.00 0.4131 0.1483 278.46 · — 84.375 · 30.30 · 0.074 \* 4.5755 x 0.151

WEEKLY NOTIFICATION COMPTRENDII A MANAGED COMMODITY ACCOUNT EQUITY ON:

JANUARY 1, 1982 \$100,000.00 JULY 22, 1982 \$108,895.05

after all charges

**EQUITY ON: JANUARY 1,1981** \$100,000.00 **DECEMBER 31, 1981** \$237,214.03 OVER \$4,000,000.00 UNDER MANAGEMENT Frazier or Ian Somerville, TAPMAN: Trend Analysis and Portfolio Manage-ment, Inc., Wall Street Plaza, New Yor New York 10005, (212) 269-1041, TELEX BMIG67173 UW.

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from July 26 to July 31, 1982

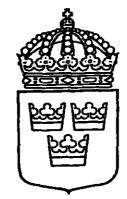
New York Genève Paris Monte-Carlo

## Salomon Brothers Executed **Over 50%** of All Block Stock Trades of \$25 Million or More on the New York Stock Exchange

Jan.1,1981-June 30,1982

Salomon Brothers Inc. **Innovation Performance** 

(Continued on Page 11)



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Name

Floating Rate Notes

Non Banks

Other Markets

Brossels

Hong Kong

## Sprinkel Sees No Easing of Fed Policy

WASHINGTON - Beryl Sprinkel, undersecretary of the Treasury for monetary affairs, Tuesday told Congress that current monetary policy should not be cased despite continuing high interest rates.

Mr. Sprinkel said that while the "tight money" policy, intended to fight milistion, apparently was suc-cessful, it may not yet have produced permanent success.

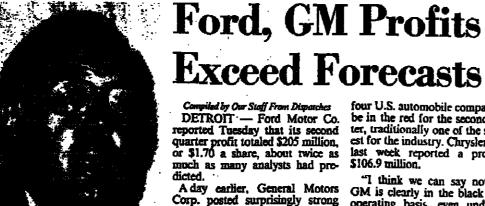
"If we succumb to the tempta-tion to decisire victory too soon, by mistaking success in the first major skirmish for a permanent routing of the enemy, then we will not only prolong and worsen inflation, but significantly reduce the chances of every bringing it under control,"

Mr. Sprinkel said that by pumping more money into the system, the Federal Reserve Board would "soon validate the very fears which have been responsible for the maintenance of high long-term interest rates — fears that the current slowing of inflation will be

temporary."
His testimony to the Senste Finance Committee was a surpris-ingly strong reaffirmation of Research administration of Resgan administration and Federal Reserve Board policy of a steady deceleration in the growth of the money supply that has been given a much lower profile by other administration. ministration spokesmen in recent

The policy has come under increasing attack as the economy worsened, indicated inflation dropped to zero at least temporarily and Congressional elections ap-

Mr. Sprinkel told the panel that the Fed is now within its monetary targets. He also declined to repeat his earlier criticisms that the Fed's control of the money supply was



carlier.

sults included a gain of \$56 million

from the sale of a Los Angeles

to \$10.9 billion.
For the first half, Ford reported

Ford's sales slipped 3.5 percent

GM's profit rise in the latest

quarter came despite an 11.3-per-cent decline in unit sales of cars

and trucks to 1.8 million. Analysts

credited higher prices and cost cut-

In dollar terms, GM sales de-

clined 4.8 percent to \$17.15 billion. GM reported after-tax operating profit of \$429.1 million, which was

sugmented by earnings of \$130.9

million from its unconsolidated

subsidiaries, primarily financing and insurance operations.

In the first half, GM earned \$688 million, or \$2.23 a share, down 2.4 percent from \$705 mil-

lion, or \$2.35 a share, a year be-

Beryl Sprinkel

While neither the Fed nor the White House "is happy about the level of interest rates," Mr. Sprinkel said, "the solution is not to sac-tifice the policy which is in place, but to assure the public the policy will remain in place."

Mr. Sprinkel said that the economic pain, while of great concern to the administration, was no

"It would be naive to expect that such progress toward a non-inflationary economy could be made without experiencing some economic hardship." he said. However, the importance of controlling inflation cannot, in my opinion, be overstated."

Mr. Sprinkel also said that while he "intuitively" feels that enormous federal deficits send interest rates soaring, his research at the Treasury Department has not been able to establish any scientific rela-

fore. Revenue fell 5.9 percent to There is no doubt the economy has gone through a wrenching re-cession," he said, with some parts of some industries "in depression." \$31.87 billion. Also on Monday, American Motors Corp. reported a loss of \$68.8 But he said "the odds have certainmillion in the quarter, compared with a loss of \$19.9 million a year ly been shifting in the last few months to a greater possibility of AMC was the only one of the

four U.S. automobile companies to be in the red for the second quarreported Tuesday that its second quarter profit totaled \$205 million, ter, traditionally one of the strongest for the industry. Chrysler Corp. last week reported a profit of or \$1.70 a share, about twice as much as many analysts had pre-\$106.9 million. "I think we can say now that

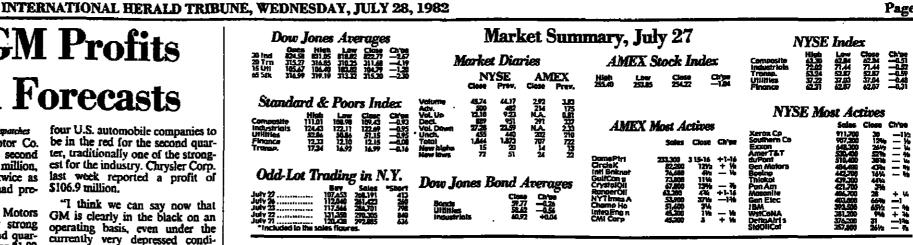
A day earlier, General Motors GM is clearly in the black on an operating basis, even under the earnings. It reported second quarter profit of \$560 million, or \$1.82 currently very depressed conditions," said Frank Drob, an anaa share, up 8.7 percent from a year lyst with E.F. Hutton Inc. "It also means that if there is even a Ford's profit was nearly three modest upturn in sales, GM earnand one-half times that of the yearings will move up sharply." earlier quarter. But the latest re-

GM said the improved results were "due to success in controlling costs and improving manufacturing efficiency, which helped offset a significant decline in passenger car volume." The No. 1 U.S. autoa loss of \$96.6 million, compared with the year-earlier deficit of \$379.3 million. Sales in the half slipped 3.5 percent to \$19.85 bilmaker also said the profit was increased by foreign exchange gains, which added 25 cents a share to the quarter's results, and by a gain from the swap of GM common stock for long-term debt, which added 16 cents a share.

"It's a pretty clean quarter," said David Healy, an analyst with Drexel Burnham Lambert Inc. "It looks like they've reduced the non-recurring items and learned how to make a little money in a terrible market." Mr. Healey noted that nonoperating items added only 41 cents a share in the quarter. "They had 74 cents in strange items in the second quarter of last year," he

Automobile sales in recent weeks have fallen to the lowest levels since the late 1950s. In the quarter, GM sold 955,000 domestically manufactured cars, down 24 percent from a year before.

Nevertheless, GM said "modest recovery in the global economy and vehicle sales is the most likely outlook for the balance



المكذا من التعمل

### Tuesday's NYSE Closing Prices

(Continued from Page 10)

22% CBI Ind
56% 37% CBI
56% 37% CBI
17% 77% CCI
55% 37% CBC
17% 10% CGA
18% 10% CGA
18% 27% CPC Ind
25% 10% CPC
18% 27% CPC Ind
25% 16% CPC
12% 66% CGA
17% 10% CGA
17% CGA
17% CGA
18% 10% CGA
18% 10

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7th DMG
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### Mitel-IBM Deal Less Than Sought, Many Say points last week after the an- a share from 1.40 dollars. He sees

By Claudia Van Riesen

TORONTO - Mitel Corp.'s announcement last week of an agreement in principle with International Business Machines for development of telephone switching systerns was something less than what investors had expected, analysis

While a partnership with IBM undoubtedly will secure Mitel's long-term role as an industry leader, many investors had been led to expect a definitive sales agreement with IBM for Mitel's newly introduced SX-2000 digital switch, they said. The SX-2000 private automatic branch exchange is more compact and less expensive per line than devices now on the market, analysts said.

Mitel has not disclosed details of the agreement, but most analysts suggest any earnings impact

nouncement, but lost ¼ Monday 2 dollars a share for fiscal 1984. Most analysts said they are leaving their fiscal 1983 and 1984 earn-

ings estimates unchanged after reducing them recently on news of disappointing first quarter results.

Ted Larkin, an analyst for Wood Gundy, said the news of a relationship with IBM is a "longterm positive that says a lot for the capabilities of Mitel's people." But investors were expecting more than an agreement in principle to develop a product, he said. Mr. Larkin noted, however, that

the pact could mean Mitel will reach its aggressive annual revenue projection of \$1 billion by 1986.

After Mitel reported a profit in the first quarter, which ended May 28, of only 15 Canadian cents a share, compared with 13 cents a Active on the Toronto Stock Ex-change, Mitel's stock gained 14 1983 to 1.20 dollars (95 U.S. cents) his eatnings estimate for fiscal

The price of Mitel's stock, which this year has ranged between

15.825 dollars and 29.125 dollars, should continue in the 20-to-24-Charles Coupal of Dominion Securities Ames said he trimmed

his fiscal 1983 estimate to 1,25 dollars a share from 1.40 dollars following "less than anticipated earn-He said he will leave his esti-

mate for fiscal 1984 at 2 dollars a

Royal Securities said that while few details of the deal with IBM have been released, the announcement told investors "the pieces are

starting to fall together" for Mitel.
Mr. Misner said investors had been looking for good news from Mitel for months, especially since was in the works. Burns Fry analyst Tom Banks

before Mitel and IBM reach any definitive arrangement, but he considers last week's announcement significant.

He said it appears IBM is aggressively moving into the tele-phone switching system market and, "Mitel will be riding along with that momentum." But he said profit may not be

affected until 1985. He sees earnings of 1.25 dollars a share in fiscal 1983, and about 2 dollars in 1984, driven by successful launching of the SX-2000. Analysts said Mitel's system has

good prospects because it is more compact than those now on the market, and cost-effective in terms of price per line. It could have a two- to three-year lead over its

But in the face of increasing competition, they also said invesect Mitel to grow at the dramatic pace it achieved in the last five years.

### Losses, Penalties Trouble Mitsui

(Continued from Page 9)

bishi Corp. The traders typically function as middlemen in global transactions, involving hundreds of commodities and finished prodnots ranging from iron ore to de-

Mitsui does not manufacture products, instead, through its worldwide network of 193 offices and its more than 13,000 workers, it puts deals together. Sometimes, itsui will act as a principal, buying goods and taking possession of them for sale later. But in most cases, it finds buyers and matches them with sellers, for a fee, and it often provides financing. Its huge size allows it to command lower

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rates than might be available to its customers as individuals.

Mitsui operates on paper-thin profit margins, as do all the traders. On the other hand, unlike manufacturers, it needs no large investments in plant and equipment to generate sales. Mitsui did invest, however, in a

multibillion-dollar petrochemical project in Iran in 1968, and that was the start of its recent problems. A difficult effort from the start, the project was battered first by the Iranian revolution and then by the Iran-Iraq war.

In the year ended last March 31, the company set aside a loss teserve for the project of \$160 mil-lion. That resulted in a loss of \$61

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million for the year on sales of \$53.6 billion. The company cut its dividend for the first time in more than two decades and asked its workers to take a 2-percent wage

In 1979, the Japanese govern-ment declared the venture a national project, thus assuming some of the financial burden. But now, Japan has said it will commit no more money to the venture, which is half owned by Iran and is about

80 percent complete.

Mitsui, the main Japanese investor in the venture, is left with potential uninsured losses estimated at as much as \$500 million.

in the near term, Mitsui is regarded as basically a strong enterprise with solid prospects.

given to its difficulties in Iran that people sometimes ignore Mitsui's fundamental strengths," said Takeji Yamashita, general manager of the research department at Daiwa Securities Ltd.

based on a system that has come under question since the late

through World War II, Mitsui was by far the largest of the lunge industrial groups that, with the military, ran Japan. After the war, the U.S. occupation government split up these industrial combines into many companies in an effort to dismantle the prewar power struc-

been reassembled in another guise is a subject of lively debate within Japan and among foreign observers. There are still ties between the group companies. For instance, the presidents of the dozen Mitsui group companies - from the Mit-sui Bank to Mitsui Engineering & Shipbuilding - meet on the sec-

ently linked to other members of the group," said Eleanor Hadley, who was a member of the occupation staff and is now an adjunct

Among the trading companies, Mitsui is known for its more individualistic, less formal style. There is a well-known saying in Japan: "Mitsui for people, Mitsubishi for organization." Mitsui is also considered more aggressive and more you take big risks, every once in a

while you get clobbered.

### Saudi Officials Are Liquidating

BAHRAIN — Saudi Arabian authorities have begin liquidating the money brokerage firm of Abdullah Saleh al-Rajhi Co., which was closed last week after failing to meet obligations to foreign firms, Saudi government officials

A government-appointed com-mittee is trying to determine the company's assets and liabilities, an official in Riyadh said in a telephone interview. Officials declined to give further details. Bankers in Bahrain said the company's international debts total more than

The biggest claim, about \$210 million, has been made by Kredietbank N.V. of Belgium. The bank's president, Edward Wouters, said Brussels Monday that Kredietbank was optimistic that a settlement could be reached soon on the debt. which arose from silver trading by the Saudi firm.

Abdullah Saleh al-Rajhi, which is based in Dammam and traded in bullion, foreign exchange and travelers checks, is also being sued for £3.2 million (\$5.6 million) by Thomas Cook, the travelers check subsidiary of Midland Bank PLC, bankers said.

The Saudi firm faces claims of \$3.5 million from Bangkok Bank and \$1.2 million from National Westminster Bank PLC on foreign exchange credit. It also had foreign exchange dealings with Lloyds Bank International.

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The undersigned announces that as from 19th July 1982 at Kas-Associatie N.V., Spaistrael 172, Amsterdam, div.ep.no. 13 (accompanied by an "Affidavit") of the CDR's Nippon Yusen Kabuschiki Kalska, cach repr. 250 shares, will be psyable with Dffs. 8,51 net (dv.per record-date 31.3.1982; guess Yen 4. p.sh.) after deduction of 15% Japanese tax = Yen 150. = Dfs. 1,60 per CDR.
Without an Affidavit 20% Japanes (= Yen 200. = Dfs. 2,13 p.CDR) will be deducted.

After 31.10.1982 the div. will only be paid under deduction of 20% Japanes with Dila. 7.98 net. in accordance with the Japanese

AMSTERDAM DEPOSITARY COMPANY N.V. am, 6th July 1982.

NEW ISSUE

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July 1982

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"The trading company and bank are the two that are most consistprofessor of economics at George Washington University.

"But," Mr. Abegglen noted, "if

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# Group to Develop Oil Shale in U.S.

WASHINGTON — Mobil Corp., anticipating continued U.S. reliance on foreign oil, is seeking to form an industry-wide group to exploit the virtually untapped domestic reserves. of oil shale.

Rawleigh Warner Jr., Mobil's chairman, has written to about a dozen other companies to enlist support for the idea, which he says was prompted by Exxon Corp.'s decision in early May to shut down its \$5-billion Colony shale oil project in western Colorado. That had been the country's most ambitious effort at com-

"Recent events demonstrate that even the largest companies in the industry cannot afford to face alone the long lead times, uncertain cost escalation and technological risks that are associated with the development of shale," Mr. Warner said last week. "Although we as an industry have always championed the free market, it is apparent that this problem demands the kind of cooperation that can only come from a massive joint industry effort com-bined with governmental involvement."

The response so far to Mobil's initiative has ranged, Mr. Warner said, "from lukewarm to quite interested." In his comments last week, he said that meetings with other companies could be expected to take place "over the next Mr. Warner suggested that the best ap-

proach might be to have the government make available its own shale lands to minimize comolications that might arise from using those of one or more of the partners. When asked, however, whether the proposed group might seek to revive the Colony project itself, a said: "I wouldn't rule out anything." Any joint venture would presumably seek financial support from U.S. Synthetic Fuels

Corp., a government-sponsored organization, which has already been informed of the idea at the staff level and whose officials have expressed eagerness in recent weeks to find a way to pursue shale oil development.

#### . Antitrust Question

The corporation, which offers such aid as price and loan guarantees for synthetic fuels ventures, requires substantial equity investment by sponsors. Mr. Warner said companies joining any group would have to commit at least \$100 million. The Mobil chairman acknowledged that no

mention of the idea had yet been made to antitrust anthorities, whose approval would probably be required.

A Union Oil Co. of California project, which adjoins the Colony site, is the only large shale venture under way in the United States. Unlike Colony, which would have produced 50,000 barrels of shale oil a day, the Union plan calls for successive "modules" of just 10,000 barrels a day. The industry, Mr. Warner said, has "stopped dead in its tracks."

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(Div. per record-date 6.17-1982; gross \$-10 pab) after deduction of 15 % U.S.A.-tax \$-15 Dfs., 40 per CDR.
Div. cp. belonging to non-residents of The Netherlands will be paid after deduction of an additional 15 % U.S.A.-tax (\$-15 Dfs., 40) with Dfs. 1,34 per 1. Gold Options (prices in 5/02.) Prices Aug. Nov. Feb. 1500-1800 20:00-33.00 625-825 20:50-23.00 2:00-3:00 13:50-1600 1:00-2:00 8:50-16:00 0:50-1:00 6:00-8:00 40,00-43,00 31,00-34,00 22,50-25,50 14,50-17,50 9,50-12,00 Gold 351-50-35200 Valeurs White Weld S.A. AMSTERDAM DEPOSITARY COMPANY N.V. 1. Oned do Mont-Blanc 1211 Geneva 1. Switzerland Tel. 31 02 51 - Telex 28 305 , 22nd July 1982. KINGDOM OF DENMARK 64% 1972/1987

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International Herald Tribune

July 26

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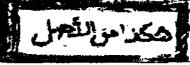
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Tel: Germony (0) 51 i-777276 tional Trade and Industry said 212-461-6091 ZURICH. VPP ESCORT SERVICE: Tal. 057/33 18 76; 11:30cm-lpm & ct 6pm ZURICH-SENGONE ESCORT Service. Tel: 241 63 76 were: Belgium 0.9 percent, Den-mark 0.8 percent, France 0.7 per-cent, Britain 0.3 percent and the INCORT SERVICE. 212-961-1945 Tuesday. ASK FOR IT EVERY DAY. SLOANE Tel: 01 747 3304. The production index rose to a seasonally adjusted 147.3 from a Telephone write POS 176, Fresh Meadows, NY 11365, USA LONDON & HEATHROW LONDON - CHEISEA GEN Excert Service, 51 Booschamp Place, London SW3. Tel: 01 584 6513/2749, 4-12 pm. EVERYWHERE YOU GO. PSCORT SERVICE TEL: (01) 427 \$702 OR: (01) 437 6629 international and bilateral issues, Netherlands 0.2 percent. Monthly figures are not published for Ire-

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May index was down 1.7 percent

from April, the ministry said.

International Herald Tribune

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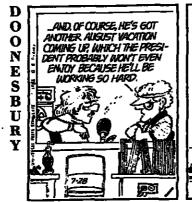








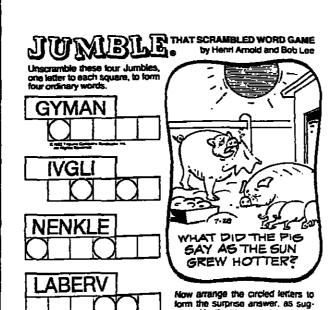












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### **BOOKS**

APETALK & WHALESPEAK:

The Quest for Interspecies Communication

By Ted Crail. 298 pp. \$14.95 J.P. Tarcher, distributed by Houghton Mifflin, 2 Park St., Boston, Mass. 02107.

Reviewed by Lewis Regenstein

UTHOR Ted Crail learned his A UTHOR red Class stage appreciation for animals at age 6, shortly after being told that a rare disease would kill him in a few weeks. He was given Christmas in September, and taken on a tour of Montana's magnificent wilderness and wildlife.

But it was the doctor who died, leaving Crail for the next few decades to enjoy a love for animals and a healthy skepticism for know-it-all experts. As he tells us, "I was left with a distrust of those who insist they know the scientific facts' and are very peremptory about it (I have been de-

clared dying a time or two since)."

The result is this delightful book, which manages to be eloquent, moving and humorous while succeeding in substantively discussing a subject of immense scientific significance. As "Apetalk & Whalespeak" tells us, over the last two decades "increasing numbers of scientists, behaviorists, primatologists, and others have put their reputations on the line behind the claim that certain species can transcend the language barrier to express a rich and complex inner life of moods and feelings. Such claims strike at some of our most cherished ideas about the unique qualities that define a human and have thrown the scientific community into bitter de-

#### Celebrity Status

Crail covers the major animalcommunication researchers, pioneers in a field as tantalizing as space travel, as well as introducing us to their subjects, some of whom have attained a celebrity status of sorts. Among these are the chimpanzees who have learned to "talk" through sign language, in-cluding Washoe, Lana and Nim Chimpsky.

He also discusses those courageous researchers and conservationists who have risked their lives and/or freedom to save imperiled wildlife. There is Dian Fossey, "fighting a losing battle ... almost single-handedly to save" the last 220 or so mountain go-rillas left in the wild; Dexter Cate, who dove into a bay at night during a storm to cut a system of nets and free several hundred dolphins awaiting slaughter off Iki Island, Japan; and Steve Sipman and Kenny LeVasseur, who, while working on a dolphin communication project in Hawaii, "li-berated" into the Pacific Ocean two of the cetaceans whom they felt were being mistreated. Crail tells us of Jim Nollman, entrancing dolphins and whales with underwater music; of Dr. Roger

Payne, who recorded and popularized the cerie and enchanting "song" of the humpback whale; of a humpback whale off Hawaii that stopped a tour boat to "ask for help" during an aborted birth; and many other enthralling and even astounding stories. Experiments with certain species have led researchers to question whether such creatures as dolphins may in many ways be more intelligent than humans. Dolphin trainers trying to teach their performing subjects "tricks" commonly remark, with utter seriousness, "the dolphin trained me." Crail recounts many such anecdotes, such as a conversation with some Navy workers who had been involved in filming whales that had been taught to retrieve torpedoes and other objects. The Navy men told him that not only were the whales marvelous at understanding the process the humans had taught them, but the whales soon felt they understood what was wanted better than clumsy sailors did. When the sailors fouled up, the

Crail's book is basically a happy, enjoyable one, but the awesome promise of what these surprisingly intelligent animals can teach us is haunted by the realization that we

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may end up destroying the subjects of our research before we are able to learn very much from them. The gentle, peaceful animals of Africa may not survive this century. Chimps are seriously threatened by poaching, loss of habitat, and capture for medical re-search (usually by shooting the mother and seizing the terrified infant).

#### Chicken Feed

Whales have bigger and more con-voluted brains than do humans, espe-cially the endangered sperm whale, which has the largest and most complex brain of any creature on earth. Yet, the Japanese kill almost 1,000 sperm whales each year for such prod-ucts as chicken feed and tennis racket

strings.
"Apetalk & Whalespeak" helps us to appreciate somewhat the nature and intelligence of these fascinating creatures with whom we share this planet, and to understand what a tragedy to humanity their loss would be. As Crail tells us on one of the few occasions wherein he reveals his inner feelings. "Our adventure into interspecies communication can turn on: well only if we let it fan the greater movement for conservation of all that lives, walks, crawls and swims, and if we overcome our persistent human tendency to destroy all kinds of living except our own and to call our smashing of other worlds a 'civilizing influence.'"

Lewis Regenstein, vice president of The Fund for Animals, is the author of "America the Poisoned: How Deady Chemicals Are Destroying Our Envi-ronment, Our Wildlife — and Ourselves." He wrote this review for The Washington Post

#### **Best Sellers**

The New York Times This list is based on reports from more than 1,400 ookstores throughout the United States. Weeks on

FICTION

THE PRODIGAL DAUGHTER, by Jeffrey Archer.
THE PARSIFAL MOSAIC, by 

MacDonald.
THE MAN FROM ST.
PETERSBURG, by Ken Folket...
EDEN BURNING, by Belva Plain
THE ONE TREE, by Stephen R.
Dematden NORTH AND SOUTH, by John

Jakes
FOR SPECIAL SERVICES, by
John Gardner
FRIDAY, by Robert A. Heinlein
DINNER AT THE HOMESICK
RESTAURANT, by Anne Tyler
CELEBRITY, by Thomas
Thomason

11 CELEBRITY, by Thomas
Thompson.
12 THY BROTHER'S WIFE, by
Andrew Greeley.
13 THE CASE OF LUCY
BENDING, by Lowrence Sanders.
14 WORLDLY GOODS, by Michael
Kords

15 NO COMEBACKS, By Frederick Forsyth NONFICTION 1 27

NO BAD DOGS: The Woodhouse
NO BAD DOGS: The Woodhouse
Way, by Barbara Woodhouse
AMERICA IN SEARCH OF
ITSELF: The making of the
President, 1956-80, by Theodore
H. White H. White.

7 THE UMPIRE STRIKES BACK,
By Ron Luciano.

A FEW MINUTES WITH ANDY
ROONEY, by Andrew A. Rooney.
THE FATE OF THE EARTH, By
lonathan Schell.

A LIGHT IN THE ATTIC, by
Shel Silverstein.
PRINCESS, by Robert Lacey.
HOW TO MAKE LOVE TO A.
WOMAN, by Michael Morgenstern.

whales would get sore and fuss - in gestures the humans could under-LATE INNINGS by Roger

Angell
WEIGHT WATCHERS 365-DAY
MENU COOKBOOK, New
American Library
THE GRANDES DAMES, by
Stephen Birmingham

#### **'Luther Cowl' Being Restored**

Renters

BERLIN — A monastic cowl reputed to have been worn by Martin Luther is being restored by East German authorities in preparation for next year's 500th anniversary of Luther's birth, the official news agency ADN said. The hood, kept in Wittenberg, East Germany, is being repaired by weaving in material of similar composition.

#### **BRIDGE**

By Alan Truscott

EAST had opened five clubs and South's bid of five diamonds ended the anction. West refrained from bidding six clubs for fear that North-South could make six dia-

East might have had a nine-card suit for his opening bid, so West did not lead a club for fear of giving a ruff and sluff. He chose a trump, and South drew trumps and finessed the

NORTH **4952 ∇AQ10943** EAST (D): **◆**K1063 ♥KJ76 **♦ 10** 0 3 7 3 ♣K1082 ♣AQJ97543 SOUTH **4**Q3874 **♥82** ♦AKQ652

Neither side was vulnerable. The bidding: Pass

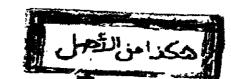
heart nine successfully. A spade lead went to the ace, and the mevitable club return was ruffed. Since the opening bid marked East with an eight-card suit, the position was clear. The contract could now be made, as South demonstrated, by leading all the trumps from the closed.

Before the last trump is led, the po-NORTH

495 7AQ104 WEST. EAST **\$**\_ ♣Q19754 SOUTH **▲QJ87** 

On the last trump, West must part with a spade, and dummy gives up a heart. Now South leads the spade queen, and West must duck. Then a finesse of the heart ten and a spade iced cad-plays West to give South his

Alternatively, South can take the eart finesse at the ninth trick, before leading a spade.



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### **SPORTS**

# Scouting a Brazilian Monster

### A Disturbing Notion for Soccer Romantics

LONDON — At first sight, he was a monster. Six feet tall, two feet wide, and going on 190 pounds. He draw the eye like a magnet, but for the wrong reasons.
For this was no budding wrestler, rather a Brazilian soccer player of the next generation. We had ventured to see the boys of São Paulo competing in a bid of the second of the s Paulo competing in a "Mundialet" mini world soccer tournament for 14 and 15-year-olds. Hulking six-footers were definitely not what we

São Paulo was attractive, ahead of two dozen boys teams playing in Spain at the time of the World Cup. Those of us who share romannic views of Brazil's freely expressed skills, and have seen the origins of that talent on beaches and in shanties, were now looking for the schooling ground where we fondly imagined progression would be as fascinating. And now, dominating all, was

this bulk. He dwarfed the Spar opponents on the pitch 20 miles cutside Barcelona. Against him they were urchins scrambling around on a dusty surface of sand and earth.

#### Misleading Nickname

The whistle went, and almost immediately we were aware of the deception. The ball was played up to that young colossus, who were No.5 and whose birth certificate insists his name is Cicero and that he is no more than 15. "Sici, Sici," his colleagues called, another daft, misleading nickname.

Cicero's first touch was not to use that excess poundage to punish an opponent, or even the ball. It was a delicate caress, using the sole of his boot to drag the ball tightly under control. Soon we saw why Sici was placed not at the back, where his advantages might have been deployed destructively, but as the hub of midfield. The lad is creative. After four

minutes he directed a move that led to a penalty, after 12 he began and scored a memorable goal. He induced a quick one-two then, again resisting the power we sensed was there, he glided the ball past the goalkeeper. Within minutes, São Paulo was

three up, a free-kick from outside the area to which its captain, Lange, applied the Brazilian trade mark of accuracy and spin, caus-

The enthusiasm after each goal was pure Brazil, too. So was the ethnic mix — whites, blacks and mulatios — and three more goals in the second half routed the be-

#### **ROB HUGHES**

wildered young Spaniards. Lange repeated his free-kick, Cicero proved there is fierce power in his right foot, and two black forwards flickered through a puzzled de-fense with the passing control and finally the low, cool finish that we know to be their birth right.

Even the substitutes warmed up with that long, rhythmic, almost balletic stretching ritual that Brazi-lian physical preparators uniquely favor. Yes, there was fulfillmen watching the young Brazil at play.

And yet, there were uneasy sen-sations this night. Cicero's build was extraordinary, but the Brazilians all seemed so much bigger, so much heavier than their oppo-nents. And during the first half the predominant tactic had clearly been to punt long, high, hopeful balls forward to capitalize on

physical advantage.

The coach (or "technical director"), Celso Thomas, unmistakably nanded this. A former player, though not of great distinction, tall, lean, mustachioed and in his fifties, Thomas smoked frantically and ranted frequently at his young charges to chase forwards in a manner more second rate English than Latin American.

Why? Why rush in so crudely when, in the second half, the same players clearly demonstrated the Brazilian feel and touch play?

"You noticed this difference?" asked Coach Thomas. "Well, in in the first half the other team was playing only to draw the match. We needed to win by two goals to qualify for the second round, so it was necessary to stretch them, to open them with the long ball. But I agree with you, the second half was true Brazil, not the first."

But why, why, why? Why abandon Brazilian techniques to flatten a European opponent? Why implant in minds so young the seeds of desperate and foreign crudity? Why risk the boys' becoming in-grained with the belief that the

ing it to dip inside the post where way out of a crisis is to blast a way the goalkeeper stood least chance through?

No answer. Coach Thomas looks to the sky, his dark eyes invite a new question. Or does he prefer big, stundy lads to little art-

"I prefer strong lads," he said.
"After the age of 18 they will need this strength as professionals. Yes,

At that point, Thomas's team came looking for him. They were wild in their celebration, Thomas was lifted onto brawny, manly shoulders and it seemed an age before they let him down. Ultimately, we learned that São Paulo, fielding apparently seven reserves because better piayers had stayed behind to represent the club in a state competition, were beaten by the Mundialet champion Bolivia. Before the Brazilians departed,

Thomas had shown his real enthusiasm for soccer while talking of the youth policy he runs at Sao Paulo. "The boys join at 10 or 11 to play in the milk teeth team," he explained. "That's when we begin to condition and study them. Age is not so important as quality."

#### An Attempt at School

The club has 40 lads at age 13 who joined in 1969, 35 at 14 (1968) and 40 at 15 (1967) maturing through its ranks. They train each day from 8 to 11 a.m. and three hours more after lunch, and then go to "school". The coach reckons that 35 percent of the boys will reach professional status, though not all with the senior club, so he insists "or I try to" that school is taken seriously.

When one has seen how much each boy would give in Brazil to star in the chosen career of soccer -and seen how the clubs are able to care for them often much better than their parents can — the risks of this profession seem less daunting. But, though one mini-tournament is hardly a true guide, the package would be more appealing if the players were encouraged to enjoy the game the way the national side did in Seville and Barcelo-

But we are biased. We want Brazil to go on pursuing a flair and a freedom forsaken by the rest of our countries. The dream does not become impossible until some coach inflicts caution on naturally



Hu Na playing in Claremont, Calif., earlier this month.

### Chinese Star Asks for U.S. Asylum

SAN FRANCISCO — China's top-ranked woman temus player, Hu Na, has asked U.S. government officials for political asylum, according to David Ilchert, district director of the Immigration and Naturalization of the Immigration of the Immigration of Naturalization of the Immigration alization Service in San Francisco.

Nichert said Monday that Hu, the 19-year-old player who quietly left the Chinese team hotel in Santa Clara last week during the Federation Cup tourna-ment, has filed the necessary documents. He said, however, that the final decision rested with the the INS in Washington and the State Department, and that approval would not be automatic.

"She has to prove that she'll be threatened or she'll undergo some kind of hardship if she goes back,"
Ilchert said. "We have denied applications before
from people from the People's Republic of China."

Hu's attorney, Edward C.Y. Lan, with legal partners in Taiwan, issued the following statement fol-lowing his client's appearance in the federal building: "She had informed the Chinese officials last week after she left the hotel of her intentions to defect.

Why they chose not to go public with the information she did not know. She has been safe and comfortable in seclusion where she will remain until the State Department decides on her petition." Chinese officials said they were confused by Hu's

actions and believed that she might have been talked into leaving her team by an outside source.

"There's no reason for her to apply for asylum," id Jin Shen, a team spokesman, "We treat her so said Jin Shen, a team spokesman. well. We welcome her to come back and, naturally,

### Parrish Leads Tigers Over Yankees

NEW YORK - Lance Parrish drove in three runs with his 17th homer, a single and a triple, and Tom Brookens hit a two-run double, helping the Detroit Tigers defeat the New York Yankees, 5-3,

Monday night.

Jerry Ujdur allowed five hits in 7% innings to get the victory while Mike Morgan went six innings and was charged with the loss. Parrish put Detroit ahead in the

second inning with a leadoff ho-mer into the left-field stands, but the Yankees tied the score in the third on a single by Rick Cerone, an infield out and an RBI single by Willie Randolph.

Both teams scored single runs in the fourth inning. Larry Herndon reached first base on an infield single, took second on a throwing error by John Mayberry and scored on Parrish's single to put Detroit score on a walk to Dave Winfield, balk by Ujdur.

fifth. With two out, Alan Tram-mell walked, Lou Whitaker doubled and Brookens followed with a two-run double. In the eighth, Herndon and Parrish hit back-toback triples off reliever Doyle Al-

The Yankees got their final run

replaced by Dave Gumpert in the ninth, and Gumpert got the last two outs to record his first save. Royals 8, Indians 1

#### In Cleveland, Hal McRae collected four hits, including his 17th homer, and drove in three runs to

BASEBALL ROUNDUP raise his RBI total to 88 and lead Kansas City to an 8-1 triumph over Cleveland. Willie Wilson add-

#### Red Sox 3, Blue Jays 2

In Boston, Dwight Evans led off the bottom of the eighth inning with a single and scored on Carl Yastrzemski's double-play groundahead, 2-1. The Yankees tied the East with a 3-2 triumph over Toronto. Dennis Eckersley Detroit took a 4-2 lead in the seven hits and pitched his 11th complete game in raising his record to 11-8.

#### Rangers 3, Brewers 1

In Arlington, Texas, Charlie Hough pitched a four-hitter and Lamar Johnson went 2-for-3 and

liever Dave Rucker. Rucker was in recording his seventh complete game of the season.

#### Orioles 6, White Sox 2

In Baltimore, Gary Roenicke hit his 16th home run of the year and knocked in four runs to lead Baltimore to a 6-2 triumph over Chicago. Mike Flanagan allowed five hits, struck out five and walked three in 8½ innings to win his first game since June 25.

#### Twins 10, Mariners 4

In Seattle, Gary Gaetti hit a 'first-inning grand slam home run to spark Minnesota to a 10-4 victoed a pair of triples to the Royal attack to help Vida Blue to his ry over Seattle. Jack O'Connor eighth victory against seven losses. struck out six and walked eight in 81/3 innings to earn the victory. A's 11, Angels 8

In Anaheim, Calif., Rickey Henderson paced a four-run eighth-in-ning rally with an RBI double and a steal of home to lead Oakland to an 11-8 victory over California.

#### Reds 4, Cubs 2

In the National League, at Cin-cinnati, Johnny Bench hit his third home run in four days to help the Reds to their third consecutive victory, a 4-2 decision over Chicago.

#### Giants 6, Dudgers 1 In San Francisco, Tom O'Mal-

ley drove in four runs with a basesloaded double and a sacrifice fly, and Bill Laskey pitched a three-hitter to pace San Francisco to a 6-

#### did not award LaPorte the title, but recomended that a rematch take place as soon as possible.

mous decision over LaPorte on Jan. 24 in Atlantic City, N.J.

Penguins, Bullard Go to Arbitration PITTSBURGH — The Pittsburgh Penguins and Gus Badali, agent for center Mike Bullard, have agreed to submit their dispute over Bullard's

**SPORTS BRIEFS** 

**Lendl Tops Arias for Washington Title** WASHINGTON - Ivan Lendl of Czechoslovakia overpowered 17-

year-old Jimmy Arias, 6-3, 6-3, Monday night to win a Grand Prix tennis

Arias, ranked 79th in the world, fought gamely but could not handle

Lendl, who won \$32,000, has already set a winnings record for one year, grabbing more than \$1.1 million in 1982. Arias, who earned slightly

Arias won five matches during the tournament — one more than he previously recorded all year. "He plays good tennis," Lendl said of Arias. "He's young and if he keeps working hard he'll improve. He's going to give a lot of trouble to the best players in the world."

INDIANAPOLIS - The youngest and oldest competitors in the 1982

National Sports Festival swimming competition both shattered meet records to capture gold medals in their respective events Monday night.

Michele Richardson, 13, shaved more than eight seconds off the previous meet record of 8:48.92 in the women's 800-meter freestyle. She clocked 8:40.24 to win the gold medal. Richardson also captured a

The oldest swimmer in the competition, Laurie Lehner, 24, beat the

previous women's 100-meter butterfly meet record by two seconds with a

NEW YORK - Three more stars from the World Cup - Giancarlo

Antognoni of Italy, Michel Platini of France and Zbigniew Boniek of Poland — have agreed to participate in the FIFA World All-Star Game

Antognoni, a 28-year-old midfielder, joins Italian teammates Paolo Rossi, Dino Zoff and Marco Tardelli on the 18-member European squad

that will face an all-star team from the Rest of the World, featuring

The game, for the benefit of Unicef, will be played at Giants Stadium

WBA to Review Pedroza-LaPorte Bout

PHILADELPHIA — The World Boxing Association will examine whether featherweight champion Eusebio Pedroza should have been disqualified because of repeated fouling in his title defense against Juan

LaPorte's attorney, Edward H. Albert, said a review of the videotape

of the bout showed that the challenger was the victim of 59 fouls and should have been declared the winner on a disqualification. Despite

being penalized two points for fouls, Pedroza won a controversial unani-

But the New Jersey boxing commissioner, Joe Walcott, overturned the

decision on June 16 and awarded the victory to LaPorte. Walcott's ruling

3 More Join Soccer All-Star Squad

Swimmers Excel at Sports Festival

more than \$18,000 in 1981, won \$16,000 on Monday.

bronze medal in the 200-meter freestyle.

on Aug. 7, the U.S. Soccer Federation announced.

in East Rutherford, N.J.

LaPorte last January.

players from South and North America, Asia and Africa.

the top seed's strong serve. In the second set, Arias won only four points

tournament here.

renegotiated salary to binding arbitration.

Bullard, who earned \$65,000 in his rookie season and \$70,000 last season, is seeking approximately \$100,000 for the upcoming season and about \$125,000 and \$150,000 the following two years.

"The way I understand it," Bullard said, "we're about \$30,000 apart

on each level. I'm surprised and frustrated by it, and a little upset because I thought I had proven myself last season." Bullard scored 36 goals and had 27 assists last season.

Compiled From Agency Dispatches

### Monday's Major League Line Scores

NATIONAL LEAGUE	L-Koosman, 2-5. HR-Boltimore, Roen
hicago 001 000 0012 7 2 incinneti 190 210 00s4 8 0	(16).
	Toronto 916 018 090—2 Boston 900 020 01x—3
Ripley, Proty (5), Compbell (7) and J.Dovis;	
Shirley, Hume (9) and Trevino. W-B.Shirley.	Gott, RLJockson (8) and Whitt; Ecker
-7. L-Ripley, 3-3. HRsChicago, Woods (4).	and Gedman, W—Ekerskry, 11—8. L—Gott, 1
Inchnoti, Oriessen (71), Bench (8).	HR—Toronto, Griffin (1), Baston, Hoffman (d
25 Angeles 000 818 000—1 3 0	Kenses City 003 012 208—8 1
m Francisco 005 000 01x6 6 0	Cleveland 000 001 000—1
Valenzuela, Niedenfuer (B) and Scioscia;	Blue, Quisenberry (8) and Quirk; Brani
skey and Brenly, W-Laskey, B-B. L-	Andersen (f) and Bondo, W-Sive, 8-7.
ienzuela, 13—8.	Brennan, 8-2. HR-Konsas City, McRae (17)
nonencial is at	Alinnesoto 400 211 200—10 1
AMERICAN LEAGUE	Socitie 601 001 002— 4
Elwoukee 000 000 100—1 4 1	O'Connor, Little (9) and Louds
22C3 000 710 10n-3 9 2	F.Bonnister, Anderson (4), Stauton (7)
Caldwell and Simmons: Hough and Sundberg.	
-Hough. ?-E. L-Caldwell, ?- 10.	6. HRs—Minoesoto, Gaetti (16), Foedo (3), W
etroit 510 126 010-5 8 2	(15), Brunonsky (13).
ew York 007 108 078-3 8 1	Oukland 520 900 940—11 V
Uldur, Rucker (8), Gumpert (9) and	California 001 132 100 8
M.Porrish: Moreon, Alexander (7) and Cerona.	AlcCatty, T.Underwood (5), Beard (6)
-Uktur. 4-5. L-Morgen 5-5. HR-Detroit.	M.Hath; Forsch, Corbett (2), Sonchez
M.Porrish (17),	Hussier (8), Kisan (8) and Boone, W-Beard.
hicago 910 910 960-2 5 1	7. L—Sanchez, 3—1. HRs—Ookland, Gress
hicage 910 010 000-2 5 1 attimore 923 100 00x-6 9 0	Lopes (8), R.Henderson (8), Murphy (
Koosmon, Escorrego (4) and Fisk; Flancour.	
adderd (9) and Demosey, W. Flangson, 7-8.	
	t mer.

#### ROCKLIN, Calif. — The San Francisco 49ers, the defending Super Bowl champions, opened Super Bowl champions, opened after Monday's practices. "He'stheir presenson practice this week certainly capable of making the with a few Super Bowl players in uniform. But an admittedly nervous rookie, Renaldo Nehemiah. capable of running very well with the ball after he catches it. "Pretty soon, he'll be taking some solid hits. Until he experiencdrew the most attention. Tm coming in to football with a lot of fanfare because I'm the es them, he won't know how they world's best hurdler," said Nehemish, who holds the world record in the high hurdles.— "That has brought out a lot of who worked individually with Nehemiah for several weeks this spring, said: "We're not at all upcuriosity. Once we started scrimset that he dropped a few balls. We NFL TRAINING NOTES

maging, I was nervous. They threwof practice, anyway.
This is Phase Two for him and to me right away and I knew Bill Walsh was watching me. I dropped the first three passes." Walsh, coach of the National Football League championship team, had a short talk with Nehemiah after the three dropped

Nehemiah a Shaky Receiver

Nehemiah, who was a high school quarterback but competed "He told me they would keep throwing the ball to me until I cought it on that route," Nehemiah said. "I caught the next one and was OK, I think, after that." at the 49ers' Sierra College prac-tice site. The full squad is sched-

France is retiring from the Los Angeles Rams after seven seasons and seven operations.

ting the first day," said Bubba Paris, the 295-pound offensive tackle from Michigan who was the 49ers top draft pick this year. "In college we weren't allowed to be in pads the first three days. I'm issuer, I'm you can't help the club when you are thinking about protecting ourself." :-France, the Rams' first-round

ned to report but was home in a four-year contract which could bring him more than \$500,000, and

man roster this season even if it is Bears' roster.

> South Carolina, gained 269 yards in 73 carries last season after leading the Jets with 954 yards in 1978. • The Baltimore Colts announced that wide receiver Roger Carr would be fined and suspended for three weeks for what the club called "actions, attitude and

Carr, a 30-year-old veteran en-tering his minth year with the Colts, was a first-round draft

Chargers, Eugene V. Klein, said Monday that running back Chuck Muncie would be released from a drug rehabilitation center in time contract talks.



Renaldo Nehemiah

to report to training camp with the rest of the Charger veterans on

pendence, no trace of anything."

Klein had said that Muncie small problem with cocaine, mari-

The latest round of negotiations to formulate a new collective bar-

quoted as saying in Washington: "We just can't get our players up there, or our staff people. There are too many things going on down here. We told them we would be ready to meet - around the clock if necessary - and it's up to them to decide on the time, but in Washington."

New York Times Service NEW YORK - Not that long ago, the Cincinnati Reds were known as the Big Red Machine, but now they're just a little red

While retaining much of the nucleus from the 1976 and 1975 World Series champions, the Reds had baseball's best overall record, 66-42, during last year's strike-interrupted season, but they finished second in each half, thereby failing to qualify for the playoffs. Then the front office chose to trade team's training camp until he George Foster, Ken Griffey and sought help for a problem with co-caine. Munice had admitted "a Collins to test the free-agent mar-

#### Retooled Lineur

With a retooled lineup that featured Cesar Cedeño and several rookies this season, the Reds have plunged to last place in the Na-tional League West on merit — the second-worst record in the majors. Only the Minnesota Twins have lost more games. Quite predictably, Cincinnati is

in shock. Over the previous 12 seasons, the Reds had won six division titles and deserved to win another last year. In the other five seasons, they finished second three times, third once and fourth once. In that time, they were the National League's dominant team; some longtime observers rated their two World Series winners among the best teams in baseball history. But now the Reds are suddenly in last olace.

Attendance has dwindled. With the team out of the race, it will be fortunate to draw 1.5 million, the lowest total for a full season since Riverfront Stadium opened in 1970, and down from 2.6 million

"It's an all-consuming situation for the fans," Tom Seaver says. "On the radio call-in shows, that's all everybody talks about. In the newspapers, the Reds are the subject of letters to the editor." If there are two future members of the Hall of Fame on the Reds, they are Tom Seaver and Johnny Bench, now a third baseman. But

in the team's reconstruction, both

big toe. Bench was batting .229,

Of the familiar names, the first baseman Dan Driessen was bat-ting 295, with 10 homers and 42 runs batted in; the All-Star shortstop Dave Concepcion was batting 297, with 37 runs batted in; the right-handed pitcher Mario Soto had an 8-6 record with 167

people behind me," Seaver says.
"I'm 4-10 because I've pitched badly. Our record is a team ef-

fort, also quite predictably, the manager was dismissed last week.
John McNamara was succeeded by Russ Nixon, once a catcher with the Red Sox, the Indians and the Twins, and a Reds' coach since 1976, after having managed in their farm system for six years. At the time of McNamara's discharge, the Reds had lost 20 of their last

liked the offseason moves when they were made," Seaver says, "but they haven't worked

#### Major League **Standings** AMERICAN LEAGUE .

56 40 537 ½ 56 40 537 ½ 52 41 539 2h 50 45 535 7h 46 47 A55 8h 45 51 A48 11 54 43 557 — 22 43 547 1 49 44 516 4 49 48 505 5 41 58 414 14 32 54 484 14% 34 64 347 20% NATIONAL LEAGUE W L Pct. 63

president. His philosophy was to dispose of Forter, Griffey and Knight, and allow Collins to de-part, rather than surrender to their contract demands, just as he pre-ferred to let Pete Rose and Joe Morgan leave as free agents in other years. Only one free agent from another club is on the current roster - the outlielder Larry Bi-"I disagree with their thinking,"

Rose says. "I don't think you can remain competitive now without going to the free-agent market." But the manager in their glory seasons, Sparky Anderson, now guiding the Detroit Tigers, defends

the philosophy of the Reds' man-

#### Time for a Change

"I think they made a change at the correct time." Anderson said. "The Reds' situation is no different from the Pittsburgh Steelers in football or the Montreal Canadiens in hockey. You have eras so many good players in one place that it seems like it'll last forever, but it don't. You get attached to players and you think they'll last another two or three years, when you should get rid of them. In the long run, the Reds will benefit from this.... "I just feel sorry for John

McNamara, who's a good mana-ger. It's not John's fault. Anytime a club is under .500, don't blame the manager.
"It's like I told Don Zimmer

about his Texas club over the weekend: They can't blame you. Nobody can blame the manager when the club is under .500.' But when the club is over .500, like we are, that's when you can blame the manager for not winning a few

Already there is speculation that McNamara will be the Baltimore Orioles' manager next season, assuming that Earl Weaver retires as planned. Hank Peters, the Oriole general manager, worked with McNamara in the Kansas City A's organization before the franchise moved to Oakland.

"John's the same manager as last year, when the Reds had the best record in baseball." Seaver says. "But this year the team's dif-ferent."

### THE FRONT PAGE



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#### THE FRONT PAGE

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#### Transactions BASSBALL

iah was among 55 play-

ers, mostly rookies and free agents, taking part in two practice sessions

There was no tacking of ball

carriers during the scrimmaging

Monday, but the linemen were

making solid contact.
"That was kind of a shock, hit-

the first three days. I'm happy. I'm always confident if I'm hitting."

bed with fin symptoms. Nehemiah was signed in April to

he is guaranteed a spot on the 45-

as an apparentice wide receiver who sees very little game action.

"One year from now, we might

Quarterback Joe Montana had

nied to be on hand next week.

ASSESSALL
ARRECTOR LACOVE
DETROTT HORRS—Optioned Kevin Soucier,
pitcher, to Evansville of the American
Association and catled up Bob. James, pitcher,
from Evansville. AILWAUKEE BREWERS—Nomed Wayne orland pliching instructor at Piloville (Ky.) of POOTBALL

National Postpasi League
Houston Ollege-Luc Eric Davis and
Braderick Herrison, detensive backs: Gred Fry.
offessive Yackle; Jopes Grisby, detensive
backle: Mark O'Commil, out-nerback, and
Resule Williams, limbacker.
NEW ORLEANS SAINTS—ON Corier Stemm,
ensociary: Lamie, Greene, defensive Yackle;
Robert Porteele, fullback: Robert Softer,
Jetonsive back; and Dove Coscelene, licker;
NEW YORK, JETS—Truded Keyin, Lone,
zenting, back, to the Chicogo Bears for a
conditional staff-round draft chalce in 1931.
WASHINGTON REDSKINS—Placed Frynk

Vermon, Incide, on wolvers.
HOCKEY
HOCKEY
DETROIT RED: WINGS—Shaned Colon

WASHINGTON REDSKINS Placed For and Kirk Wilson, wide receivers; and

Compbell defensionen.

NEW - YORK RANGERS—Signed Grout
advard defensionen; and Steve Hakata, left-

In First Workout With 49ers be talking about a very talented. young man who can become an outstanding player," Waish said

> discount the number of drops and catches for everybody the first day

part of it is wearing that uniform. This is the first day he's been in met. After one or two days, we'll see a big difference, I think. He's on schedule." full uniform with the pads and hel-

only in track at the University of Maryland, added: "That's the firs time in five years I've worn pads, but they were not a factor on the passes I dropped. I tried to move with the ball before I made sure I

In other developments around All-pro offensive tackle Dong

The main thing I want to be is healthy," France said, "Because of all the injuries I've had, sometimes I think too much about them and

draft choice in 1975, was named to the Pro Bowl team in 1977 and 1978 and was All-Pro in 1978. He started all 16 games in 1980, but was hampered by injuries last year and played only eight games, just

one as a starter.

• The New York Jets traded running back Kevin Long to the Chicago Bears for a conditional sixth-round draft choice that is contingent on him making the Long, a six-year veteran out of

insubordination ... detrimental to the club." The Colts declined to elaborate on the amount of the

in 1974 out of Louisiana Tech. He and Frank Kush, the new head coach, have locked horns in recent weeks but the club declined to elaborate on the specific reasons for Carr's suspension.

The owner of the San Diego



Aug I.
"I understand he came out with
a clean bill of health," said Dan
Coryell, the head coach. "No dewould not be allowed into the

juana and alcohol." • The Houston Oilers cut six players including University of Houston basketball player Eric Davis, who was trying out as a de-fensive back. Also dropped were offensive tackle Greg Fry of Col-umbia, defensive tackle James Grisby of Texas Southern, defensive back Broderick Harrison of Bishop College, quarterback Mark O'Counell of Ball State and linebacker Reggie Williams of Neva-

#### Talks Said to Be Delayed

NEW YORK (AP) — Contract talks between the league and the NFL Players Association have been postponed because the two sides cannot agree on where to meet, the New York Daily News

gaining agreement concluded last Friday in Washington. At the time, representatives of the NFL Man-agement Council said that talks would resume in New York on But a union representative was

are struggling. Seaver has a 4-10 record, influenced by a virus, a sore shoulder and now a damaged A spokesman for the management council said the two sides agreed alternating sites for the

in the eighth on a double by Jerry Mumphrey that finished off Ujdur and a single by Lou Pineilla off re-From a Big Machine to a Little Red Wagon By Dave Anderson

drove in a run to lead Texas to a 3l victory over Milwaukee. Hough

(9-8) struck out three, walked one and retired 17 of the last 20 batters

# with only seven homers and 21 In the eyes of Reds' loyalists, the runs batted in before Monday's culprit is Dick Wagner, the club

strikeouts, dueling Steve Carlton of the Phillies for the National League lead in that department.

"But I'm not 4-10 because of the

fort."
In the process of that team ef-

#### **OBSERVER**

### **Economic Bottoms**

By Russell Baker

NEW YORK — Washington types are always talking about the recession bottoming out. Secretary of the Treasury Regan told an interviewer a couple of months ago that he looked for the recession to bottom out in the very near future.

It didn't, but Murray Weiden-

baum, whose resignation as chairman of the President's Council of Economic Advis-CIS Was announced last week, found a statistic the other day which he said showed it has

Baker

bottomed out just recently. Other economists, though, say they think it still has a lot more bottoming to

do before it bottoms out. It's never clear from all this talk what is supposed to happen once the bottoming out occurs.

Some economists say things will stop getting worse but won't get much better. Others say that things will improve considerably. This condition is not referred to in economic parlance as "bottoming up." The correct term is "perking

"After the recession has bottomed out, things will perk up, the economists say.

I sympathize with economists who have to make these forecasts. because I have bottomed out many times myself without ever being sure whether I was going to perk up or just go on bottoming.

For the first three weeks of the current month, I experienced a dis-tressing sensation, which I recognized as a sure sign of bottoming down. During this period I became aware that my economy was contracting. In the first stage I became sullen about the price of movies being \$5 a head and declared a moratorium on moviegoing.

In the second stage I became angry about being charged \$1.60 a gallon for gasoline.

Then, stage three: I was flabbergasted when a merchant attempted to charge me 25 cents for a nickel pack of chewing gum. Didn't he know there was a bottoming on? I gave up chewing gum.

Just three days ago I sensed that I had bottomed out. I still wasn't paying \$5 to see a movie, I still wasn't paying \$1.60 a gallon to amuse idle joyriders, but I forked out 35 cents for a nickel candy bar. I had bottomed out at last.

better be good at it.

construction hole.

Every morning, before dawn, Jim Baker

He climbs the ladder, and then, "I kneel

crane operator is the deus in the machina,

and thank God nobody was hurt."

This doesn't mean I'm going to perk up anytime soon. When you've bottomed down for a long time and then finally bottomed out, you don't leap joyously back into the marketplace unless something happens to stimulate your in-

Coming into a large sum of taxfree money might encourage me to resume paying a quarter for a nick-el pack of chewing gum or even go to a movie again, but in its absence I'm more likely to bottom along warily, content to chew my cud, live with cheap flicks on television and thank my lucky stars that I've at least bottomed out.

American businesses seem to be bottoming along like this these days, too. The explanation is high interest rates. Fear that the cost of borrowing money isn't going to drop before the next millennium is said to keep businessmen too depressed to engage in much perking up, despite all the tax breaks the president has given them.

In my case, the fear is there too, but it's fear of what assorted politicians are going to do in the next few months. The tax cut that took effect July I may look like the tonic necessary for a perk-up, but all I see are politicians plotting to get it

In Washington they've already launched a monumental new tax bill to recover a lot of it, and in New York the machinery is in place to seize a lot more as soon as the elections are over and everybody's been re-elected.

New York City has clearance from the state legislature to raise its income tax. Can anyone doubt that it will do so as soon as the city's pols have locked up their iobs for another term?

How many other schemes are aborning to lay hands on that tax cut money I do not know, but I am so confident that one government or another will get it all before Christmas that I'm in no mood to perk up and cultivate a 25-cent chewing gum habit.

In fact, I wish you hadn't raised the subject. It could start me bottoming again, and I might not bottom out by next spring.

New York Times Service

#### Swinging the Jib By Henry Allen Washington Post Service WASHINGTON -- They are as gods. tower crane operators, and they had

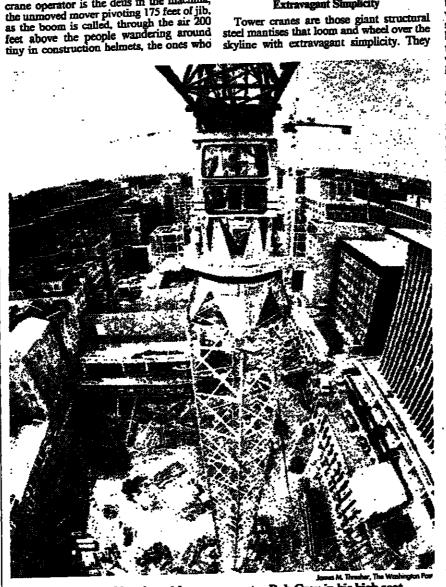
### Tower Cranes Are Not for the Faint-Hearted

climbs 200 feet up a little steel ladder to the cab where he'll spend the day swinging wave to him like wounded ants, who call three-ton buckets of concrete across a construction site, hoisting tons of plywood off flatbed trucks, lifting stone facing, even hauling injured men on stretchers out of the him on the CB radio for help with their loads: "Need a lift over by the backhoe, gimme a lift over by the northeast

> Baker said: "The hardest thing is keeping your cool. Everybody uses the tower crane. You've got carpenters, laborers, ironworkers, plumbers, electricians, finishers — they all want you at the same time."

down and pray. I thank God for my secular work. At the end of the day I kneel down Power, control and solitude: The tower Extravagant Simplicity

Tower cranes are those giant structural steel mantises that loom and wheel over the skyline with extravagant simplicity. They



Twitching and leaning with crane operator Bob Gray in his high seat.

are not to be confused with traction or "rubber-tired" cranes, with the groundlevel cabs full of levers, which were the standard cranes until the Europeans invented tower cranes and started selling them in the United States in the 1960s.

Almost all tower cranes are still built in Europe: Richier comes from France, Pecco and Liebherr from West Germany, Linden from Sweden. They can be operated from the ground, but few operators will forsake the vision they have from on high, even when they have to put up with the heat and smog in summer, and the backaches from bending over all day to stare down through the windows at the ground, and the toilet, which consists of a jug that the operator keeps in the cab. And the solitude. "You have to be able to cope with being

alone," said Butch Redding, whose father was a crane operator (as was Jim Baker's). The tower crane is not only astonish for its size - it's one of the largest pieces of construction equipment, sometimes weighing more than 75 tons, not counting the 150

base — but for its simplicity.

It is one huge structural steel beam balanced on another one, both of them so impossibly long and thin and fragile-seeming that it takes a degree in advanced enginee ing to believe that they can remain standing and occasionally they do not. Last week the boom of a crane mounted on a skys-craper in New York fell while being disassembled, dislodging a block of granite that killed a pedestrian.

#### **Built to Bend**

They are built to bend. "I had a student who was doing fine until he got to heavy loads," said Baker, 35, who, with 10 years' experience, teaches tower crane for Local 77, Operating Engineers. "He did fine with his load, but when he came down and watched the next guy work, he said to me: Did the jib bend that much when I was doing that? I said it did, and he said good-

Up in the cab, you can feel the whole crane twitching and leaning, all 75 tons of it, a sensation that induces vertigo in someone new. "It bothers me when it doesn't rock," said Bob Gray, another crane operator. "Then you can't tell how the load is

When the tower gets too flexible, though it's time to re-torque the bolts, which take 180 pounds of pressure applied by a special wrench whose handle can move two feet for every eighth of an inch the bolt turns.

Often mechanics tighten the bolts, but in Washington, where union rules do not require a mechanic on the job at all times, the operators do the bolts, maintain the mam-

moth electric motors - which pull about 500 volts - and walk or crawl the length of the jib to grease the pulleys, 200 feet or so (60 meters) above the ground.

Lightning is no worry; the crane is grounded. Wind is the big problem. It doesn't threaten the crane, because if it gets too high, the operator just lets the jib swing free — "weathercocking," it's called. But working in the wind can be hard, trying to swing the jib against it. The way I judge if it's too windy to work is if I can't swing the jib in third speed," Baker said. "At Holy Cross Hospital I refused to work one day, but the carpenter's foreman kept after me and after me to lift this load of plywood off a truck out in the street. I said I'd try it.

"As it happened, it was the foreman's son who was working on the truck. I got the jib almost all the way over there, I had the hook three or four feet away from him, but then the wind started to push it back. He reached out and grabbed it and it pulled him off the truck. The jib was gaining speed now, and he was too scared to let go of it. I could see it was going to smash him into a wall, so the only thing I could do was hoist him up eight floors and land him on the building. They never badgered me any more about working in the wind."

A tower crane is wonderfully hard to operate. The controls consist of two small levers. One governs the swing of the crane. and the movement of the trolley along the jib — the trolley being the mechanism holding the pulleys the cable hangs from The other lever governs the lifting. The trick is or so tons of concrete it takes to build the to learn how to swing the jib while moving the trolley and lifting or lowering the load. Baker will drop a concrete bucket down to one of two trucks on the street — trucks

he can't see, as it happens, with his vision blocked by the rising building; this is called working in the blind." When he lifts the bucket, he doesn't wait for it to clear the building before he starts swinging it three or four tons of concrete heading straight for the building until the last moment, when, having risen faster than it swings towards the building, it clears it.

From 200 feet, even working with vision can be hard. Bob Gray likes to have enough sun that he can watch his load and its shadow converge as he tries to land it without a iolt. Baker watches the angle of people's faces as they watch the load come down. The closer to the tower the load is, the less perspective operators have but the more weight the crane can carry — in some cases up to 50 tons. Handling it becomes a matter of touch and instinct.

Operators have the same rank as foremen, and they don't take much guff from superintendents, either, if they're good; construction companies like to hang on to good operators. The pay is \$15.83 an hour plus overtime. Last year, Baker made \$42,000. But it all depends on luck, the economy and the vagaries of the construc-Like gods. Lonely and benevolent, peti-

tioned by all, moving in mysterious ways their wonders to perform. Baker said: "I try to keep a humble attitude."

**PEOPLE** 

ar are

It'a First for NASA: Astronauts Are Parents

A baby boy has been born to two U.S. astronauts, Dr. Rhea Seddon Gibson and Robert Gibson. The infant developed a slight breathing problem and was transferred to another hospital, a space agency spokesman said. "There's no real serious threat," he said. Pand Seddon Gibson, weighing 7 pounds, 2 ounces, was born at Clear Lake Hospital near the Johnson Space Center in Houston, Mrs. Gibson is the first of eight female U.S. astronauts to become a mother. She and Gibson, who became astronaut trainees in 1978, were married in 1981. Neither has made a space flight. Mrs. Gibson was among the fust group of six women admitted to the astronaut corps.



In Lima. Miss Canada, Karen Dianne Baldwin, 18, Toronto. beat out 76 beauties from around the world to claim the crown as Miss Universe 1982. The runners up were in order, Miss Guam, Patty Chong Kerkos, 18, of Tananing; Miss Italy, Cinzia Fiordeponti, 21, of Rome; Miss Greece, Tina Rosson, 19, of Athens and Miss U.S.A., Terri Utley, 20, Cabot, Ark. Along with the title, Baldin gets \$150,000 in cash and prizes and a one-year personal appearance contract.

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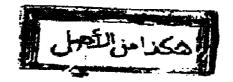
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